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Page 29. There is reason to believe that the edition of
the Hypnerotomachia, said to have been printed at
Trevisa with a counterfeit date (1467), is the Aldine
edition mentioned above of 1499, from which the leaf
containing the errata has been torne, so that the con-
clusion of the preceding page which gives the date of
the composition of the work, has been mistaken for
the date of the impression.
m i

Tarvisii cum decorissimis Poliæ amore lorulis, distineretur misellus Poliphilus M.CCCC.LXVII. Kalendis Maii.

- 64, dele lines 13-18.
- —— 136, dele lines 11—14.
- --- 153, line 3, read 1628, ibid. line 6, read Mors.
- --- 209, 21, after been, add since.
- \_\_\_\_ 240, \_ antepen. read Bessarionem.
- 247, 9, for Iliyrici, read *Illyrici*. 294, 23, &c. for the correction of this passage, see KEMPIS, in vol. iv. p. 221.

## VOL. IV.

- Page 88, line 4, after letters put a comma, and read the following The with a small t instead of a capital.
- —— 125, 3, read Herodotus. —— 126, 17, read Iliad.

- —— 158, —— 13, read excerptis.
  —— 161, —— 21, read Martyrum.
  —— 170, —— 20, for Richard I. King of England, read Robert Duke of Normandy, son of William I. King, &c.
  - —— 171, 7, read tibi.
  - \_\_\_ 260, \_ 16, for where, read were.
  - \_\_\_\_ 285, \_ 19, for suppli- read supple-
  - \_\_\_ 304, \_ 19, for Snessa, read Suessa.
  - \_\_\_\_ 908, \_ 25, for infiniet, read infinite

#### VOL. V.

Page 76, line 24, for Clinet, read Clinch.

- 79, - 11, for LETHI, read SETHI, ibid. line 14, for Lethus, read Sethus.

Page 73, line 5, after explicate, and Gr. et Lat.
ibid ult. for 4to. read 12mo,
81, dele lines 9 and 10.
105, dele lines 23 and 24.
——————————————————————————————————————
112, line antepenult. for 1787, read 158487.
Which edition should be placed after that of Aldus
on the same page.
152, line 1, for Auctores de Re Rustica, see CA-
TO, COLUMELLA, PALLADIUS, VARRO, and the
article Scriptores.
The account of the imprisonment of John Fust, and his
discharge by the Parliament of Paris, as mentioned
page 189, is probably not correct. However it is
mentioned by authors of respectability.
- 180, line 25, read Agricolantium.
189, dele line ult. and page 190; dele first 8 lines
and read sine ulla nota fal magno in cha-
and read ——— sine ulla nota, fol. magno. in character. Goth. In a copy of this extremely rare
edition, a note is found added by the illuminator,
attributing this work to Bamler, an ancient printer
of Augsburg; and intimating that it was finished in
1466.
192, line 9, for esset, read esse.
205, — 21, for 1691, read 1656.
203, — 21, 10, 1091, read 1050. — 207, — 3, for Latina, read Latine.
207, — 3, for Latina, read Latine.
215, 25, for 1569, read 1568. 236, 13, for give, read gives.
230, — 13, for give, read giver.
240, dele lines 19—21.
244, line 17, for 1559, read 1568.
VOL. II.
Page 28, line 22, for 1537, read 1527.
—— 115, — antepen. read Passeratii.
117, 13, after Gr. et Lat. add 4to.
- 238, - 8, should be inserted after line 23d.
—— 261, — 16, dele and.
—— 240, — 7, for 1473, read 473.
VOL. III.
Page 4, line 19, read Antiquæ.
10, — 11, for Antver. read Amstel.
—— 14, — 6, for 1789, read 1709.
· ·

plomatica, fol. Par. 1704. A work of extraordinary merit and utility, which gives rules by which the age of ancient Mss. may be ascertained. It is the same to Latin Mss. as the Paleographia Græca of Father Montfaucon is to the Greek. The Supplement was added in consequence of the opposition made by Father Germon. See GERMON.

John Mabillon was born in 1632, at St. Pierre-Mont, in the diocese of Rheims. He took the habit of the Benedictines of St. Maur in 1652, and was made by his superiors the demonstrator of the treasury and ancient monuments of the Abby of St. Dennis in 1663. Here he might have continued perhaps all his days had he not fortunately broke a mirror which was supposed to have belonged to the poet Virgil. This so afflicted his mind that he determined to abandon his present employment. Dom D'Acheri obtained his assistance in the compilation of his Spicilegium (see DACHE-RIUS), in which he acquitted himself to his own honour and the credit of his employer. His congregation, then engaged in publishing a complete edition of the Fathers, employed Mabillon on the works of St. Bernard: this work he completed in 1690, 2 vol. fol. and it is the Edit. opt. of that author. The minister Colbert, to whom his merit was well known, offered him a pension of 2000 livres; but this the pious Mabillon refused, saying, What might men think of me, if I who am a poor man, and born of obscure parents, should

seek that in the service of religion which I could not obtain in a secular life? This sentiment is worthy of a man of God. Alas for the man who thrusts himself into the priest's office, either for a morsel of bread, or to enrich himself by that means!

This laborious, humble and pious Benedictine died of a retention of urine, at the Abby of St. Germain de Prés, December 27, 1707, aged 75 years.

Sancti MACARII Homilies L. ex Bibl. Reg. Gr. 8vo. Paris. Morel. 1559.

Gr. et Lat. fol. Paris. 1622. Connected with the works of Gregory Thaumaturgus.

Macarius was an Egyptian monk, born at Alexandria about A. D. 300. He was at first a baker, but having been converted to the Christian religion he retired to the desert, in which he spent sixty years. He died about A. D. 390. His Homilies breathe a spirit of deep piety, and contain the whole substance of Ascetic Theology.

MACARII minoris Sermo de exitu anime Justerum et Peccatorum, quomodo seperantur a corpore, et in quo Statu manent. a Guil. Cave, cum Interpret. Hen. Warthoni, in Hist. Litter. Script. Eccles. ad A. C. 373.

This author was also an Egyptian, and died about A. D. 394. His Codex Monachorum was published at Rome in 1661 with the Codex Regu-

larum. Some works attributed to this author may be found in the Thesaurum Asceticum a Petro Possino, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Tolosæ, 1684.

MACCABEORUM libri tres, fol. Gr. et Lat. Antv. Plant. 1584, & 8vo. Rapheleng. 1608 & 1613.

primus liber, a *Drusio*, Gr. 4to. Franccq. 1600. These books are generally published in all editions of the *Apocrypha*.

The Maccabees, or Asmonean Princes, flourished about 140 years before Christ. Who the author of these books was, is quite uncertain.

# MACARONIC Poems.

MACHARONEA varia: diversis linguis conscripta, præsertim latine. In Gothic characters, 16mo. without place or date. A singular and very rare collection. Sold at Galgnat's sale for 46 livres.

Merlini Cocdii opus Macaronicorum. See Co-

Guarini Capelli Sarsinas, &c. See CAPELLUS.

Meigra Enterprisa Catoliqui imperatoris, quando de A. D. 1536, veniebat per Provensam bene corrozatus, in postam prendere Fransam, cum villis de Provensa. per Ant. Arenam Bastifausatum Avenione 1537, 12mo. A satirical description of Charles V. war against France. For other pieces of this facetious author, see ARENA, in vol. i. p. 98.

Petri Porci pugna porcorum, 8vo. Antv. 1520.

Each word of this curious work begins with the letter P.

Hugbaldi, Ecloga de Calvis, 8vo. Basil. 1546. Each word in this curious composition begins with the letter C.

Epitaphia honorandi Magistri nostri Petri a Cornibus. Paris. 1542, 8vo.

Harenga habita in Monasterio Cluniacensi, ad Card. de Lotharingid pro repetenda corona ausea, quam abstulit a Jacobitis Urbis Metensis. Rhemis in campania, 8vo. 1566.

Recitus veritabilis super esmeuta terribili Paysanorum de Ruellio a Jano Carillio Fray. abs. anno.—Epistola Macaronica Arthusii ad D. de Parisiis super attestatione sua, justificanti et nitidante Patres Jesuitas. abs. not., editionis.—De Bello Huguenotico poema abs. loc. et an. all in 8vo.

Joan. Bapt. Lichiardi Cogasanga Reistrorum. Suysso-Lansquettorum. Paris. 1588, 8vo. Lib. rar.

Andreæ Braiani, Fabula Macaronea cui titulus est: Carnevale, Braschiani, 1612, 8vo.

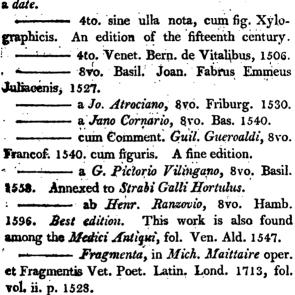
Magistri Stoppini Capricia Macaronica. Venet. 1670, 16mo. A curious little work, often reprinted.

Carmina rariorum Macaronicum delectus. In usum Ludorum Appollinarium. Edinb. 1801, 8vo., This contains Drummond's Polemo Middinia, and several other tracts. For the origin of the word. Macaronic, see vol. ii. p. 252,

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MACHELII Tractatus De Morbo Gallico, Venet. 1555, 8vo.

MACER (*Emilius*) De virtutibus herbarum, 4to. Neapoli sine Typogr. indicio, 1477. A very rare book, and the *first* edition of this work, with a date.



Emilius Macer was a Latin poet, born at Verona in the reign of Augustus. It is said he wrote a poem on Serpents, Plants, and Birds; and another on the Destruction of Troy; but these are both lost, for the work mentioned above is evidently spurious. The unknown author seems to have lived posterior to the time of Charlemagne. He was a bad botanist, and an indifferent poet.

Hierolexicon, a Dominico MACRO, Rom. 1677, fol.

Salmonii MACRINI hymnorum selectorum, libri tres. Paris. Rob. Steph. 1540, 8vo.

Aurelii Theodosii MACROBII Expositio in Sonnium Scipionis, et Saturnalia, fol. Venet. Jenson, 1472. Edit. Princ. Sold at Dr. Askew's sale for 81. and at the Pinellian sale for 331. 12s.

Tribe Edition Cold at Die 15201 5 Sale
for 8l. and at the Pinellian sale for 33l. 12s.
fol. Brix. Boninus de Boninis, 1483.
A very beautiful edition. 4l. 4s.
fol. Mediol. Schinzenzeler, 1489.
——— fol. Bonon. 1501.
a Nich. Angelio, Svo. Florent. Junta,
1515. 8s.
a Bern. Donato, 8vo. Venet. Ald.
1517 & 1528. Annexed to Censorinus. 8s.
ex emendat. Jo. Rivi Veneti, fol.
Basil, 1519.
ab Arnoldo Vesaliensi, fol. Colon.
1521. A good edition: reprinted in 1526, 8vo.
and in 1527.
8vo. Lugd. Gryph. 1532, 1542,
1548, 1550, 1554, 1555, 1556, 1560, & 1585.
a Joac. Camerario, fol. Basil. 1535.
A better edition than any of those made in the
sixteenth century.
ab Hen. Steph. Svo. Par. 1585.
a Jo. Isaaco Pontana, Svo. Lug. Bat.
Plant. 1597.
ab eodem, et Jo. Meursio, 8vo. Lug.
Bat. 1628.

Aur. Theo. MACROBII Saturn. a Pontano cum Meursii notis. Oxon. 1665, 8vo.

cum not. var. et Jac. Gronovii, 8vo. Lug. Bat. 1670. 5s.

ex eadem edit. 8vo. Lond. 1694.

Dr. Harwood says, that "this has fewer inaccuracies than a scholar might justly expect from a London edition of a Latin Classic." This reflection is certainly not very liberal; and yet the best friends of the London editors must allow that in many cases, too much cause has been given for it: but London is retrieving its credit; and it is to be hoped, will yet rank in typographical excellence with Paris or Parma.

a Vulpiis fratribus, 8vo. Patav. Comin. 1736. A good and correct edition.

svo. Lips. 1774. A good edition; paper bad as usual from Lipsig.

----- 8vo. Biponti. 1788.

De Differentiis et Societatibus Graci et Latini verbi, auctore Joanne, a Jo. Obsopao, 8vo. Par. 1588. A collection from Macrobius, supposed to have been made by Joan. Scot. Erigena. It is connected with the Grammatici Veteres ab Eli. Putschio, 4to. Hanov. 1605.

Ambrosius Aurelius Theodosius Macrobius was one of the chamberlains of the Emperor Theodosius, in the latter part of the fourth century: of what country he was is very uncertain. He himself says he was not a Roman; the citizens of

Parma say he was born in their city. It is likely he was a Greek; and some think he was a Christian. His Saturnalia are a miscellany of criticism and antiquities, full of erudition, and very useful. They are similar in their plan to the Noctes Attice of Aulus Gellius. He termed these miscellanies Saturnalia, because, during the vacation observed on these feasts of Saturn, he collected the principal Literati of Rome in his own house, and conversed with them on all kinds of subjects, and afterwards set down what appeared to him most interesting in their discourses. The Latinity of Macrobius is far from being pure, especially in his exposition of Scipio's Dream; but his works are, notwithstanding, very valuable.

Georgii MACROPEDII Petriscus, Fabula jucundissima. Busiducis, 8vo. 1536.

De Bibliothecis atque Archivis virorum clarissimorum libelli et commentationes, &c. a Joac. Ma-DERO, cum secunda parte per Joan. And. Schmidt, Helmstadii, 1702 & 1705, 4to.

Museum Veronense, hoc est Antiquarum Inscriptionum atque Anaglyphorum Collectio, a Scipione MAFFEIO cum fig. Veron, 1749, fol.

scritting with responding to the state of th
Origines Etrusces, fol. Lips. 1731.
Cassiodori Complexiones in Epistoles
et Acta Apostolorum et Apocalypsim ex vetustis-
simis MSS. erutæ. Flor. 1721, & Rom. 1738.
Supplementum Acaciarum, monu-
menta nunquam edita continens. Venet. 1728.
Verona illustrata, fol. Veron. 1732.

& ibid. 4 vol. 8vo.

Fransis Scipio Maffei was born at Verona in 1675, of an illustrious family. He was a universal scholar, and excelled in every branch of literature. His countrymen almost idolized him, and he highly honoured his country in return; for in his Origines Etruscæ, he has endeavoured to prove that Etruria, was the general name of Italy; and that the Tuscans were anciently possessed of the whole country. This learned man died in 1755, aged eighty years.

Frans. Mar. Maggii Syntagmatum Linguarum orientalium quæ in Georgiæ regionibus audiuntur, Libri duo. Rom. Typ. Congr. de Propaganda Fide 1643, fol.

Thoma MAGISTRI, De vocibus atticis liber, Gr. 8vo. Rom. Zach. Caliergi, 1517. To which are subjoined Phrymici Ecloga. 10s. 6d.

Annexed to the Greek Lexicon printed by Aldus in the above year.

Gr. Svo. Par. Vascosan, 1532. 5s. A rare edition.

----- a Nic. Blancardo, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Franceq. 1690.

Lug. Bat. Fsan, 1698.

a Jo. Step. Bernard, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Lug. Bat. 1757. Edit. opt. 12s.

Pindari Genus, scil. vita Gr. cum Pindaro, fol. Oxon. 1697.

Euripide Barnesii, fol. Cant. 1694.

Thomas Magister, or the Muster, was a monk and grammarian, who flourished probably in the fourteenth century.

Hieronymi Magii de Mundi Exustione et die judicii libri v. Basil. per Henr. Petri, 1562, fol.

de Tintinabulis, 12mo. Amst. 1664, cum fig.

Jo. Christ. MAGNENI Democritus reviviscens, sive vita et Philosophia Democriti, Lug. Bat. 1648, 16mo.

MAGNUS. See Gram. Lat. Auct. Ant. a Put-schio, 4to. Hanov. 1605.

Jacobi MAGNI Sophologium, ex antiquorum poetarum, oratorum atque Philosophorum gravibus sententiis præcipuè collectum. Par. Mart. Crantz, Uld. Gering, & Mich. Friburger, 1475, fol. Ibid. fol. 1477.

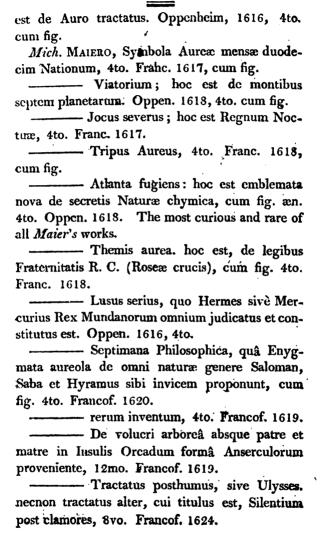
Gothorum Suconumque Historia, a Jo. MAGNO Archiep. Upsaliensi, Rom. 1554, fol.

Olai Magni Hist. de Gentibus Septrionalibus, fol. Rom. 1555, cum fig.

John Magnus was born at Lincoping in Sweden, in 1488, was archbishop of Upsal, and died in 1544, his brother Olaus succeeded him in the same See in 1544. They were both virulent opposers of Lutheranism. Olaus died at Rome in 1560.

Arcana Arcanissima, hoc est Hieroglyphica Ægyptio-Græca. auctore *Mich.* MAIERO, absque ulla nota, 4to.

De Circulo-Physico quadrato, hoc



Mich. MAIERI, Scrutinium Chymicum, figuris emblematicis illustratum, cum diversis explicationibus, 4to. Francof. 1687.

The author, Michael Maier, was a celebrated alchymist of Francfort, in the seventeenth century. He was a volumnious writer, and an indefatigable and fruitless searcher after the Philosopher's Stone.

Junius Maius de Priscorum Proprietate Verborum. Tarvisii, 1477.

MAITTAIRII Hist. Stephanorum. Lond. 1709.
——Hist. Typographorum aliquot Parisiensium.
Lond. 1717, 2 vol. 1l. 11s. 6d.

opera et Fragmenta veterum Poctarum Latinorum, fol. Lond. 1713, 2 vol. 3l. 3s.

— Miscellanea Græcorum aliquot Scriptorum Carmina cum versione Latina et notis, 4to. Lond. 1722. 7s. 6d.

Annales Typographicæ ab artis Inventione: cum Indicibus et Supplementis a Denis: et duplex editio tomi primi, 4to. 8 vol. Hagæ, 1719—1789. 8l. 8s. A work of extraordinary merit, the first volume of which was published at the Hague in 1719, the second in 1722, and the third in 1725. In 1733 he published a new edition at Leyden of volume the first, sometimes termed volume the fourth; it is considerably augmented, but the author advises the reader to refer to volume first of 1719, because there are several important matters in it which are not introduced into the edition

of 1733. In 1741 he published the *Index* to this valuable work at London, which makes volume the *fifth* with the Leyden edition of volume the *third*. The valuable *Supplement* of *Mr. Denis* was published at Vienna in 1789, 2 vol. 4to. Of these valuable works *G. W. Panzer* is now giving a new and enlarged edition, entitled, Annales Typographici ab artis inventæ origine ad annum MD. post Maittairii Denisii aliorum doctissimorum curas in ordinem redacti emendati et aucti. Norim. 1793—1802, 11 vol. 4to. 10 volumes are already published.

Michael Maittaire was born in 1668. He was second master of Westminster school from 1695 till 1699. He died in 1747, aged seventy-nine years. To him the republic of letters is indebted for many valuable and correct editions of the Greek and Latin Classics.

Corpus omnium poetarum latinorum cum versione Italicâ curante Jos. Rich. MALATESTA, 4to. 32 vol. Mediol. 1731, et an. seq.

Jacobi Malbrauq de morinis et morinorum rebus, Sylvis, Paludibus, oppidis; Tomi tres, 4to. Tornaci-Nerviorum 1639, 1647 & 1654. This work was never finished, the author being prevented from accomplishing his design, by the Emperor Charles V. having destroyed Terouenne, the capital of the Morins (the people of the diocese of St. Omars, Ypres, &c.), where the work was carried on. It is a scarce work; and the third volume is particularly so. 4l. 14s. 6d.

MALACHIÆ Prophetia, ab Elia Huttero, Heb. Gr. et Lat. 4to. Norimb. 1601.

This prophet is supposed to have flourished under Xerxes Longimanus about 480 years before Christ. His prophecies are found in every edition of the Canonical Scriptures.

MALCHI Sophistæ, vita Pythagoræ, a Conrado Ritterhusw, Gr. 8vo. Altorf. 1610.

Amst. 1707. Annexed to *Iamblicus*. See Por-PHYRIUS.

Malchus was a sophist and historian, supposed to have flourished under Zeno Isaurus, about A. D. 480.

MALLEUS Maleficarum, 4to. Nurem. 1494. Lib. rar.

Flavii MALLII Theodori Liber de Metris, a Jacobo Frid. Heusingero, 8vo. Guelf. 1755. The first edition, taken from a MS. in the Wolfenbutle library.

——— ab eodem, 8vo. Lug. Bat. 1766. The best edition, enriched with various readings: to which is annexed Scriptorum aliquot veterum opsomatia, et Corn. Nepotis Fragmenta Guelpherbytana.

This author lived in the time of Theodosius and Honorius, and was consul in 399.

Bernandis a MALINKROT, de ortu et progressu artis Typographiæ. Colon. Agrip. 1639, 4to.

Marcelli Malpighii opera. Lond. 1676, 2 vol. fol. cum fig.

Marcelli Malpighii opera posthuma. Amst. 1700, 4to. cum fig.

Malphigi was an eminent physician, born near Bologne, 1628, and died at Rome in 1694.

Car. Cas. MALVASIÆ Marmora Felsinena, innumeris non solum inscriptionibus exteris hucusque ineditis, sed etiam quam plurimis doctissimorum virorum roborata et aucta. cum fig. æn. 4to. Bonon. 1690.

Claudianus Mamertius. See Claudian, vol. ii. p. 239.

MAMOTRECTUM, seu expositiones et correctiones vocabulorum Bibliæ, et aliorum librorum, fol. Moguntiæ, Pet. Schoiffer, 1470. Lib. rar. 21. 12s. 6d.

MAMOTRECTUS super totam Bibliam. 4to. Ven. 1476. 10s. 6d.

Constantini Manassis, De Aristandri et Callistem amoribus, with the Anecdota Graca, 4to. Ven. 1781, 2 vol. See this author's Breviarium historicum among the BYZANTINE writers.

Joan. De MANDEVILLE Itinerarium, lib. rariss. 4to. sine ulla nota. 11. 1s.

MANETHONIS Apotelesmaticorum libri vi. Gr. et Lat. a Jac. Gronovio, 4to. Lug. Bat. 1698. An astrological work.

Manetho flourished under Ptolomy Philadelphus about 260 years before Christ. See Annius. The fragments of Manetho's chronology, may be found in Syncellus.

Joan, Jacob. MANGETI Bibliotheca Scriptorum

Medicorum veterum et recentiorum, ordine Alphabetico digesta. Genev. 1731, 4 vol. fol. cum fig. 1l. 11s. 6d.

Joan. Jacob. MANGETI Bibliotheca Practica, 4 vol. fol. Genev. 1695.

- Bib. Anatomica, 2 vol. fol. cum fig. Genev. 1699.
- Theatrum Anatomicum universale, adjectæ sunt Eustachii Tabulæ anatomicæ a Joan. Mar. Lancisco explanatæ, fol. 2 vol. Genev. 1716.
- Bib. Pharmaceutica-Medica, 2 vol. fol. cum fig. Genev. 1703.
- Alchemiam pertinentium Thesaurus absolutissimus, 2 vol. fol. cum fig. Genev. 1702.

John James Manget, born at Geneva in 1652, where he died in 1742, aged ninety-one years. He was physician to the elector of Brandenburg, and a very laborious writer. The works mentioned above form a valuable library for a medical student.

Manilii (Marci.) Astronomicon libri v. 4to. Nuremb. ex officina. Joan de Regiomonte, absque anni indicio. It begins with Carmine divinas artis et conscia fati, and ends with these verses after Finis.

R idetur merito sciolorum insana caterva V ulgo qui vatum nomina surripiunt. H eus quicumq; velis latia perdicere musa S ydereas nutus fallere difficiles. M anilium sectare gravem: qui tempore divi F loruit Augusti. Lector amice vale.

It contains seventy-two leaves on an elegant roman letter: without signatures, catch-words, or number of pages: the initial letters all flourished.

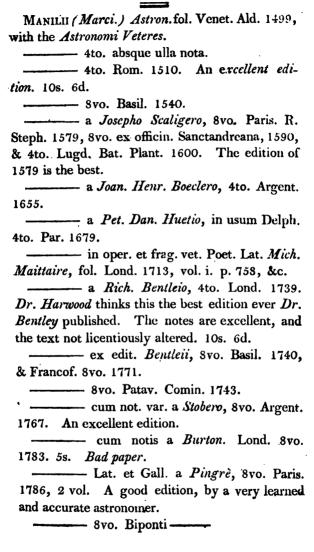
Joannis Regiomontanus erected a press at his own house in Nuremberg in 1470, where it is likely he printed this work about 1472. It must therefore pass for the EDITIO PRINCEPS, till some copy with a better title be discovered.

Manilii (Marci.) Poetæ clarissimi Astronomicon, fol. Bononiæ impressum per Ugonem Rugerium et Dom. Bertochum, 1474. Edit. Secund. This extremely scarce book contains but eighty-eight leaves, thirty-five lines on each page, without registers. It is divided into eleven gatherings. The character is neat and round, similar to that with which Juvenal and Persius were printed Brix. 1473, but rather smaller. At Mr. Paris's sale in 1791, it sold for 211. 10s.

4to. Neapoli, per Jodocum Hoensteyn, alias Havenstain: absque anni indicio. *Denis* supposes it to have been printed in 1475. Sold at the Pinellian sale for 10l. 15s.

a Laurentio Bonincontro, fol. Bonon. 1484.

a Steph. Dulcinio, fol. Mediol. Zarot. 1489 & 1499.



It is generally supposed that Marcus Manilius, the astronomical poet, flourished under Augustus, or Tiberius. Though his stile is in general pure and worthy of the Augustan age, yet there are certain expressions, and peculiar turns, which are not to be found in poets of that age. But the novelty of his subject may plead his excuse in these matters. There are so many passages in Manilius concerning his own times, and which all evidently relate to the time of Augustus, that he is at present reckoned of that age, though not one ancient writer speaks of such a poet about those times. The five books which remain of this writer's astronomy relate only to the fixed stars.

Baptistæ Mantuani opera omnia, fol. Bonon. 1502. Lib. rar.

opera poetica, Eglogæ x. Sylvarum libri viii. De Calamitatibus, libri iii. Parthenice, libri iii. fol. sine ulla nota.

Poemata varia, 4to. Venet. 1499.

Baptist Spagnoli, surnamed Mantuanus, because born in that city, was a carmelite. It is said he was the fruit of an illegitimate commerce, and first saw the day in 1444. His poetic vein was so fertile, that he composed not less than 59,000 verses.

Manuelis Bryennii Harmonica, ex codd. Mss. nunc primum edita, Gr. et Lat. in Jo. Wallisii, oper. math. Oxon. 1699, fol. Tom. iii. p. 357.

Aldus Pius Romanus Manutius, Paulus Manutius, and Aldus Manutius, jun.

As both the accounts of these great men, and the list of their editions of the Greek and Latin Classics, given in the first volume of this work, are in some particulars incorrect, and in others defective, the editor rejoices that it is now in his power to perfect the whole from the excellent work of Mr. RENOUARD just published, entitled, Annales de L' Imprimerie des ALDE ou L' Histoire de trois Ma-NUCE et de leurs Editions, 2 tom. Par. 1803. As all preceding bibliographers had fallen into innumerable mistakes concerning the productions of the Manutian, or Aldine presses, Mr. Renouard found it necessary to form a collection of these editions that he might describe each, not from reports of former bibliographers, but from the books themselves. In this laborious and expensive work he was long employed, and at last had the good fortune to bring his labour to the most favourable conclusion, by purchasing in 1794 the valuable collection of Aldine editions formed by the late Cardinal de Brienne, who had been long engaged in a similar work to that of Mr. Renouard, and had published a work entitled, Serie dell' editioni Aldini. As typography and literature owe more to the MANUTII than to all others, the inventors of the art excepted; and as a list of the works published by the three ALDI, or MANUTH in the interval of 104 years, will serve not only to shew the almost incredible industry of these three printers, but also point out those works to which the attention of the literati of the fifteenth and sixteenth

ceuturies was directed, and by which their refined and elegant taste was formed, the readers of the Bibliographical Dictionary will doubtless rejoice to find here a correct copy of the Catalogue des Editions Aldines range par ordre de Matieres. taken from volume second of the above work. The editions of Italian works are here also introduced; because the editor wishes to place before the eve of his reader every edition which proceeded from these eminent printers and authors; as the very dearest interests of literature are either immediately or remotely connected with them. Besides. this list may serve as a directory to the collectors of those invaluable Aldine editions, and prevent them from being imposed on by spurious and counterfeit copies, on which the classical collector often unwarily expends both his time and his money. None of the counterfeit editions are introduced here; nor any of those which are suppositious, unless noted as such, so that the reader may be assured that the pretended Aldine edition, which is not found here, is either a counterfeit, or does not e.rist.

The editions are aranged under five distinct classes, viz. THEOLOGY, JURISPRUDENCE, ARTS and SCIENCES, BELLES LETTRES and HISTORY. Different editions of the same work are aranged in chronological order. Most of these works were printed at ROME, VENICE, and BOLOGNA. At the former city not many; at the second, a vast majority, and at the latter place only a few. Though some

think that even these were printed at Venice, and only had Bologna put in the title, because they were chiefly printed for Ant. Manutus, Paul's brother, who lived there: as it is not likely that a printing-office belonging to the Aldi was ever established at that city.

A complete list of all the editions published by the three MANUTII, viz. Aldus Pius Romanus Paulus Manutius, and Aldus Manutius, junior, from the year 1494, when Aldus Manutius, senior, published his first edition, till 1597, when Aldus, junior died: arranged according to their subjects; including those also published from the Aldine press by Andreas Asulanus, during the minority of Paul Manutius.

In the following list V. stands for Venice, R. for Rome, and B. for Bologna.

## THEOLOGY.

V. Sine anno, Aldi Specimen Biblior. editionis, Hebr. Gr. et Lat. fol. One sheet.

V. 1518. Sacræ Scripturæ veteris, novæque omnia, Gr. fol.

V. Sine anno Psalterium Græcum, 4to. (in 1497 or 1498).

R. 1590. Biblia Sacra Latina, fol. 3 vol. The famous incorrect bible of Pope Sixtus V.

R. 1592. Eadem, fol. The corrected edition by *Pope Clement VIII*.

V. 1529. Recognitio Veteris Test. per Aug. Eugubinum (Steuchum), 4to.

R. 1564. Eucherii Comment. in Genesim et libros Regum, fol.

V. 1545. Ant. Flaminii in Psalmos Enarratio, 8vo. & 1564. Editio auctior.

R. 1565. Angelomi Annot. in libros Regum, fol.

R. 1562. Theodoreti in Danielem Comment. fol.

R. 1563. Theod. in Canticum Canticorum Explanatio, fol.

V. 1571. P. de Palacio Enarrationes in Evang. sec. Matthæum. Ex Bibl. Aldina, 2 vol. 8vo.

V. 1542. (Grimani) Comment. in Epist. Pauli ad Romanos et Galatas, 4to.

V. 1546. Folengi Comment. in Joannis Epist. 8vo.

V. 1571. P. Canisii Authoritates Sacræ Scripturæ, &c. Ex Bibl. Ald. 4 vol. 4to.

R. 1562. Reginaldi Poli de Concilio liber, 4to.

R. 1562. — Reformatio Angliæ, 4to.

R. 1564. Canones et Decreta Consilii Tridentini, fol. 1564, 4to. 1564, 8vo. V. 1564, 4to. V. 1564, 8vo. R. 1564, edit. sec. fol. 1564, 4to. V. 1564, 8vo. R. 1564, edit. tert. fol. 1564, 8vo. V. 1565, 8vo. 1566, 8vo. 1568, 8vo. 1569, 8vo. (1574 & 1575, 8vo. doubtful.) V. 1589, cum indice libr. prohibitorum, 8vo.

V. 1569. Orationes Responsa, Litteræ ac mandata ex actis Concilii Tridentini Collecta, 8vo.

V. 1566. Constitutiones et Decreta Synodi Mediolanensis, 8vo.

V. 1587. Constitutiones et Privilegia Patriarchatus et Cleri Venetiarum, 4to.

V. 1571. F. Quintianus Patina de SS. Missæ Sacramento. Ex. Bibl. Aldina, 4to.

R. 1564. Breviarium Romanum, fol. & 1565, fol.

V. 1574. Missale Romanum. Ex. Bibl. Aldina, 4to.

V. 1497. Horæ beatæ M. Virginis, Gr. 8vo. sine an. in 32mo. 1505. Gr. 32mo. 1521. 32mo. sine anno. Gr. et Lat. 8vo. or 32mo.

V. 1572. Officium beatæ M. Virginis, 24mo. 1587, 12mo. cum 45 fig.

V. 1556. Athenagora della Risurrettione de' morti, tr. da G. Faleti, 4to.

V. 1503. Origenis Homiliæ, fol.

V. 1515. Lactantius, 8vo. & 1535, 8vo.

R. 1563. Cæcilii Cypriani opera, fol.

V. 1553. Gregorii Nazianzeni Comment. in Hexæmeron, Lat. 8vo.

V. 1516. - orationes xvi. Gr. 8vo.

V. 1536. —— orat. ix.—Greg. Nyssini lib. de homine, Gr. 8vo.

V. 1569. Due orationi di Gregorio Nazanz. trad. da Annib. Caro, 4to.

V. 1550. Greg. Nyssen. Orat. ii. de Pauperibus amandis, 8vo.

R. 1563. —— Conciones a P. Gelesinio, Lat. versæ, 4to.

R. 1562. ——— de Virginitate liber, Lat. vers.

R. 1562. St. Joan. Chrysostomi de virginitate liber, Lat. vers. 4to.

D

YOL, V.

- R. 1562. Ambrosii, Hieronymi et Augustini de Virginitate opuscula, 4to.
- V. 1554. Giov. Crisostomo della Providenza di Dio, 8vo.
- R. 1565. Hieronymi Epistolæ, 3 vol. fol. 1566, 3 vol. 8vo.
- R. 1564. Salvianus de Dei judicio et Providentia, fol.
- V. 1554. Joan. Damasceni adv. Imaginum oppugnatores orationes, Lat. 8vo.
- V. 1559. M. Ant. Natta, De Deo, fol. Some copies of this edition are dated 1560. Edit. alt. 1570. fol.
- V. 1558. M. Ant. Nattæ de Dei locutione oratio, 4to.
- R. 1596. Oratio de Virtutibus D. N. Jesu Christi, 4to.
- V. 1563. Isotæ Nogarolæ Dialogus utrum Adum vel Eva magis peccaverit, 4to.
- V. 1553. Il sacro Regno del gran Patritio, &c. 8vo.
- V. 1551. Il. Genesi l' Humanita de Christo i Salmi, opere di P. Aretino, 4to.
- V. 1552. P. Arctino vite de Maria Vergine di S. Caterina di S. Tommaso d'Aquino, 4to.
- R. 1562. Marianus Victorius de Sacramento Confessionis, 8vo.—1566. Edit. alt. 8vo.
- V. 1589. Nic. Vito di Gozze Discorsi della Penitenza, 8vo.
- V. 1562. L' Arte del predicare, di Fra Luca Baglione, 8vo.

R. 1566. Catechismus, ex decreto Concilii Tridentini, fol. 1566, 8vo. 1566, 4to. 1567, 8vo. 1569, 8vo. V. 1575, 8vo.—1582, 8vo. cum fig. lign.

R. 1567. Catechismo secondo il Concilio di Trento, 8vo. V. 1567, 4to.—1568, 8vo.—1569, 8vo.—1571, 8vo.—1573, 8vo.—1575, 8vo.—1582, 8vo. cum fig. lign.

V. 1579. Lorenzo Guistiniano, del dispregio del mondo, 4to.—1597, 4to.

V. 1531. Phil. Monocenici Institutiones ad hominum perfectionem, fol.

V. 1556. Pianto della Marchesa di Pescara sopra la passione di Christo, 8vo.—B. 1557, 8vo.

V. 1578. F. Cornel. Bellanda Viaggio Spirituale, 4to.—1591, 8vo.

V. 1578. Gabr. Flammæ oratio de optimi Pastoris munere, 4to.

R. 1565. Stanislai Hosii Confessio Catholicæ fidæi, fol.

V. 1543. Magistri Petri Aurelii Sannuti Lutheranorum oppugnatio, 4to.

## JURISPRUDENCE.

V. 1553. Matt. Gribaldi Mophæ Interpretationes Juris, 8vo.

V. 1554. Tractatus de nullitatibus processium a Sib. Vantio, 8vo.

V. 1554. B. Fumi aurea Armilla Inquisitoris, 8vo.

V. 1555. Th. Campegius de Auctoritate et potestate Romani Pontificis, 4to.

- V. 1558. Leonis Bapt. Alberti de Legato Pontificio, 4to.
- V. 1560. Octav. Ferrarii de Diciplina Encyclio liber, 4to.
- V. 1560. Pacis Scala de Consilio Sapientis adhibendo in causis forensibus, 4to.
- R. 1563. Fr. Vargas de Episcoporum Jurisdictione et Pont. Max. Auctoritate, 4to.
- R. 1567. Lucas Paetus de Judiciaria forma,

## ARTS and SCIENCES.

- V. 1584. D. Arm. Bellovisii declaratio difficilium terminorum Theologiæ, Philosophiæ atque Logicæ, 8vo. doubtful.
  - V. Eadem, 1586, 8vo.
  - V. 1513. Platonis opera, Gr. fol.
- V. 1503. Bessario in Platonis libros, fol. & 1516, fol.
- V. 1497. Jamblicus de Mysteriis, Proclus in Plat. Psellus &c. Lat. fol. & 1516, Lat. fol.
- V. 1495—7—8. Aristotelis opera, Gr. 5 vol. fol. & 1551—52—53, Gr. 6 vol. 8 vo.
- V. 1504. Hist. Animalium, Theophrasti Hist. plantarum, &c. Lat. fol. & 1513, Lat. fol.
- V. 1503. Ammonius Hermeus, Magentinus in Aristotelis libri-peri-hermenias, Gr. fol.
- V. 1504. J. Grammaticus (Philoponus) in posteriora Resolutoria Aristotelis, Gr. fol.
- V. 1534. in poster. Resol. Eustratius in eadem, Gr. fol.
- V. 1513. Alex. Aphrodisiei in Topica Aristotelis Commentaria, Gr. fol.

- V. 1590. in priora Analytica Aristat. Conr. Gr. fol.
- V. 1520. in Sophisticos Arist. Elenchos Comment. Gr. fol.
  - V. 1526. Simplicius in libros de Ceelo. Gr. fol.
- V. 1526. in libros Physica ascultationis, Gr. fol.
- V. 1527. in libros de Anima. Alex. Aphrod. in libr. de Sensu, &c. Gr. fol.
- V. 1527. J. Grammaticus in libros de Generatione et Interitu. Alex. Apkrod. in Meteorologica, Gr. fol.
- V. 1534. Themistius Alex. Aphrod. de Anima, Gr. fol.
- V. 1536. Eustratii et aliorum Comment. in libros x. de Moribus, Gr. fol.
- V. 1546. Ammonii Hermiæ in voces Porphyrii Comment. Gr. 8vo.
  - V. 1546. in Prædicam. Arist. Gr. 8vo.
- V. 1546. in librum Arist. de Interprețatione, Gr. 8vo.
- V. 1550-51. J. B. Camotii Comment. in pri-, mum Theophrasti Metaphysices, Gr. fol.
- V. 1551. Olympiodori in Meteora Arist. Comment. J. Grammatici Scholia in eadem, Gr. et Lat. 2 vol. fol.
- V. 1554. Pselli in Physicen Arist. Commentarii, Lat. fol.
- V. 1558. Syriani in Aristot. Metaphys. Comment. Lat. 4to.
- V. 1559. In Aristotelis Topica nova Explanatio, fol. D 3

- V. 1542. Danielis Barbari in Porphyrium Commentationes, 4to.
  - V. 1497. Laurentii Majoli Epifilides, 4to.
  - V. 1509. Plutarchi opus. LXXXXII. Gr. small fol.
- V. 1522. L. A. Senicæ naturalium Quæstion. libri vii. 4to.
- V. 1533. L'Anthropologia di Galeazzo Capella, 8vo.
- V. 1545. Isabella Sforza della vera tranquillita dell' animo, 4to.
- V. 1546 Le Occorenze humane, per Nic. Liburnio, 8vo.
- V. Sine anno Bernardini Georgii Epistola de vita solitaria et tranquilla, 4to. (1558.)
- V 1595. La Vicissitudine delle Cose, di Luigi Regio. trad. da H. Cato, 4to.—1592, 4to.
- V. 1558. P. Hædi de Miseria humana libri v. 4to.
- V. 1559. Flavii Alexii Vgonii, de Italiæ et Græcæ Calamitatibus, 4to.
  - V. 1557. Rinaldo Odoni dell' Anima, 4to.
- V 1576. Ant. Persio de l' Ingegno dell' huomo, 8vo.
- V 1582. G. Huarte essame degl' Ingegni, 8vo. 1586, 8vo.—(1589, 8vo. doubtful.)—1590, 8vo.
  - V. 1501. J. Fr. Pici, liber de Imaginatione, 4to.
- V. 1572. Aldo Giovane, Discorso intorno all' Eccellenza delle Repubbliche, 4to.
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- V. 1584. Il perfetto gentil'huomo, descritto da Aldo Mannucci, 4to.
- V. 1528. Il Cortegiano di Bald. Castiglione, fol. 1533 & 1541, 8vo.—1545, fol. 1547, coll' aggiunta d'una tavola, 8vo.
- V. 1590. Oracoli Politici, con i fiori degli apoftegmi di Plutarco, 8vo.
- V. 1581. J. Laur. Ananias de Natura Dæmonum, 8vo.—1589, 8vo.
- V. 1587. G. Bodino Demonomania, trad. da H. Cato, 4to. 1589, 4to. & 1592, 4to.
  - V. 1589. L. Vairi de Fascino libri tres, 8vo.
  - V. 1535-6-8. Plinii Hist. Nat. 4 vol. 8vo.
- V. 1540—36—38. The same edition, with the two first title-pages reprinted.—1559, fol.
- V. 1557. P. Manutio degli Elementi, e de' loro effeti, 4to.
- V. 1514. Authores Rei Rusticæ, Cato, Varre Columella, Palladius, &c. 4to. M. D. XIII. An edition of M. D. XIII. is mentioned by some writers; but it is the edition of M. D. XIIII. from which the last I. is erased.
  - V. Iidem 1533, 4to.
- V. 1581. L' Agricoltura di C. Stefano, trad. da Herc. Cato, 4to.—1591, 4to.
- V. 1499. Dioscorides Nicandri Theriaca et Alexipharmaca, Gr. fol.

- V. 1518. Dioscorides, Gr. 4to.
- V. 1522—23. Nicandri Theriaca et Alexipharmaca, Gr. 4to.
- V. 1576. Andrea Bacci del Tevere libri tre, 4to.
- V. 1495. P. Bembi Ætna, 4to.
  - V. 1526. Hippocratis opera, Gr. fol.
- V. 1550. Methodus in Aphorismos Hippocratis, 4to.
  - V. 1525. Galeni opera, Gr. 5 vol. fol.
- V. 1528. Pauli Æginetæ opera, Gr. fol.—1553 & 1558, 8vo. One at least of these two last editions is doubtful.
- V. 1534. Aetii Amideni libri Medicinales, Gr. fol.
  - V. 1547. Medici Antiqui omnes latini, fol.
  - V. 1528. Celsus et Serenus Sammonicus, 4to.
- V. 1497. Averroes in librum priorum—Majolus de Gradibus Medicinarum, fol.
- V. Sine an. Oribasii Sardiani Collectorum medicinalium libri xvii. Lat. 8vo. (before 1553.)
- V. 1554. Ejusdem Synopseos ad Eustathiumlib. ix. Lat. 8vo.
- V. 1549. Cam. Thomaii Methodus ad curandos morbos internarum partium, Svo.
- V. 1589. Mesve libri de' i Semplici Purgativi, 8vo.
- V. 1558. J. Pacinus de humoris incrassatione, Svo.
- V. 1497 Nic. Leonicenus de Morbo Gallico, 4to. This is the first work ever published on this

disease, which had but a few years before made its appearance in Europe.

▼. 1561. Hieron. Gabucinius, de morbo Comi-

tiali, 4to.

V. 1546. Pretiosa Margarita novella de Philosoph. lapide, 8vo.

V. 1558. Archimedis opera nonnulla a Fed. Commandino, Lat. facta, fol.

V. 1499. J. Firmicus et alii veteres Astronomi, Gr. et Lat. fol.

V. 1558. Ptolomæi Planisphærium, Lat. Jordani Planisph. Fed. Commandini Comment. 4to.

R. 1562. Cl. Ptolomæus de Analemmate, Lat. 4to.

V. 1581. Censorinus de Die Natali, 8vo.

V. 1518. Artemidorus de Somniis, Gr. 8vo.

• V. 1554. I quattro primi libri di Architettura di P. Cataneo, fol. cum fig. lign.

V. 1567. Dell' Archit. di P. Cataneo libri etto, fol. cum fig. lign.

V. 1585. Brancatio nuova Disciplina, & vera Arte militare, fol.

V. 1559. Fed. Delphinus de Fluxu et Refluxu maris, fol.

# BELLES LETTRES.

V. 1494—5. Lascaris Grammatica Graca, 4to. The first book printed by ALDUS.

V. Sine anno eadem, 4to. 1512, 4to. 1540 & 1557, 8vo.

V. 1561. J. Camillus de ordine ac methodo in scientia servandis, 4to.

V. 1495. Theodori Gazæ Gram. Græc. fol. —1525, 8vo.

V. 1496. Thesaurus Cornucopiæ et Horti Adonidis, Gr. fol.

V. 1512. Chrysoloræ Erotemata, &c. Gr. 8vo. -1517, & 1549, 8vo.

V. 1497. Urbani Gram. Graca, 4to. 1557, 1560, & 1566, 8vo.

V. 1515. Aldi Manutii Grammaticæ Institutiones Græcæ, 4to.

V. 1570. Nic. Clenardi Instit. ling. Gr. 8vo.

V. 1502. Julii Pollucis Vocabularium, Gr. fol.

V. 1514. Hesychii Dictionarium, Gr. fol.

V. 1514. Suidas, Gr. fol.

V. 1497. Aldi Manutii Dictionarum Græcum, fol. Idem auctum, 1524, fol.

V. 1549. Magnum Etymologicum, Gr. Ling. Gr. fol.

V. 1527. Priscianus Grammaticus, &c. 4to.

V. 1501. Aldi Manutii Grammatico, Latina, 440.—1508, 1514, 1523, 1558, 4to. 1561, 1564, (1568, doubtful) 1575 & 1576, 8vo.

V. 1561. Aldi Manutii P. F. Orthographiæ Ratio, 8vo.—1556, editio auctior, 8vo. 1591, 8vo.

V. 1575. Epitome Orthographiæ Aldi Manutii, P. F. 8vo.—1590, 8vo.

V. 1557. Th. Linacri de Structura Latini Sermonis libri sex 8vo.

V. 1536. Laurentii Vallæ Elegantiarum libri, 4to.

V. 1558. Aldo Manutio, Eleganze della lingua

latina e toscana, 8vo.—1558. Another edition of the same date.—1559, 1561, 1563, 1565, 1570, 1575, 1580, 1586, & 1594, all in 8vo.

V. 1584. N. Frischlini Quæstiones Grammatice. 8vo.

V. 1584. — Strigilis Grammatica, 8vo.

V. 1576. F. Ang. Rocca Osservazione sulle bellezze della lingua latina, 8vo. 1590, 8vo.

V. 1499. Nic. Perotti Cornucopiæ latinæ, fol. 1513, 1517, & 1527, fol.

V. 1542. Ambr. Calepini Dictionarium, fol. 1548, 1558, 1564, 1573, fol. The editions of 1550—52—59—63—75—76—77—92— cited in the Serie, are all supposed to be apocryphal.

V. 1541. Regoli Grammaticali della volgar lingua, da Fran. Fortunio, 8vo. The first work ever published on the Rules of the Italian language. —Republished 1545 & 1552, 8vo.

V. 1521. Le Vulgari elegantie di Nic. Liburnio, 8vo.

V. 1543. Fr. Alunno Richezze della lingua volgare, fol.

V. 1551. ——— dall' Autore molto ampliate, fol.

V. 1589. Orthographia Manutiana, in tavoli.

V. 1508-9. Rhetores Graci, 2 vol. small fol.

V. 1523. — Lat. versi, fol.

V. 1555. D. Longinus de Sublimitate, Gr. 4to.

V. 1541. Bart. Riccius de Imitatione, 8vo, & 1545, 8vo.

R. 1562. Ant. Bernardi Institutio in Logicam, 4to.

V. 1554. Jovitæ Rapicii de numero oratorio libri v. et Carmina, fol.

V. 1575. Octavianus Ferrarius de Sermonibus exotericis, 4to.

V. 1513. Rhetorum Gracorum orationes, Gr. three parts in one vol. fol.

V. 1504. Demosthenis orationes, Gr. fol.—1504, Gr. Edit. altera, fol.—1554, Gr. 3 vol. 8vo.

V. 1549. —— contra Philippum a P. Manutio latinitate donatæ, 4to.—1551, 4to.

V. 1555. Oratione di Demosthene contra la Legge di Lettine, 8vo.

V. 1554. Due orationi di Eschine e di Demosthene, 8vo.

V. 1557. Cinque Orationi di Demosthene et una di Eschine, 8vo.

V. 1503. *Ulpiani* Enarrationes in Demosthenem, Gr. fol. et 1527, Gr. fol.

V. 1534. Isocrates, Alcidamas, Gorgias, Aristides, Harpocration, Gr. fol.

V. 1549. Platonis, Thucydidis et Demosthenis orationes funebres, Gr. 8vo.

V. Sine an. Dionis Chrysostomi orationes LXXX. Gr. 8vo. (done probably in 1550 or 1551.)

V. 1582-83. Cicero, cum Manucciorum Commentariis, 10 vol. fol.

V. 1514. Ciceronis libri oratorii, 4to. 1521, 1533, 240. & 1546, 1550, 2 vol. 1554, 2 vol. 1559, 2 vol. 1564, 2 vol. 1569, 2 vol. 8vo.

V. 1569. Iidem ex Bibl. Aldina, 2 vol. 8vo.

V. 1583. — cum commet. Aldi Manuccii, P. F. 2 vol. fol.

V. 1519. Civeronis orationes, 3 vol. 8vo. & 1540—41, 1546, 1550, 1554, 1559, 1562, (,1565 a very doubtful edition,) 1569, all in 3 vol. 8vo. The same ex Bibl. Aldina 1570, 3 vol. 8vo.

V. 1572. Ciceronis orationes in Antonium cum Comment. P. Manutii, 8vo.

V. 1578—79. —— cum Com. P. Manutii, 3 vol. fol.

V. 1502. — Epistolæ ad Familiares, 8vo. 1512, 1522, 1533, 1540, cum scholiis *P. Manutii*. 1543, 1546, 1548, 1552, 1554, (1556, a doubtful edition,) 1560, 1562, 1566—67, 1571, cum comment. *P. Manutii*, (1572, doubtful,) & 1575, 8vo.—1579, 1582, fol. This last is the edition of 1579, with a changed title.

V. 1513. — Epistolæ ad Atticum, 8vo. & 1521, 1540, cum scholiis *P. Manut.* (1542, doubtful,) 1544, 1548, 1551, 1554—55, 1558—59, 1561, 1563, 1564, 1567, 1570, & 1570, ex *Bibl. Aldina*, all in 8vo.

V. 1582. — cum. com. P. Manutii, fol.

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- V. 1498. Catalogus librorum ab Aldo Impressorum, fol. one sheet. Of this first catalogue of books, with their prices ever published, the curious reader may see an exact copy in the Annales de L'Imprimerie Des Alde. v. 2. p. 145.
  - V. 1503. Secundus ejusdem Catalogus, fol.
- V. 1519. Tertius ejusdem Catalogus longe auctior, fol.
- V. 1563. Index librorum qui in Aldina Officina impressi sunt, 4to.
- V. 1503. Aldi Monitum in Lugdunenses Typographos, fol. This piece was published to warn the litterati against the pirated editions of the works published by Aldus, palmed upon the public by the Lyonese printers, as genuine Aldine editions.
- V. 1558. Sommario dell' opere che ha da mandare in luce l' Accademia Venetiana, fol.
- V. 1559. Summa Librorum quos in lucem emittet Academia Veneta, 4to.
  - R. 1564. Index librorum prohibitorum, 4to.
  - V. 1519. Plutarchi Parallela, Gr. fol.
- V. 1501—2—4. Philostratus de vita Apollonii Tyanati, Gr. et Lat. fol.

V. 1522. P. Alcyonii Medices Legatus de Exsilio, 4to.

V. 1502-14-34. Valerius Maximus, 8vo.

The above is a complete list of every Aldine edition from the Lascaris printed by Aldus senior, 1494, to the Dispreggio del mondo, by Aldus junior, in 1597.

Aldus Manutius, surnamed also Pius Romanus, was born at Bassiano, in the duchy of Sermonetta, in 1446 or 47, and died at Venice in 1515.

From this period the Aldine printing-office was managed by Andrew Asulanus (the father-in-law of Aldus), till his death in 1529. During this interval, all editions from that press bore the following Imprint. In Ædibus Aldi et Andreæ Asulani Soceri.

After the death of Andrew, disputes arose between his children and those of Aldus, which caused the office to be shut up from 1529 till 1533, when Paul Manutius, Aldus's son, took the management of the whole upon himself in behalf of the heirs of both families: hence the editions from that time bore the Imprint, In Ædibus hæredum Aldi Manutii Romani, et Andreæ Asulani Soceri.

Paul Manutius carried on the business till his death, which happened in 1574.

He was succeeded by his son Aldus Manutius, junior, who continued the business till his death in 1597. As he died deeply in debt, his creditors seized on his presses, library, &c. and from that

time the Aldine office was finally broken up, after having flourished with uncommon reputation for 104 years.

It seems strange that these eminent men should have gone by the appellation ALDI instead of Manutii, as ALDO was the baptismal name, and Manuzio, written also Manutio, Manuccio, Manucio, and Mannucci, the name of the family. It would certainly have been more proper to have used the adjective Manutian than Aldine, but the latter has been universally adopted, and is likely now to remain.—si volet usus.

De tribus fugiendis; Ventre, Pluma, et Venere: auctore Guil. de Mara, 4to. Paris. Hen. Steph. 1512. Ibid. 4to. Colinæus, 1521.

MARACCII translatio Alcorani, &c. See Alcoran & Koran.

MARBODII opera, a Beaugendre, fol. Par. 1708. Annexed to Hildeberti op. See POETÆ SACRI.

MARBODEI de Gemmarum Lapidumque pretiosorum formis, naturis atque viribus, opusculum. Colon. 1539, 8vo.

Ammiani Marcellini Historiarum libri qui supersunt, a Sabino, fol. Rom. 1474. Edit. princ. This edition contains only from the fourteenth to the twenty-sixth book inclusive, the rest not having been then discovered.

a Pet. Castello, fol. Bonon. 1515.

ex eadem Edit. fol. Basil. Froben.
1518. Accedit Procopius de Justiniano Imper.

Ammiani MARCELLINI Hist. 8vo. Basil. 1546.

a Frid. Lindebrogio, 4to. Ham. 1609.

8vo. Biponti, 1786, 2 vol.

For other editions of this author and his life, see Ammianus. His history is to be found also in the Historia Romana Scriptores.

MARCELLINI Empirici liber Medicamentorum, a Jano Cornario, fol. Bas. 1536.

This work is found also in the *Medici Antiqui*, fol. Venet. Ald. 1547, & fol. Par. H. Steph. 1567, 2 vol.

——— De Medicina Carmen. in Poetis Lat. Minor. a Burman, 8vo. Glasg. 1752.

Marcellinus Empiricus was a native of Bourdeaux, and physician to Theodosius the great. He flourished towards A. D. 380.

MARCELLUS Sidites. See PLUTARCH.

MARCIANI Heracleotæ orbis descriptio, a Fed. Morello, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Par. 1606.

ab Ernema Vindingio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Hafniæ, 1662.

This work, with Hudson's Latin translation, is found also in the first volume of the *Geographi* Antiqui Minores, 8vo. Oxon. 1698—1703, 4 vol.

This author flourished under Theodosius II. about A. D. 410.

D. MARCI Autographon, a Jo. Dobrouschi, Lat. 8vo. Pragæ, 1778.

This author supposed that St. Mark wrote his Gospel in Latin.

MARCI Monachi Sermones De Jejunio et do

Melchisedech, a Balth. Maria Remondini, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Rom. 1748. This author flourished in the fifth century.

Marci Monachi quæ extant opera, Gr. 8vo. Par. Morel. 1563. Supposed to have been contemporary with the former. This edition contains also some fragments of Hesychius the Presbyter, who flourished about A. D. 420.

MARCI Barronis (vel Varronis) Ordines Finitionum, in the Rei Agrariæ Auctores, a Goesio, 4to. Amst. 1674.

Joannes MARIANA: De Rebus Hispanicis, in fol. Toleti, 1592.—In 4to, Moguntiæ, 1605. These are the two best editions of this work. The first printed at Toledo, contains but twenty books. Mariana wrote the ten following, after these were published, and the edition at Mentz contains the whole work, divided into thirty books. As Mariana in this work goes not beyond Ferdinand the Catholic, it will be necessary to have a small piece wrote by Mariana himself, entitled, Summarium de Rebus Hispaniæ, in which he carries on his history from the Year 1515, to 1612. This piece was printed at Mentz in 1619, and is to be met with at the end of several copies of the his-This writer, who tory of the Mentz edition. spares not kings themselves, when they were bad, has translated his history into Spanish, and the version is as much esteemed as the original Latin. He has been charged with too much moderation shewn to Protestantism, and accused of several mistakes in geography.

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MARIANÆ Historia de Rebus Hispanicis, cum Contin. *Minianæ*, 4 vol. in fol. cum iconibus, Hag. 1733. 2l. 10s. 6d.

John Mariana was born in Talavera, in the diocese of Toledo, in 1530, and died in 1624.

MARII Mercatoris opera, Gr. et Lat. 2 vol. fol. Garneri, Par. 1673.——a Baluzio, 8 vo. Par. 1684, & Svo. Ferar. 1698. 4s.

MARCOLFI Formularium Antiquarum libri duo, cum aliis veteribus formulis incertorum auctorum, a Hieron. Bignonio, fol. Par. 1613.

a Stephano Baluzio, fol. Paris. 1677, 2 vol. Annexed to Capitularium Regum Francorum, &c. A useful collection, containing much information on Ecclesiastical antiquity.

Marculfus was a French monk, who flourished about A. D. 660, though Launoy supposed he lived in the eighth century.

MARDOCHEI Esther liber, ex codic. Arundelliano et Alexandrino, Gr. 4to. 1655.

- \_\_\_\_ Gr. 4to. Lipsiæ, 1695.
- a Vander Hardt, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Helm. 1717.

Fragmenta, Gr. Rom. 1772. Annexed to *Daniel*, with a very learned defence of the *Septuagint* version.

Mardocheus, or Mordecai, the uncle and tutor of Esther, a Jewish captive, afterwards queen to Artaxerxes Longimanus, is supposed, by the catholic writers, to have been the author of this book. It is found in every edition of the canoni-

cal scriptures. Mardocheus flourished about 579 years before Christ.

MARLIANI Galliæ Descriptio. Annexed to Cæsar's Commentaries, by Robert Stephens, Paris.

MARMORA Arundelianorum Seldenianorum alior. Acad. Oxoniensis, a *Maittaire*, fol. Oxon. 1676, & fol. Lond. 1732.

MARMORA Oxoniensia, edidit *Chandler*, cum fig. *Edit. opt.* fol. Oxon. 1763, 5l. 15s. 6d.

They contain all the leading events of the Grecian history till 60 years after the death of Alexander the great, about which time they were composed, yet they mention no Olympiad, nor any other standing æra, but account backwards from the time then present. These, with the Capitoline marbles, which contain a catalogue of the Roman magistrates, and the principal events of their history, during the time of the Commonwealth, are justly esteemed among the most valuable remains of monumental inscriptions.

MARMORUM Oxoniensium Inscriptiones, curante Roberts, 8vo. Oxon. 1791. 5s.

Martini Marrier Bibliotheca Cluniacensis, complectens ss. Patrum Cluniacensium Vitas, Miracula, Scripta, Statuta, Privilegia, &c, cum not. 2uercetani, fol. Par. 1614.

MARSHAMI Diatriba Chronologica, 4to. Lond. 1645.

Chronicus Canon Ægyptiacus, Ebraicus et Græcus, cum Disquisitionibus historicis et criticis

Joannis Marshami Equitis, fol. Lond. Roycroft, 1672. 2l. 12s. 6d.

J. MARSHAMI, 4to. Lips. 1676.

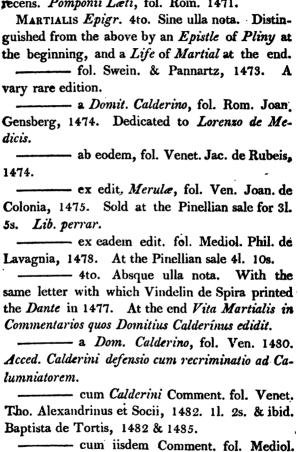
4to. Francq. 1696. 5s. Better than the Lipsig edition, but both vastly inferior to that of London. This is a chronological work of extraordinary merit.

Sir John Marsham was born in London 1602, where he died in 1685. In his Canon Chronicus he has cast great light on the ancient Egyptian chronology, which seemed to be nearly lost in impenetrable obscurity: this he did principally by proving that the *Dynasties* were not successive, but collateral. He has made some mistakes, which Prideaux, Shuckford and others have rectified.

MARTIALIS Epigrammata ex emendatione Georgii Merulæ, fol. Vind. de Spira, absque loci et anni indicio. EDIT. PRINC. Supposed to have been printed in 1470. It is one of the rarest in the class of Editiones Principes. Sold at Dr. Askew's sale for 171. At Mr. Prefond's sale in 1757, it sold for 580 livres. At Mr. Gaignat's in 1769, for 421 livres. At Mr. De Baisset's in 1777, for 510 livres. And at the Duke de la Valliere's sale in 1784, it brought 1274 livres.

VOL. V. Sine titulo, et sine ulla nota.

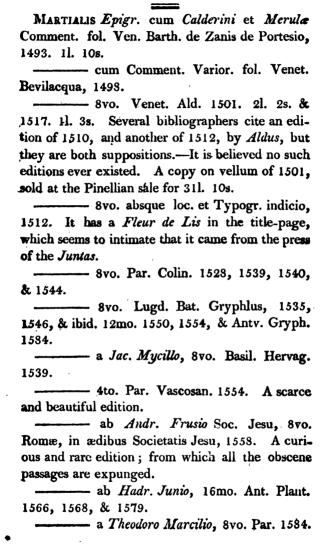
A very old edition, different from that of Spira. The character similar to the Silius Italicus ex recens. Pomponii Læti, fol. Rom. 1471.

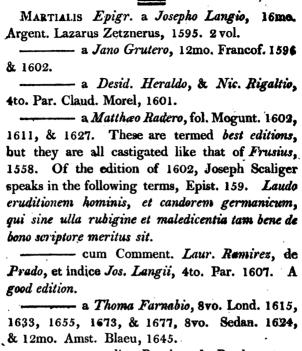


----- cum Petri Marsi Comment. fol. Ven.

Schinzinzeler, 1483.

Bonetus Locatellus, 1492.

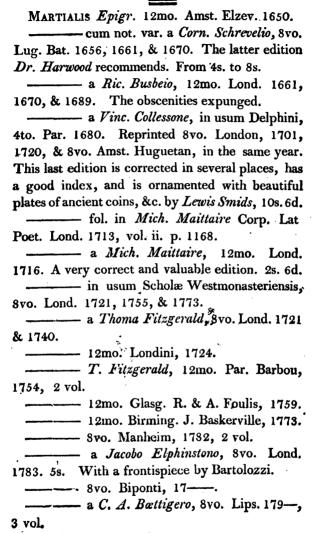




ex edit. Ramirez de Prado, 16mo. Par. Libert. 1616. A rare edition.

Langii, fol. Par. 1617. By many reckoned the best edition, to which is annexed the Greek translation of the Select Epigrams of Martial, by Joseph Scaliger.

a Pet Scriverio, 12mo. Lugd. Bat. Maire, 1619. Lib. rariss. The Notes of Scriverius are very learned and judicious; and the work is highly praised by Dr. Harwood. Sold at the Pinellian sale for 11. 3s.



Select Epigrams of MARTIAL published separately.

XENIA et APOPHORETA, 4to. Lips. Jacob. Thanner, 1498. 4to. Erfordiæ, Joan. Knapp, 1508. 8vo. Francof. 1508.

Selecta Martialis et Juvenalis, 4to. Daventriæ, Jacob. de Breda, 1512.

Florilegium Epigrammatum Martialis, cum Josephi Scaligeri Metaphrasi; Græc. et Lat. 8vo. Lut. Ex Typogr. R. Stephani excudebat Jo. Janonus, 1607.

Martialis Epigrammata Selecta, Lat. et Angl. a Guil. Hay, 12mo. Lond. 1755. 3s. The translation in general good, and the epigrammatic point of Martial well preserved.

Marcus Valerius Martialis de Biblis, (now called Bubiera, in the kingdom of Arragon in Spain) came from his native place to Rome in the twentieth year of his age. Here he met with such treatment as a satirical genius might expect in a large city:—applauded by some, and hated by others. He continued there thirty-five years under Galba, and the succeeding Emperors, who gave him particular marks of their esteem. Domitian made him a Tribune; and in return he deified the Emperor while he lived; and treated him as a monster after his death. When Trajan came to the throne, who was a professed enemy to all satirists, Martial left Rome and retired to his own city, where he died about A. D. 100.

The best character that can be given of his Epigrams, is that given by himself; Sunt bona, sunt quædam mediocria, sunt mala plura.

They are good, bad, and indifferent: but the bad are most abundant.

MARTIALI Gargilii, De cura boum liber, among the Rei Rusticæ Auctores, 4to. Lips. 1735. Excellently illustrated by Gesner. This author flourished about A. D. 230.

MARTIANUS Capella de Nuptiis Philologia et Mercurii et de septem artibus liberalibus, ex recens. Franc. Vitalis Bodiani, fol. Vicentiæ, Henr. de S. Urso, 1499. Edit. princ. 2l. 2s. Bibliographers have introduced an edition, fol. Parmæ, 1494, as the Edit. princ. and such it must be

considered, did it exist: but there is no evidence
hat any such edition ever was published.
fol. Mutinæ Dionys. Berthocus Regi-
ensis, 1500.
fol. Basil. Henr. Petri, 1532.
8vo. Lugd. Heredes Simonis Vin-
centii, 1539.
a Bonaventuro Vulcanio, fol. Basil.
1577, acced. Isidori Origines et alia.
ab Hugo Grotio, 8vo. Lug. Bat.
Plant. 1599. Best edition: a rare work. The
celebrated Grotius prepared this work for the press
when he was only fourteen years of age.
8vo. Lug. Huguet. et Ravaud. 1658.
a Lud. Walthardo, 8vo. Bernæ, 1763.
Only the two first books, with a few various read.

ings at the end. The *ninth* book of this work was inserted among the Antiquæ Musicæ Scriptores, Gr. et Lat. a *Marco Meibomio*, 4to. Amst. 1652.

Martianus Capella was an African author, of an uncertain age: but according to the most probable opinion, he flourished about the middle of the sixth century.

MARTINII Lexicon. See Lexicon, vol. iv. p. 262.

MARTINUS Episcop. Bragensis, De iv. Virtutibus cardinalibus, fol. Par. Wolphangus, 1489.

This author died about A. D. 580.

Chronica Summorum Pontificum Imperatorumque, ac de septem ætatibus mundi, ex S. Hieronymo, Eusebio aliisque eruditis excerpta. A MARTINO POLONO, Taurini, 1477, 4to. *Edit.* princ. A curious work.

Coriolani Martirani Tragædiæ viii. Medea, Electra, Hippolytus, Bacchæ, Phænissæ, Cyclops, Prometheus et Christus. Comædiæ ii. Plutus et Nubes; Odysseæ libri xii. Batrachomymachia et Argonauticon, curis Martir Martirani, 8vo. Neapoli, 1556.

MARTYN (Joannis) Historia Plantarum rariorum, fol. Lond. 1728.

Petri Martyris Anglerii Mediolensis opus Epistolarum, Compluti in ædibus Mich. de Eguia, fol. 1530. Lib. rar. fol. Amst. 1670.

MARTYROLOGIUM. See Collection, vol. ii. p. 298.

Poetæ tres elegantissimæ scil. Mich. MARULLUS,

Hieron. Argerianus et Joan. Secundus, 16mo. Par. 1582.

Manulli Næniæ Urbini, 1515. Lib. rar.

Mic. Marullus was one of those learned Greeks who fled from Constantinople when taken by the Turks; he died in 1500.

MASCLEF Grammatica hebraica, 12mo. Paris. 1731, 2 vol. Best edition. This edition was published by Father de la Bletterie, priest of the oratory, in which all the objections brought against Masclef's new method are answered. Father Masclef rejected the Hebrew vowel points: and his new method of reading consisted simply in adding after each consonant the first vowel in its name. E. g. after 2 beth, e; after 7 daleth, a, and so of the rest. At the end of a word, the vowel belonging to the letter is omitted. By this means, though he rejected the vowels, and considered all the letters as consonants, yet he made a provision for a very intelligible system of Hebrew pronunciation.

MASURIUS Sabinus. See Jus.

## MATHEMATICI GRÆCI.

EUCLIDIS opera omnia a Gregory, Gr. et Lat. fol. Oxon. 1703. Edit. opt. See EUCLID.

HERONIS Belopœca a B. Baldo, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Aug. Vind. 1616. See HERO.

ARISTARCHUS de magnitudine solio, a Wallis, Gr. et Lat. Oxon. 1688. See ARISTARCHUS.

APOLLONII Pergæi Conica, &c. Gr. et Lat. cura Halleii, fol. Oxon. 1710. Edit. opt. See APOLLONIUS.

ARCHIMEDIS opera ex recens. Torelli, Gr. et Lat. fol. Oxon. 1792. Edit. opt. See ARCHIMEDES.

HIPPARCHI in Arati, &c. et Asteriscorum liber, a Victorio, Gr. fol. Florent. 1567. See HIPPARCHUS.

THEODOSH Sphærica, a Joan. Pena, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Par. Wechel, 1558. Edit. princ.

a Jos. Hunt, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Oxon. 1707. This mathematician flourished probably under Trajan, about A. D. 100.

THEONIS Smyrnæi expositio Mathematici ab Ism. Bullialdo, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Par. 1644.

Theon flourished about the 120th, year of the Christian æra.

NICOMACHI Geraseni Arithmetica, Gr. 4to. Par. 1538. Nicomachus lived under Antoninus Pius, about A. D. 150.

CLEOMEDIS *Meteora*, Gr. 4to. Paris. 1539. See CLOMEDES.

PTOLOMÆI magna constructio, cum Comment. Theonis Alexandrini, Gr. fol. Bas. 1538. Edit. princ.

<del></del>	Constructionis libe	er primus ${ t ab} \; { t \it Era}$	5-
mo Reinholt,	Gr. et Lat. 8vo.	Witteb. 1549.	

——— 2uadripartitum a Joac. Camerario, Gr. 8vo. Basil. Oporin. 1545.

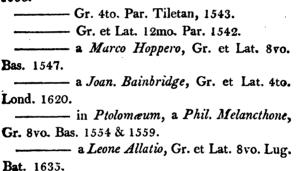
----- Harmonica, a Joan. Wallis, Gr. et Lat.

4to. Oxon. 1682. *Ptolomy* flourished under Marcus Aurelius, about A. D. 170. See PTOLO-MEUS.

HYPSICLIS Anaphoricus, a Jac. Mentelio, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Par. 1657. See Hypsicles.

DIOPHANTI Alexandrini Arithmetica, a Claud. Casp. Bacheto, Gr. et Lat. fol. Paris. 1621. See in vol. iii. p. 140.

PROCLI Sphæra, a Jacob. Zieglero, Gr. 4to. Bas. 1536.



Proclus, sirnamed Diadocus, was born in Lycia, and flourished about A. D. 500. It is said, that when Vitalian laid siege to Constantinople, Proclus burnt his ship with large brazen speculums.

HELIODORI opticorum libri ii. ab *Eras. Bartholi-*20, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Par. 1657. See HELIODORUS. PSELLI Compendium quatuor artium, Gr. 8vo. Ven. de Sabio, 1532, & 12mo. Par. 1545.

Psellus flourished under Michael Ducas, about

A. D. 1075. Another contemporary author of the same name, was preceptor to  $Leo\ V$ .

THEOLOGUMENA Arithmeticæ, Gr. 4to. Paris. Wechel. 1543. The only edition, and very rare.

BARLAAMI Logistica, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Par. 1594. A most curious work.

MATHEMATICI veteres, Gr. et Lat. fol. Par. Typ. Reg. 1693. A valuable and useful collection, very rare.

PETAVII Uranologium in quo Græci auctores varii de Sphæra ac sideribus corumque motibus, Gr. et Lat. fol. Par. 1630. A valuable work.

Flores historiarum per MATTHÆUM Westmonasteriensem collecti præcipue de rebus Britannicis ab exordio Mundi usque ad annum, 1307. Francof. 1601, fol. This work was published first at London, fol. 1570. The author who lived in the four-teenth century was a very credulous and incorrect writer.

Oratio Philippica ad excitandos contra Galliam Britannos, sanctiori Anglorum concilio exhibita A. D. 1514. Authore MATTHEO Card. Sedurensi, qui gallorum ungues non rececandos sed penitus evellendos esse voluit, &c. 12mo. Amst. 1709.

Antonii Mathæi Analecta. See Collections, vol. iii. p. 16.

MATTHEI Christ. Frid. Lectiones Mosquenses, ib. p. 18

S. MATTHÆI Evang. Octolingue, Hebr. Gr. Lat. &c. ab Henr. Kellerman, 4to. Moquæ, 1712.

- S. MATTHEI Evang. Lat. 4to. Vien. 1522.

  ab Ang. Buonoricio, Lat. et Ital.
  12mo. Venet. 1569.
- Par. 1695.
- cnm Variantibus, a Jo. Andr. Irico, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Mediol. 1749.

This first Evangelist is found in every edition of the New Testament.

MATTHÆUS Vindocinensis. See POETÆ.

Petri. Andr. MATHIOLI Commentarii in libros sex Dioscoridis, fol. Venet. 1565. Best edition, in which the wood-cuts are very fine. The edition of 1583, Ven. fol. is also a good one.

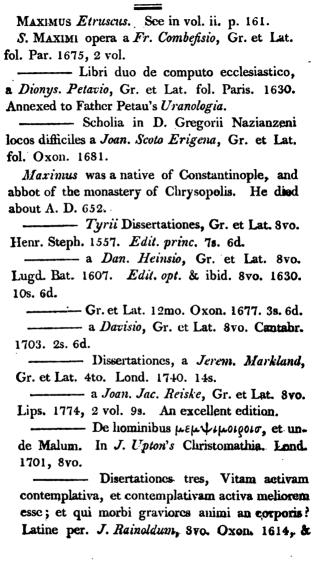
ex editione Casp. Bauhini, fol. 1598. cum fig. This work formerly better esteemed than at present, has gone through upwards of twenty editions in Latin, Italian, German, and French.

Fr. MATURANTIUS de componendis versibus. Venet. 1468. Lib. exim. rarit. Supposed to have been the first book printed at Venice by Ratdolt.

Julius Firmicus Maternus de Errore profanarum Religionum cum notis Woweri, cum Minucii Felici Octavio, Oxon. 1678. 8vo. See Firmicus.

MAURUS Honoratus. See SERVIUS.

Joannis MAXENTII Opuscula Theologica, a Jo. Cochlæo, 8vo. Colon. 1526. This author wrote his work in Greek, about A. D. 520, but the Latin translation only remains.



12mo. Lond. 1619, & in J. Rainoldi orationibus duodecim, 8vo. Oxon. 1628.

Maximus Tyrius was a Platonic philosopher, and flourished under the Emperors Marcus Aurelius and Commodus, about A. D. 180. He is one of the most eloquent and pleasing of the Platonic philosophers.

Mazdorici MAYERI Tractatus de osculo pedum Pontificis Romani. Lips. 1712, 4to.

Jo. MAYERI Tractatus de temporibus et festis diebus Hebræorum. Amst. 1724, 4to.

Clemens MAZZE de vita Sanctissimi viri Zenobii Episc. Florentini, &c. In Firenze, 1487, 4to.

Alberti MAZZOLINI Commentarii in Numismata zerea selectiora maximi moduli, e muszeo Pisano olim Corrario. In Monast. Bened. Casinato, 1740—41, 2 vol. fol.

Lucii Volucii Meciani liber Questionum de Asse, ac partibus ejus, et vocabula ac notæ partium in rebus pecuniariis, pondere, numero, mensura, ad Censorem, ab Elia Vineto, 8vo. Paris. 1565. At the end of Hottoman's work De Re Nummaria, with other works of Rimnius Palæmon, Priscian, &c. on the same subject.

a Joan. Frider. Gronovio, 8vo. Amst. 1556, & 4to. Lug. Bat. 1691. In the work of Gronovius De Sextertiis: to which is added, Scriptum Balbi Mensoris ad Celsum, de Asse minutisque ejus partiunculis. All in the seventh volume of Gronovii Thesaurus: and among the fragments of ancient laws in the collection Jus Civile.

This author was counsellor to Antoninus Pius. He flourished about 160 years after Christ.

Insigniorum Virorum Epistolæ Selectæ, quæ nunc primum prodeunt ex Bibliotheca Jani Gulielmi Meclii, Amst. ex Typ. Halmiana, 1701, 8vo.

## MEDICI GRÆCI.

HIPPOCRATIS opera, a Fasio, Gr. et Lat. fol. Genev. 1657, 2 vol. See HIPPOCRATES.

HEROTIANI vocum quæ apud Hippocratum sunt Collectio, a *Eustochio*, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Venet. Junta, 1566. See HEROTIAN.

Galeni, et Herodoti Glossaria in Hypocratem, a J. G. F. Franzio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Lips. 1780.

GALENI opera, Gr. fol. Basil. Croland, 1538, 5 vol. Edit. opt. See GALEN.

ARETÆUS de causis et signis acutorum et diuturnorum morborum, &c. a Boerhaave, fol. L. Bat. 1735. See ARETÆUS.

Rufi Ephesii de Vesicæ Renumque morbis, de Purgantibus medicamentis, de Partibus corporis humanæ, a Jac. Goupylo, Gr. 8vo. Par. 1554.

a Guil. Clinet, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Lond. 1726. A beautiful and correct edition.

This author flourished under Trajan, about A. D. 100.

Pauli ÆGINETÆ opera medica, Gr. fol. Venet. Ald. 1528. Edit. princ. Very rare. Several bibliographers have mentioned, and even circum-

stantially described an Aldine edition of 1534, fol, but no such edition ever existed. What led to this mistake was this: the edition of 1528 has been sometimes bound up with ÆTII AMYDENI libri medicinales, Gr. fol. Venet. Ald. 1534. Those therefore who only inspected the title-page have fallen into the above error.

ÆTIUS Amydenus, Gr. fol. Basil. 1536. See ÆGIDIUS & ÆTIUS.

ALEXANDRI TRALLIANI libri Medicinales, a Jac. Goupylo, Gr. 4to. Par. R. Steph. 1548.

Bas. 1556.

De Lumbricis, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Ven.

This author flourished under Justinian, about A. D. 530. See ALEXANDER.

ORIBASII Collectanea Medicinalia, Gr. 8vo. Par. Morel. 1556. Lib. rariss.

De Fractis et Luxatis libri ii. Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Rom. 1543.

Anatomica ex Galeno, a Guil. Dundass, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Lug. Bat. 1735.

——— Latine, 8vo. Bas. 1557, 3 vol.

Oribasius flourished under Julian the Apostate, about A. D. 360.

EUTECHNII Sophistæ Paraphrasis in Oppiani<sup>\*</sup> Ixeutica, ab *Erasmo Windfingio*, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Hafniæ, 1702.

THEOPHILI de Urinis, liber singularis, a Guil. Morello, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Par. 1608.

THEOPHILI de Urinis, a Thoma Guidotio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Lug. Bat. 1728. Edit. opt.

cum Tractatu de Excrementis, ab eodem, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Lug. Bat. 1703.

versione J. P. Crassi. a Guil. Morello, 8vo. Paris 1556.

Theophilus flourished under Heraclius, about A. D. 630.

Actuarii de Actionibus et Affectionibus Spiritus Animalis, a Jac. Goupylo, Gr. 8vo. Paris. 1557. Edit. princ. & Lib. rar.

Actuarius was physician to Andronicus Paleologus, about A. D. 1330. See ACTUARIUS.

XENOCRITUS de Alimento ex Aquatilibus, cum Scholiis Conradi Gesneri, Gr. et Lat. ex versione Jo. Bap. Rosarii, 8vo. Tiguri, 1559. This small tract is the rarest in the collection of Greek physicians. The above is added by Gesner to the five books of Dubravius De Piscinis et Piscium, qui in eis aluntur naturis.

Rosarii et animadversionibus J. G. F. Franzii, 8vo. Lips. 1774.

Xenocrates was a Greek physician, and flourished under Caligula, about A. D. 40.

Anonymi Philosophi Antiquissima Isagoge Anatomica, a Pet. Laurembergio, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Hamb. 1616.

———— et Hypatus de partibus corporis, a Joan. Steph. Bernard, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Lug. Bat. 1744. See HIPATUS.

NONNI de Omnium Particularium Morborum curatione, a Hierem. Martio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Argentor. 1568. Lib. rariss.

Nonnus lived under Constantine Porphyrogenitus, about A. D. 940.

CASSII Medici de Animalibus Quæstiones, Gr. 8vo. Par. Sumpt. *Emondæ Tusanæ Viduæ Conradi Neobarii*, 1541. See CASIUS.

Moschionis de Morbis Mulierum, a Conrado Gesnero, Gr. 4to. Bas. 1566. Lib. rar.

SIMEONIS LETHI de Alimentorum facultatibus, a. L. Gr. Gyraldo, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Bas. 1538.

Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Par. 1658.

Simon Lethus lived under the Emperor Michael Ducas, about A. D. 1075.

Palladii de febribus, a Jo. Chartier, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Par. 1646.

a Jo. Steph. Bernard, Gr. et Lat. Svo. Lug. Bat. 1795.

When this author lived is uncertain, but he was posterior to Galen.

Synesii de febribus, a J. S. Bernard. Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Amst. 1749. When this author lived is not known.

DEMETRII PEPAGOMENI de Podagra, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Par. 1558. See DEMETRIUS.

PSELLI libellus de Lapidum virtutibus, a J. S. Bernard, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Lug. Bat. 1745.

LAMBERMONTII totius medicinæ complexus, Gr. et Lat. 12mo. Lond. 1654, with a beautiful head of Oliver Crowwell.

CHIRURGICI veteres, ab Ant. Cocchio, Gr. et Lat. fol. Florent. 1764. See CHIRURGICI.

CHRIST. GOTTOFRED STENTZELII de somno præstantissimo Sanitatis et Morborum auxilio Meditatio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Franc. & Lips. & Gedan. 1745.

## Ancient Latin Physicians.

MEDICI Scriptores Antiqui, ab Albano Torino, fol. Bas. Cratander, 1528. The first collection, which contains Soranus, Oribasius, Plinius Valerianus de Re Medica, Apuleius & Antonius Musa.

——— fol. Venet. Ald. 1547. This rare collection contains Celsus, Serenus Samonicus, Trotula, Marcellus, Scribonius Largus, Soranus Ephesius, C. Plinius Secundus, L. Apuleius, Antonius Musa, Æmilius Macer, Strabus Gallus, Cælius Aurelianus, et Theodorus Priscianus. See Musa & Placitus.

MEDICE Artis Principes, ab Henr. Stephano, fol. Paris. 1567. This contains the Greek and Latin physicians after Hippocrates and Galen; but of the Greek physicians, the Latin version only is printed. This is called the Edit. opt. yet in the Latin authors the Aldine edition is more copious.

ARS VETERUM, et mediæ Ætatis Scriptorum Metricorum et Medicorum, De Re Herbaria, ab Andrea Rivino, 8vo. Lips. 1655. This rare edition contains the following authors.

Columellæ cultus hortorum, Palladii de insitione

cum aliorum villaticis carminibus. Walafridi Strabi Hortulus, Sereni Moretus, Macri de viribus Herbarum, Incerti Græci Auctoris de facultatibus plantarum. Tessali Mysterium ad Hermen et alia. Alexandri Imper. de Septem Virtutibus Herbarum. Schola Salernitana. Thesaurus Pauperum, Apuleii de nominibus et medicaminibus herbarum. Antonii Musæ de Betonica. Vestii Valentis Antiochei de Plantarum naturis. At the end, the observations of Rivinus are promised; but it does not appear that they have yet been published.

MEDICÆ Artis Principes, ab Alberto Hallero, 8vo. Lausannæ, 1774, 11 vol. A good edition. This contains only the translations of the Greek writers: but it has some of the best tracts of the Arabic physicians, Al Rasis, &c.

Miscellaneous MEDICAL WRITERS not usually arranged among the preceding.

MATTHEI SYLVATICI medici de Salerno liber cibalis et medicinalis Pandectarum. Neapoli, 1474, fol. Lib. rar.

AVICENNÆ opera omnia Arabicè. Romæ, 1593, fol. See AVICENNA.

MARTINI SCHURIGII Chylologia Historico-medica;—quâ voracitatis, Pisiæ, Nauseæ et Inediæ diuturnæ exempla recensentur, &c. 4to. Dresdæ,, 1725.

Sialogia Hist. med. sive Salivæ humani consideratio, quâ ejus natura et usus, simulque morsus brutorum, et hominum rabies et Hydrophobia, &c. 4to. Dres. 1723.

MARTINI SCHURIGII Spermatologia, hoc est seminis humani consideratio; quâ ejus natus simulque opus generationis, et varia de Coitu, de Castratione, &c. explicantur, nec non de Hermaphroditis, &c. 4to. Dres. 1720.

These are very curious works, and of considerable value when the collection is complete.

tas et defectus considerantur, 4to. Dresdæ, 1744.

SEVERINI PINEI de integritatis et corruptionis Virginum notis, 12mo. Lug. Bat. 1641. A curious treatise, often reprinted.

RABBI MOYSI Tractatus iv. de regimine Sanitatis Florent, apud Sanctum Jacobum de Rissoli, 4to-Sine anno. Jo. de LIGNAMINE, libellus de conservandà sanitate. Rom. 1475, 4to.

Joan. de RANCH Disputatio de aëre et esculentis; necnon de potu. Vien. Aust. 1622 & 1624, 4to. A curious tract.

Alexandri T. Petronii de victu Romanorum, et de sanitate tuendâ libri v. necnon de alvo sine medicamentis molliendâ. Rom. 1581, fol. A valuable treatise.

Juliani PALMARII de vino et pomaceo libri ii. 8vo. Par. 1588.

Pet. And. CANONHERII de admirandis vini virtutibus libri iii. Antv. 1627, 8vo.

J. Hen. Meibomii de Cervisiis potibusque et ebriaminibus aliis extra vinum Commentarius, 4to. Helm. 1668.

Ger. Van Swieten commentaria in Hermanni Boerhaave Aphorismos, de cognoscendis et curandis morbis, 4to. 3 vol. Par. 1755, & ann. seqq.

ALOYSII LUISINI Aphrodisiacus; seu Collectio Scriptorum de Lue Venereâ. ex edit. *Herm. Boerhaave*, fol. Lug. Bat. 1728.

Joan. ASTRUC de morbis venereis lib. ix. in quibus disseritur, tum de origine, propagatione et contagione horumce affectuum in genere, &c. 4to. 2 vol. Par. 1740.

Joan. Bapt. BIANCHI historia hepatica, &c. 4to. 2 vol. Genev. 1725. cum fig.

For other medical works, see the names of their respective authors in the course of the dictionary: and *De Bure*, from No. 1781 to 1938.

Medulla Grammaticæ, sive Promptorius Puerorum sive Clericorum, fol. excus. a Pynson, 1499.

This piece may be considered as an English-Latin Dictionary, and is the oldest book of its kind extant: it contains a number of old English words no where else explained. The name of the compiler was Richard Fraunces, of whom nothing is known but what may be gathered from the following Ms. note in a copy possessed by Mr. Ward of Longbridge, Nomen Compilatoris istius libri est Frater Richardus Fraunces interquatuor parietes pro Christo inclusus.

Gerardi MEERMAN nov. Thesaurus Juris Civ. et Canon. fol. Hag. 1751, & ann. seqq. 7 vol.

Antiquæ Musicæ Auctores Septem, ex recens. et cum notis *Marc*. Melbomii, Gr. et Lat. Ams. Elz. 1652, 2 vol. 4to.

de fabrica Triremium cum fig. æn. Amst. 1671, 4to.

Pomponius Mela de Situ orbis, 4to. Mediol. 1471. Edit. princ.

- Svo. absque ulla nota. Supposed by some to be the *Edit. princ*.
- 4to. Sine ulla nota. Ancient Roman characters—at the end, Cosmographiæ liber EX-
- ———— 4to. Sine ulla nota. Ends thus: Cosmographi libri tertii et ultimi finis.

Jo. de LIGNAMINE, libellus de conservandà sanitate. Rom. 1475, 4to.

Joan. de RANCH Disputatio de aëre et esculentis; necnon de potu. Vien. Aust. 1622 & 1624, 4to. A curious tract.

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J. Hen. MEIBOMII de Cervisiis potibusque et ebriaminibus aliis extra vinum Commentarius, 4to. Helm. 1668.

Ger. Van Swieten commentaria in Hermanni Boerhaave Aphorismos, de cognoscendis et curandis morbis, 4to. 3 vol. Par. 1755, & ann. seqq.

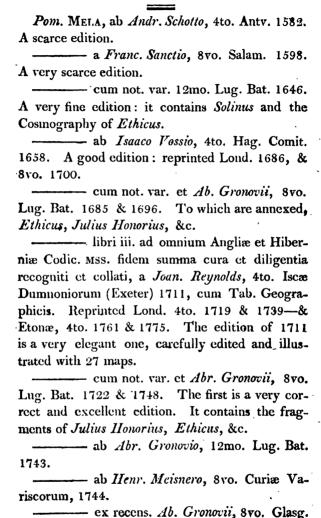
ALOYSII LUISINI Aphrodisiacus; seu Collectio Scriptorum de Lue Venereâ. ex edit. *Herm. Bo-erhaave*, fol. Lug. Bat. 1728.

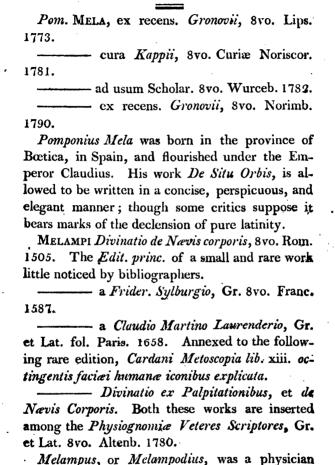
Joan. ASTRUC de morbis venereis lib. ix. in quibus disseritur, tum de origine, propagatione et contagione horumce affectuum in genere, &c. 4to. 2 vol. Par. 1740.

Joan. Bapt. BIANCHI historia hepatica, &c. 4to. 2 vol. Genev. 1725. cum fig.

For other medical works, see the names of their respective authors in the course of the dictionary: and De Bure, from No. 1781 to 1938.

Foulis, 1752.





phus, about 270 years before our Lord.

Biblia Græca per *Phil*. Melancthonem, fol.

Basil. 1545.

who flourished in the time of Ptolomy Philadel-

Phil. MELANCTHONIS opera omnia, a Casp. Peucero, fol. Witteberg. 1601, 4 vol. This edition by Melancthon's son-in-law, is the most ample and most correct of this great man's works.

Philip Melancthon, a most eminent divine and reformer, was born in the palitinate of the Rhine, 1497, and died at Wirtemberg in 1560. Both Catholics and Protestants agree in allowing him to have been one of the most meek, humble, modest, amiable, and learned men of his day. God in his Providence seems to have raised him up on purpose to assist Luther in reforming the church, and to moderate and direct that excess of zeal, which, without the influence of Melancthon, must have sometimes carried Luther to such lengths as would have been injurious to the reformation itself.

Meleagri Gadareni Carmina, ex recen. Brunckii cum Comment. Gr. 8vo. Lips. 1789.

Reliquie, a J. C. F. Manso, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Jenee, 1789.

Idyllion in Ver, a Joan. Bapt. Zenzbettio, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Rom. 1759.

ab Alb. Christ. Meinecke, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Gotting. 1788. Edit. opt.

Meleager was a Greek poet, a native of Gadara in Syria, and flourished under Seleucus VI. about 100 years before our Lord. He was the first collector of the Anthologia Græca. See ANTHOLOGIA.

Mella Patrum nascentis Ecclesiæ per prima

tria Sæcula collecta, a Franc. Rous, 8vo. Lond. 1650.

Ex Ctesia, Agatharcide, et Memnone excerpta historiæ, &c. ab Henr. Steph. Gr. 8vo. Par. 1557.

MEMNONIS historicorum, quæ supersunt omnia, e Gr. in Lat. traducta per R. Brett, 16mo. Oxon. 1597.

MENANDRI et *Philemonis* fragmenta, a Jo. Clerico, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Amst. 1709. Some copies are found with the date Amst. 1712, but the edition is the same.

The fragments of *Menander* were first published by *Morel*, in 1553, Greek, Paris. Both these poets flourished under *Alexander the Great*, about 330 years before Christ. Of 108 Comedies composed by Menander, only a few fragments remain. It is said that *Terence* translated the whole in Latin: if so, the translation has shared the same fate with the original.

The edition of Le Clerc, which is said to be full of blunders, from the editor's almost total ignorance of the laws of Greek quantity, was severely criticised by Dr. Bentley in his Emendationes in Menandri et Philemonis reliquias en nupera editione Joannis Clerici, ubi multa Grotii et aliorum plurima vero Clerici errata castigantur, auctore Phileluthero Lipsiensi. These he sent over to Peter Burman, who soon after published them with a violent preface: Le Clerc having heard of the intended publication, and being told that Bentley was the author, wrote him various letters,

the originals of which were purchased at Dr. Askew's sale, and afterwards published by Dr. Geddes. Vid. Matty's Review, Vol. ix. Article 5. "The publication of the Emendations produced

the following works:

1. "Phylargyrii Cantabrigiensis Emendationes in Menandri et Philemonis Reliquias ex nupera editione, Joannis Clerici. Amsterdam, 8vo. 1711."

This work was reviewed, and fresh criticisms added, in vol. 22. p. 202. of the Bibliotheque Choisie. Besides what it mentioned in the title-page, it contains some remarks of Salvini on Menander and Philemon.

2. "Insania Emendationum in Menandri reliquias nuper editarum Traject. ad Rhenum, auctore Phileleuthero Lipsiensi accedit responsio M. Lucilii Profuturi, ad Epistolam C. Veratii Philellensis, quæ exstat in Bibliothecæ Choiriæ parte ix. 8vo. Lug. Bat. 1710."

This work, which is not mentioned in any part of the controversy, is in the Museum library, it is written in execrable Latin, and the Greek does not seem to be better.

There was another *Menander*, a rhetorician; see him in the *Rhetores Græci Veteres*, Gr. fol. Ven. Ald. 1508—9, 2 vol. & 1513, fol. 3 vol.

MENCKENII de Charlataneria eruditorum declamationes duæ cum notis varior. accedit Seb. Stadelii Epistola de circumforanea litteratorum Vanitate, 12mo. Amst. 1716.

Scriptores rerum Germanicarum præcipue Sax-

onicatum: a J. B. Menckenio, fol. Lips. 1628, 3 vol.

MENECRATES. Among the Poetæ minores Græci, 8vo. Cant. 1652, &c.

Franc. Mesginen MENINSKI Thesaurus Linguarum Orientalium Turcicæ, Arabicæ, Persicæ, &c. fol. Vien. Aust. 1680, 4 vol. The first volume begins with Elif and ends with dal. The second begins with dzal and ends with kaf. The third begins with lam, and besides the conclusion of the alphabet, has an appendix of 429 pages. Then follow, Linguarum orientalium Turcica, Arabica. Persicæ Institutiones, in seven parts, containing 216 columns, which is concluded with an index of Arabic triliteral verbs, and an appendix of emendations, in two pages. The fourth volume is entitled, Complementum Thesauri, seu Onomasticum Latino-Turcico, Arabico-Persicum, &c. Viennæ, Aust. 1687. This is concluded with an appendix of 189 columns; and thus the work terminates. In some copies the Institutiones are bound separately. and thus the work appears in five volumes; but by being bound as before noted, the volumes are then all of nearly an equal size. There is but one title-page in general to the whole work, but that which is here described has a distinct title in black and red to each of the four volumes.

This edition is extremely scarce, and previously to the publication of Mr. Richardson's Persian, Arabic, and English Dictionary, was extremely dear: as a good copy sold for *fourscore*, and sometimes

100 guineas! One principal cause of its extraordinary price is its scarcity, as the greater part of the edition was destroyed by a bomb from the Turkish army who were then besieging Vienna, which fell upon the author's premises, and consumed the principal part of his work. The fourth volume, or Complementum, was entirely destroyed: and the indefatigable Meninski was obliged to compose this entirely anew; and this is the reason why it did not appear till seven years after the other was completed. There are few sets of this work which do not bear evident proofs of the above mentioned fire-many parts are stained with the water used to quench the flames; and in some volumes, especially the third, where the Grammatical Institutions are found, some leaves have been so damaged with the fire and the water, as to oblige them to be cut out, and others less damaged pasted in their place.

A new edition of this work, fol. 2 vol. Viennæ, Kurzhec, 1780—84, has lately made its appearance, with what improvements, if any, I have not learnt. The Turkish, Persian, and Arabic Grammars were republished in two volumes, quarto, Viennæ, 1756. Of the first edition of the Thesaurus it may be safely predicted, that as it ever must be a scarce book, it will never descend below its value. Indeed few, very few works of its kind can boast of more literary merit than the Thesaurus of Meninski, though a writer who owes to it all his excellencies, has called this in question.

Menologium. See in vol. ii. p. 298.

Mensa Philosophica impress. Lovanii per me Joannem de Westfalia—Pogii in Librum Facetiarum — Explicit Facetiarum Liber Pogii Oratoris Eloquentissimi Impress. Tempore Ducis Maximiliani in sua Terra Brabantina per me Joannem de Westfalia—Facetie Morales Laurentii Vallensis alias Esopus Grecus per dictum Laurentium translatus incipiunt feliciter—Francisci Petrarchæ de Salibus Virorum Illustrium ac Facetiis impresse Parisius, 1490, 4to. On a London sale Catalogue.

Jacobi MENTELII de Typographiæ origine Parænesis, 4to. Par. 1650.

Christiani Mentzelli Index nominum Plantarum, multis linguis, fol. Berol. 1682. Reprinted with the title Lexicon Plantarum Polyglotton, fol. Ber. 1715.

Mich. MERCATI Metallotheca Vaticana, cum appendice notarum, et nov. Iconum Cochlearum, &c. fol. Rom. 1717—19, cum fig. A well executed and valuable work.

Murii MERCATORIS opera, Gr. et Lat. cum not. et observat. Jo. Garnerii, fol. Par. 1673, 2 vol. a Baluzio, 8vo. Par. 1684.

Marius Mercator was the disciple and friend of St. Augustin. According to Batuze, he was an African; but a Calabrian according to Garnier. He wrote against the Nestorians and Pelagians, and died about A. D 450.

Mercurius Trismegistus. See Hermes.

Historiæ Sacræ Veteris et Novi Testamenti cum fig. Matth. Meriani, in 4to. oblongo, Amstel 260 plates.

Matth. Meriani, Icones Biblicæ, 4to. oblongo, Strasburg. 1625.

Collections Topographiques. Amst. fol. 31 vol.

Mariæ Sybillæ Meriani Dissertatio de generatione et metamorphosibus Insectorum Surinamensium. Amst. 1704, fol. mag. A beautiful work, containing sixty plates.

editio altera Latinè et Gallicè cui accedit appendix transformationis piscium in Ranas, et Ranarum in Pisces. Hag. Comit. fol. 1726. 72 plates.

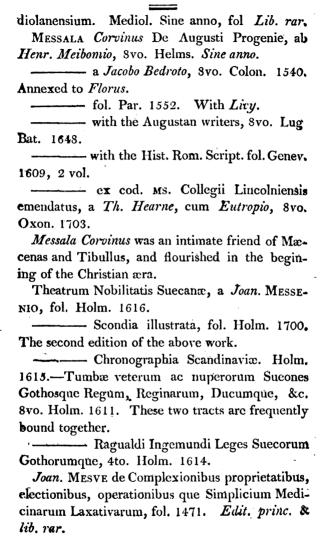
Histoire des Insectes de l' Europe, dessinès apres nature et expliquès, fol. mag. Amst. 1730, cum fig. Sometimes this work, and that on the insects of Surinam are bound together.

Maria Sybilla Merian, was daughter of Matthew Merian mentioned above; she was born at
Francfort in 1647, and died at Amsterdam in
1717, aged seventy years. She excelled most
artists in painting the various tints of flowers:—
butterflies, grasshoppers, and other insects she
executed with unrivalled excellence. She spent
two years in Surinam painting the insects and reptiles of that island, together with the plants, flowers, and fruits on which they feed. She composed
several other works, which are all esteemed.

MERLINUS. See COCAIUS.

MERSENNI Harmonicorum, Libri xii. fol. Lut. Par. 1548.

Georgii Merulæ Antiquit. Vice-Comitum Me-



Joan. Mesve Practica de Medicinis particularium ægritudinem, cum additionibus Petri de Appono, Neapoli, 1475, fol.

- S. METHODII opera, a Franc. Combessio, Gr. et Lat. fol. Paris. 1644. Best edition: to which are annexed the works of Amphilochius, and Andreas Cretensis.
- convivium Virginum, a Leone Allatio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Rom. 1655.
- Typ. Reg. 1657.

Methodius was bishop of Tyre, and died about A. D. 300, or 311. His Festival of Virgins, is a dialogue on the excellence of chastity. In 1714 was published "A Fragment attributed to Methodius, concerning the State of the Dead, from Mss. of Dr. Grabe, with the original Greek, done into English, with notes, by David Humphreys, in his translation of the Apologetics of Athenagoras." Lond. 1714, 8vo.

METRODORUS. Among the Poetæ Minores Granci, 8vo. Cant. 1652.

Joan. MEURSII opera omnia, ex recens. J. Lami, Florent. 1741, 12 vol. fol. 15l. 15s. Lib. rar.

- Græcia Ludibunda, sive de Ludis Græcorum, liber singularis. accedit *D. Sonteri* Palamedes, sive de Tabula Lusoria, &c. 8vo. Lug. Bat. 1625.

MEURSIUS de Populis Atticæ: Liber singularis, 4to. L. Bat. Elz. 1616. In this work is found a collection of all the passages in the ancients relative to the *Elusinian Myteries*.

tive to the Biasiman in give ies.
MEURSII Fortuna Attica. Lugd. Bat. 1622.
Regnum Atticum. Amst. 1633.
Eleusinia, Lug. Bat. 1619—de Minervæ
Festo, Lug. Bat. 1619—Apollonii Dyscoli Historia
Commentitia, Gr. et Lat. L. Bat. 1620—Phlegontis
Tralliani Opuscula, Gr. et Lat. Lugd. Bat. 1620.
——— Denarius Pythagoricus. L. Bat. 1631.
Archontes Athenienses. L. Bat., 1622.
Pisistratus. L. Bat. 1623.
Cecropia. L. Bat. 1622.
——— Solon. Hafn. 1632.
de Senatu Areopagitico. L. Bat. 1624.
Roma Luxurians. Hafn. 1631.
This edition at Copenhagen is larger than that
at the Hague in 1605.
Græcia Feriata. L. Bat. 1619.
Lectiones Atticæ. L. Bat. 1617.
Athenæ Atticæ. L. Bat. 1624.
- Auctores Theologi Græci varii, Gr.
nunquam vulgati, L. Bat. Elz. 1610, 4to.
Glossarium Græco Barbarum, 4to. Lug.
Bat. 1614. Published also in Scapula's Lexicon,
Amst. Elzev. 1652.
Historia Danica, a Grammio, cum fig.
Flor. 1746, fol. 1l. 1s. Lib. rar.
de Tragædiis Æschyli, Sophoclis, et
Euripidis. L. Bat. 1619.
vor v K

John Meursius, born near the Hague in 1579, was Greek professor at Leyden, and afterwards professor of history and politics at Sora in Denmark. He was a very laborious and useful writer, and died in 1639.

MEURSII Elegantiæ Latini Sermonis seu Aloisa Sigea Toletana de Arcanis Amoris et Veneris, adj. fragm. quibusdam eroticis, 2 tom. 12mo. Elzev. 1757. 10s. 6d.

in one vol. 12mo. No imprint. It is often joined with La Putana Errante.

This infamous book was the work of Nicholas Chorier, an attorney of Grenoble.

MICHEÆ Prophetia, Heb. Gr. et Lat. a Jo. Drachonita, fol. Vitteberg. 1567.

Micuh prophesied about 665 years before Christ. His prophecy is found in every edition of the Old Testament.

Micrologus. See Liturgia.

MICROPRESBUTICON. See in vol. iii. p. 10.

Pauli de MIDDELBURGO de numero Atomorum hujus Universi, adversus Usurarios Lucubratio, 4to. Romæ, 1518. A very scarce and curious work.

J. MILLI Testament. Græc. See TESTAMENTUM.

Abrahami Milli Liber de Origine Animalium et Migratione populorum; ubi înquiritur quomodo quaque via homines cœteraque animalia terrestria provenerint, et post Diluvium in omnes orbis terrarum partes et Regiones pervenerint, 12mo. Gen. 1667.

Illustratio Systematis Sexualis Linnæi per J. MILLER, Ang. et Lat. fol. Lond. 1777.

Joannis MILLEI Praxis criminalis figuris ligneis illustrata, fol. Par. 1541. A curious tract. MIMNERMUS, with the Novem Femin. Grac. Carmina. See vol. ii. p. 289. MINGARELLI. See in vol. iii. p. 15. MINUTH Felicis Octavius, fol. Rom. 1642. See ARNOBIUS. - a Franc. Balduino, 8vo. Heidel 1560. - a Geverharto Elmenhorstio, fol. Ham. 1612. - a Desid. Heraldo, 4to. Par. 1613. - Oxon. 12mo. 1627, & 1631, 1662, 12mo. - inter Franc. Rous Mella Patrum. Lond. 1650. p. 830-842. ---- cum not. var. a Jac. Ouzelio, 4to. Lug. Bat 1652, & 8vo. 1672. Both excellent editions; but that of 1652 is the best. - 8vo. Lond. 1672. ---- a Nic. Rigaltio cum Cypriani opuscu-To de Idolor. Vanit. et Jul. Firm. Matern. de Errore profan. Relig. cum notis Woweri, 8vo. Oxon. 1678. cum Tertulliani Apolog. 12mo. Cant. 1686. - a J. Davisio cum not. var. 8vo. Lond. 1706, & Cant. 1707. - a Jac. Gronovio, 8vo. Lug. Bat. 1709. An excellent edition, which comprizes Firmicus Maternus and St. Cyprian de Idolorum Vanitate. - a J. Davisio, 8vo. Cant. 1712. This very excellent edition contains all the notes of *Heraldus* and *Rigaud*, and several besides from other learned men. *Dr. Davies's* own notes annexed to the edition of 1706, are here very much enlarged.

MINUTII Felicis Octavius, et Cypriani de Van. Idol. liber. cum. not. Cellarii, 8vo. Hab. 1726.

- a Christ. Cellario, 8vo. Lips. 1748.
- et Cypr. de van. Idol. a Lindnero, cum præfatione Ernesti, 8vo. Lips. 1773.
  - et Cypr. 8vo. Hof. 1794.

Minutius Felix was a Roman orator: when he lived is very uncertain. The earliest date allowed him is 170; the latest 220. Dr. Lardner after Baronius supposes he lived in 210, toward the close of the reign of Septimius Severus. His defence of the Christian religion is allowed to be an excellent one. It is in form of a dialogue between Cæcilius Natalis a heathen, and Octavius Januarius a christian; in which Minutius sits judge. Cæcilius first objects, and then Octavius answers. The issue is, the conviction of Cæcilius, and his conversion to christianity. This work of Minutius is a learned, ingenious, and eloquent performance.

Auberti Miræi opera diplomatica et historica; in quibus continentur Chartæ fundationum ac donationum piarum, testimenta et privilegia a Pontificibus, Imperatoribus, Regibus, &c. ex recens. Jo. Franc. Foppens, fol. Lovan. 1723, 4 vol.

Miro, the poetess. See Poetriarum octo Fragmenta, in vol. ii. p. 289.

Mirtis. Ibid. p. 290.

MISCELLANEA Græca, a M. Maittaire, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Lond. 1722.

MISSALE Mixtum secundum Regulam Beati Hiddori dictum Mozarabes. Toleti, 1500.

This is the scarcest book in any collection. At the end of it are the following words, which deserve to be inserted here:

Ad Laudem Omnipotentis Dei, nec non Virginis
Mariæ Matris ejus, Omnium Sanctorum Sanctarunq; expletum est Missale Mixtum secundum
Regulam Beati Isidori dictum Mozarabes: Maxima cum Diligentia perlectum & enendatum, per
Reverendum in utroq; Jure Doctorem Dominum
Alfonsum Ortiz Canonicum Toletanum. Impressum in Regal. Civitate Toleti, Jussu Reverendissimi in Christo Patris Domini D. Francisci Ximenii, ejusdem Civitatis Archiepiscopi. Impensis Nobilis Melchioris Gorricii Novariensis, per Magistrum Petrum Hagembach, Alemanum, Anno Salutis nostræ 1500, Die 29° Mensis Januarii.

This is supposed to be the ancient Missal amended and purged by St. Isidore, archbishop of Sevil, and ordered by the council of Toledo to be used in all churches, every one of which before that time had a Missal peculiar to itself. The Moors afterwards committing great ravages in Spain, destroying the churches, and throwing every thing there, both civil and sacred, into con-

fusion, all St. Isidore's Missals, excepting those in the city of Toledo, were lost. But those were preserved, even after the Moors had made themselves masters of that city; since they left six of the churches there to the Christians, and granted them the free exercise of their religion. Alphonsus the Sixth, many ages afterwards, expelled the Moors from Toledo, and ordered the Roman Missal to be used in those churches, where St. Isidore's Missal had been in vogue, ever since the council abovementioned. But the people of Toledo insisting, that their Missal was drawn up by the most ancient bishops, revised and corrected by St. Isidore, proved to be the best by the great number of Saints who had followed it, and been preserved during the whole time of the Moorish government in Spain, he could not bring his project to bear without great difficulty. In short, the contest between the Roman and Toletan Missals came to that height, that according to the genius. of the age, it was decided by a single combat, · wherein the champion of the Toletan Missal proved victorious. But King Alphonsus, say some of the Spanish writers, not being satisfied with this. which he considered as the effect of chance only, ordered a fast to be proclaimed, and a great fire to be then made; into which, after the king and people had prayed fervently to God for his assistance in this affair, both the Missals were thrown, but the Toletan only escaped the violence of the flames. This, continue the same authors, made

such an impression upon the king, that he permitted the citizens of Toledo to use their own Missal, in those churches that had been granted the Christians by the Moors. However, the copies of this Missal grew afterwards so scarce, that Cardinal Ximenes found it extremely difficult to meet with one of them; which induced him to order this impression, and to build a chapel, in which this service was chanted every day, as it had at first been by the ancient Christians. But notwithstanding this, the copies of the Toletan Missal were become so exceeding rare, that it was almost in as much danger of perishing in oblivion, as it was when committed to the press by Cardinal Ximenes, when Alexander Lesley published an edition in folio at Rome, in 1755, which sells for 11. 1s.

For other Missals, &c. See under Breviarium. Herennii Modestini Fragmenta, ab Ant. Augustino, 8vo. Lug. 1547.

——— a Joan. Shiltero, 8vo. Argent. 1678. Edit. opt. These fragments may be found in the collection, under Jus Civile.

Modestinus was councellor to the Emperor Alexander Severus. He is cited by Lampridius.

Modestus de Re Militari, a Jo. Aloysio Tuscano, 4to. Venet. Barth. Cremonensis, & Barth. de Carlo Vercellensis, 1474. Edit. princ. & Lib. eximiæ raritatis. Some copies are found without the names of the printers. This extremely scarce book contains also Pomponius Letus De Magistrá-

tibus, Sacerdotibus and Legibus Romanorum, and Suetonius de claris Grammaticis.

Modestus, 4to. absque ulla nota. Supposed to have been printed at Rome by George Laver, about A. D. 1475.

When Modestus lived is uncertain. It is likely the flourished before the time of Dioclesian.

Sancti Modesti Encomium in Dormitionem Virginis Mariæ, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Rom. 1760.

Pub. Franc. Modesti Venetiados libri xii. Armini, per Ber. de Vitilibus, fol. 1521. Lib. rar. Modulnus. See Poetæ Sacri.

MŒRIDIS Atticistæ Lexicon Atticum, a Pierson, 8vo. Lug. Bat. 1759.

a J. Hudson, 8vo. Oxon. 1712.

Ludov. MOLINÆ Concordia liberi Arbitrii cum Gratiæ donis, divina Præscientia, Providentia Predestinatione et Reprobatione. Olyssipone, 1588.

Appendix ad Concordiam, &c. Ibid. 4to. 1589. This Appendix should be always connected with the *Concordia*. The editions done since the above, are mutilated, and reckoned of little worth.

Ulrici Molitoris de Pythonicis Muliericis, 4to. Constanciæ, 1489. Lib. rar. & 8vo. Par. 1561.

Joan. Molleri Dissertatio de Cornutis et Hermaphroditis, necnon de eorum jure, 4to. Birol. 1708. A curious tract.

Dictionarium Quadrilinguæ Latino-Hungarico-Græco-Germanicum a MOLNAR, 8vo. Norim. 1708, 2 vol. Bonini Mombri Sanctuarium sive Acta et Vita Sanctorum, fol. Mediol. Circ. 1480, 2 vol. Almost every copy of this work is found without the last sheet of the letter N, which contains the Life of St. Nicasius. This of course lessens the value.

MONASTICON. See DUGDALE.

Anton. Mongitoris Bibliotheca Sicula, sive Notitia Scriptorum Siciliæ Panormi, 1707 & 1714, 2 vol. fol.

— Monumenta historica Sacræ domus. Mansionis SS. Trinitatis Militaris ordinis Theutonicorum urbis Panormi, fol. Panor. 1721.

Vetus Test. hebr. et nov. Test. Græcum cum versione latina interlineari Studio B. Ar. Montani, fol. Antv. Plant. 1572. Edit. opt. This is properly the sixth volume of the Antwerp or Spanish Polyglott.

Guidonis de Monte-Rocherii, Manipulus Curatorum, fol. Par. 1473. Edit. princ.

- fol. Goth. Par. Gering. 1473.
- fol. Colon. 1478. See Guido.

Analecta Græca sive varia opuscula, Gr. et Lat. cum not. Ant. Pouget, Jac. Loppin & Bern. de Montfaucon, 4to. Par. 1688. This is a kind of Supplement to Cottelerius.

Bern. de Montfaucon Collectio nova Patrum Græcorum, Gr. et Lat. fol. Paris. 1707. See Athanasius.

- L' Antiquité expliquée et representée en figures, Lat. et Gal. Paris. 1719, 10 vol. fol.
  - Supplement à l'antiq. expliq. avec,

figures, Paris. 1724, 5 vol. fol. This is the first and best edition of the work and its Supplement. This work contains 1200 plates, and these comprise between 30 and 40,000 figures.

Bern. de Montfaucon, Le meme ouvrage. Par. 1722, 10 vol. fol. & le Supplem. 5 vol. fol. 1757. A less valuable edition, because the plates are inferior.

Le Monuments de la Monarchie Françoise representes en figures et expliqué's par *Dom.* Ber. Montfaucon, Par. 1729, & ann. seqq. 5 vol. fol.

Paleographia Greeca sive de ortu et progressu Litterarum Græcoram, et de varis omnum Sæculorum Scriptionis Græcæ Generibus, cum figuris et Schematibus, fol. Paris. 1708. An invaluable work, which has done the same in reference to the discovery of the age of Greek MSS. which the De Re Diplomatica of Father Mabillon has done to ascertain the age of those in Latin.

Bibliotheca Coisliniana, sive Manuscriptorum omnium Graccorum que in ca continentur accurata descriptio: accedunt anecdota multa, fol. Paris. 1715, cum fig. An accurate and valuable work, especially to collectors of MSS. It contains a list of 400 Greek MSS. with the age of each, and often a specimen of the style, &c.

———— Bibliotheca Bibliothecarum nova, ubi quæ innumeris penè Mss. Biblothecis continentur ad quodvis litteraturæ genus spectantia et notatu digna, describuntur et indicantur, 2 vol. fol. Paris. 1739.

The republic of letters is indebted to this great man for many other important works; among which are an edition of *Chrysostom*, 13 vol. fol. What remains of the Hexapla of Origen, 2 vol. fol. Diarium Italicum, &c.

Bernard Montfaucon was born in the castle of Sauloge in Languedoc, in 1655, and died at St. Germain des Prez in 1741, in the eighty-seventh year of his age. Even in this extreme old age he studied regularly eight hours each day! Father Montfaucon was a solidly pious, deeply learned, modest, and laborious man. His works are a sufficient monument of his piety and erudition.

MONUMENTA Romanorum, Græcorum, &c. illustrat. a Middleton, 4to. 1741.

In this work is found a description of the late Lord Orford's Greek and Roman curiosities in his museum at Strawberry-hill. The plates are finely engraved, and the book is worthy the notice of every polite scholar.

varia antiqua, a Geor. Fabricio collecta, 8vo. Basil. 1549, & 8vo. Basil. 1587. This second edition is more copious than the first: it contains forms of Wills, Laws, Instruments, Decrees, Sepulchral Inscriptions, &c.

MONUMENTUM Ancyranum de Rebus Gestis Augusti Imperatoris, ab Andrea Scotto, 8vo. Ant. 1579. Edit. princ. United to Aurelius Victor.

a Jac. Gronovio, 4to. L. Bat. 1695.
An excellent edition.

Jo. Bap. MORANDI historia Botanica-practica

seu plantarum quæ ad usum Medicinæ pertinent nomenclatura, descriptio et virtutes; æneis Tabulis delineatæ. Mediol: 1744, fol.

Andr. MORELLII Specimen Universæ rei Nummariæ antiquæ, cum fig. æn. Edit. 2da. 8vo. Lips. 1695, 2 vol.

Thesaurus Morellianus sive Familiarum Romanorum numismata omnia—cum Commentariis S. Havercampi, Amst. 1734, 2 vol. fol.

Numismata aurea, argentea, ærea cujusque moduli, xii. priorum Imperatorum, a C.
Jul. Cæsare usque ad Domitianum, necnon Augustæ Domus, Amstel. 1752, 3 vol. fol. These
five volumes should go together; and when complete, form a valuable collection.

Morelli Thesaurus, Gr. Poeseos. 4to. Eton. 1762, 2 vol. 3l. 10s.

Mr. Lunn of Soho-square, London, is about to republish this scarce work.

MORETUS. See VIRGIL.

Moschion de Mulierum Passionibus, a Conr. Gesnero, Gr. 4to. Basil. 1556. Annexed to the work Gyneceorum, &c. but it is an imperfect edition, lacks the preface, and has some spurious chapters.

- ab Isr. Spachio, Gr. et Lat. fol. Argent. 1597. In the Cinædiorum libri.
  - ----- ab eodem, 4to. Gr. Bas. 1566.
- ex Gr. MSS. Bibl. Regiæ Vindobon. a J. O. Dewez, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Vien. 1793. A good edition, enriched with short, but judicious notes.

When this author flourished is uncertain. Some think he lived under *Nero*, others under *Trajan*. There were three or four authors of this name who are often confounded together, and of whom scarcely any thing is known.

Moschus. See Bion.

Moschopulus. See Commentators on Homer, in vol. iii. p. 35, & Greek Grammarians, vol. iv. p. 21.

Libri v. Mosis, Lat. 4to. Rob. Steph. Paris. 1541. The original is in Hebrew, and are to be found in every edition of the Canonical Scriptures. They are probably the most ancient books in the world; and without which we could have known nothing of the chronology of ancient kingdoms, nor of the arts and sciences of the first ages of the world.

Mosis Choronensis, Historia Armeniaca armenice et Latine cum notis Whistoni, Lond. 1736, 12mo.

Porta Mosis sive Dissertationes, a R. Mose Maimonide, Arabicè et Lat. edita cum Appendice Edw. Pocockii, 4to. Oxon. 1654.

Apologia Mulierum in viros probosos, Joan. Motis Neapolitani. Excussum in Thermis Anthoninis Oppidi Badensis per Renat. Beck. an. 1511.

Theatrum Insectorum a *Thoma* Moufeto—cum Iconibus ad vivum expressis. Lond. 1634, fol.

Varia Sacra, a Steph. Le MOYNE, 4to. L. Bat. 1685, 2 vol.

VOL. V.

MULIERUM Græcarum. See in vol. ii. p. 289 & 295.

Icones Plantarum Sponte nascentium in Regnis Daniæ et Norvegiæ, cura Frid. MULLER, Hauniæ, 3 vol. fol.

- ——— Zoologiæ Danicæ Prodromus, seu animalium Daniæ et Norvegiæ indigenarum Characteres, Nomina et Synomina inprimis popularium. Hauniæ, 1776, 8vo.
- \*\*C. Haun. 1773, 2 vol. 4to.

Anecdota ex Ambrosiana Biblotheca eruta, a Lud. Ant. MURATORI, 4to. Mediol. 1697—98, 2 vol.

Anecdota Græca, ab eodem, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Patav. 1709 & 1713, 3 vol.

Antiquitates Italicæ Medii Ævi sive Chronica et Dissertationes quibus referuntur facies et mores populi Italici post declinationem Romani Imperii, a Lud. Ant. MURATORIO, cum fig. 1738, & ann. seqq. 6 vol. fol.

- Novus Thesaurus veterum Inscriptionum, fol. Mediol. 1739, & ann. seqq. 4 vol.
- ———— De Paradiso, Regnique Cœlestis Gloria adversus *Burnetii* librum de Statu mortuorum. Veron. 1734, 4to.
- Rerum Italicarum Scriptores, ab anno æræ Christianæ quingentesimo ad millesimum quingentesimum, fol. Mediol. 1723—38, 27 vol. A work of extraordinary learning and deep research. Several noblemen undertook to bear the expence

of the impression: and six contributed 4000 crowns each. The scholar was worthy of such patrons; and the patrons were worthy of such a scholar. The works of this eminent man form a very extensive library. Forty-six volumes in folio, thirty-four in quarto, thirteen in octavo, and many in duodecimo.

Muratori was born at Vignola in 1672, and died at Modena in 1750. He was member of all the literary societies in Europe, and intimately connected with those luminaries of the republic of letters, Cardinal Noris, the Ciampini, and the Magliabecchi; the Fathers Mabillon, Montfaucon, and Papebrack; the Marquis Muffei, and Cardinal Quirini, &c.

Antonii Musz libellus de Betonica ad M. Agrippam, fol. Basil. 1528. Annexed to the works attributed to Plinius Valerianus; Apuleii Celsi liber de Herbis, sive de Nominibus ac Virtutibus Herbarum. This latter work the crities judge to be the produce of the lower ages.

a Gabr. Hummelbergio, 4to. Tigus. 1537. Annexed to the above work of Apuleius.

Libellus de tuenda Valetudine ad Mæcenatem, 4to. Norimb. 1538. A very rare edition, annexed to Sextus Placitus. See Placutus.

These works are also found among the Medici Antiqui, fol. Venet. Ald. 1547.

Antonius Musa was a celebrated physician, mentioned by Horace and Pliny. The Roman

senate erected a statue to him for having twice restored Augustus from a dangerous disease.

Musæus de Herone et Leandro, Gr. 4to. absque ulla nota. A splendid edition in capital letters, supposed by some to have been done at Florence in 1494, though it is most likely it was not printed till after 1496. Sold at Dr. Askew's sale for 171. 17s.

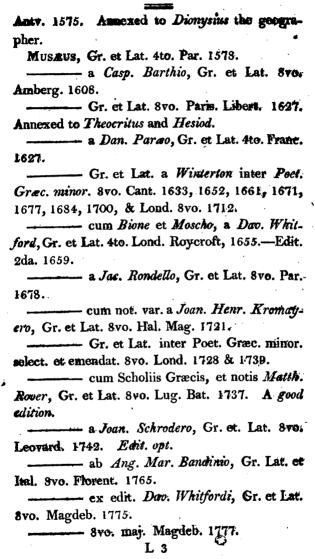
Whether this or the Lascaris Erotemata were the first fruits of the Aldine press, cannot be absolutely determined: but there is every reason to believe that both were printed in 1494. Mr. Renouard supposes the Lascaris was begun first. In some copies the Latin translation is lacking. This is probably the Edit. princ. of Musæus, though the Florentine edition has long enjoyed that honour.

Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Flor. Junta, 1519.
Gr. cum paraphras. Lat. Guil. de

Mara, 8vo. Colin. 1526.

a Joan. Vatello, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Par. 1538.

ab Andr. Papio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo.



Musæus, Gr. et Lat. cura Heinrichs, 8vo. Hann. 1793.

Gr. et Ang. a Gilb. Wakefield, 8vo. Lond. 1797.

Musæus is supposed to have lived in the time of Orphæus, before Homer: about 1180, some say 1426 years before our Lord. But the poem above mentioned is probably the production of an author of the fourth century. This poem is found united to Homer, Hesiod, and others.

Antiquæ MUSICÆ Auctores Meibom. Gr. et Lat. 4to. L. Bat. Elzev. 1652, 2 vol. 14s.

Jo. Dom. Musantii Tabulæ Chronologicæ, quæ Sacra, Politica, Bellica, Fortuita, Litteras et Artes ad omnigenam Historiam complectuntur, ab orbe condito ad an. 1750, 4to. Rom. 1750.

Numismata antiqua a Jacobo Musellio collecta, fol. Veron. 1752, 5 vol. in three. A very useful work.

Musæum Florentinum, fol. Florent. 1732, &c.—Gemmæ, 2 vol.—Statuæ, 1 vol.—Nummi, 3 vol.—Pictores, 4 vol.—Supplementum ejus op. 3 vol. Edit. opt. 48l. Allowed to be the completest collection of this kind.

Hermeticum reformatium et amplificatum, 4to. Franc. 1678. With many curious plates.

MYTHOGRAPHI Latini, 8vo. Comelin. 1599.

MYTHOGRAPHI Latini, a Thoma Munckero, 8vo. Amst. 1681. An excellent edition, adorned with fine plates.

ab Aug. van Staveren, 4to. Lug. Bat. 1742. 15. This edition is prefered to the preceding. The authors it contains are Higinus, Fulgentius Planciades, Albricius Philosophus, &c. This edition is enriched with Dissertations on the Age, Fables, and Country of the different authors it comprehends.

MYTHOLOGICA, Physica et Ethica Opuscula, 3 Thoma Gale, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Cant. 1671.

cum not. var. Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Amst. 1688. A better and more correct edition than the preceding. The authors included in this excellent work are Palephatus, Heraclitus, Phurnutus, Sallustius Philosophus, Ocellus Lucanus, Timæus Locrus, Demophilus, Democratus, Secundus, Sextus Pythagoricus, the characters of Theophrastus, Pythagoras, Heliodorus of Larissa, &c.

Thomas Gale, D. D. the editor of this work was born at Scruton in Yorkshire, was professor of Greek in the University of Cambridge, and afterwards head master of St. Paul's school, London. He became Dean of York, where he died in 1702. He published many useful works, and was author of the Inscriptions on the Monument erected in memory of the conflagration of London in 1666.

## NAR

REGNUM Papisticum carmine descriptum,
Thoma NAOGEORGIO cum variis jucundis aliis ope-
ribus, 12mo. Witteb. 1548 Edit. princ. Iden
lib. sine loc. 8vo. 1553. Basil. 8vo. 1559. Ibid.
12mo. 1579.
Satyrarum libri v. 8vo. Bas. 1555.
Hieremias Tragædia nova, 8vo. Bas.
1551.
Agricultura Sacra carminis reddita,
8vo. Bas. 1551.

Tragordia cui titulus Pamachius, 8vo. Witteb. 1538.

dia, nefanda quorumdam Papistici Gregis exponens facinora, 8vo. Witteb. 1541.

Tragœdia nov. cui titulus Mercator, seu Judicium, 8vo. 1560.

Thomas Naogeorge, whose true name was Kirchmayer, was born at Bavaria in 1511, and died in 1578. He was a Protestant divine, and by his satyrical verses a terrible enemy to the Catholics. All the above works are both curious and scarce.

Joan. NARDI de Rore, disquisitia physica, 4to. Florent. 1642.

Joan. NARDI, Lactius Physica analysis, 4to. Flor. 1634.

Petri de NATALIBUS, Catalogus Sanctorum et gestorum eorum, fol. Vicent. 1493.

NAUM Propheta. Never published separately, but found in every edition of the Canonical Scriptures.

NAUMACHIUS. Among the *Poet. minor. Grac.*NAZARIUS. See PANEGYRICI.

NAZIANZEN. See GREGORY, vol. iv. p. 27.

NEANDRI Tabacologia: hoc est Tabaci seu Nicotiana descriptio et ejus preparatio et usus in
omnibus corporibus humani incommodis, cum fig.
4to. Lug. Bat. 1622. Often reprinted. A fine
work to keep up the spirits of the tobacco consumers.

Mich. NEANDRI opus aureum et scholasticum; in quo continentur Pythagora carmina aurea, Phocylidis, Theognidis et aliorum Poemata, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Lips. 1577. 1l. 11s. 6d.

——— Argonautica; Thebaica; Troica; Ilias Parva; Poematia Græca Auctoris anonymi, 8vo. Lips. 1588.

Aristologia Euripidea Græco-Latina, Bas, 1559. 1l. 1s.

Aristologia Pindarica, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Bas. 1556.

Michael Neander was a very learned Protestant German divine. He died in 1595. Besides the above, he wrote Erotemata Linguæ Græca, 8vo. Grammat. Hebraic. 8vo. Gnomonologia e Stobæo Confecta, 8vo. &c.

NEARCHUS. Among the Geographi Antiqui Minores, a Hudson, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Oxon. 1698 -1703, and the two last volumes in 1712.

Nearchus was one of the captains of Alexander the Great. His work contains an account of a coasting voyage made on the Indian Sea, from the mouth of the Indus to Harmusia, now called Or-It is a very curious piece.

NEHEMIA. In every edition of the Bible, but

never published separately. NEMESIANI Bucolica ex cod. Thod. Ugoleti, 4to. absque ulla nota. With Calphurnius. fol. Bononies, 1504. With Gratius Paliscus. a Roberto Titio, 4to. Florent. Junta, 1590. With Calphurnius. eum not. var. 8vo. Mittavim, 1774. With Culphurnius: & ave. Ibid. 1775. With Grat. Faliscus. - Eclogie iv. 8vo. Venet. Ald. 1518. With Pontani Carmina. ---- Cynogeticon notis perpetuis Variisque Lectionibus adornavit Th. Johnson, 8vo. Lond. 1699. With Gratius Faliscus.

---- Eclogæ iv. in Mich. Maittaire Corp. Poet. Lat. fol. Lond. 1713, vol. ii. p. 1269.

---- Cynogeticon lib. i. de Aucupio fragmenta duo; Ecloga iv. in Poet. Lat. minor. ex edit. Burmanni fideliter expressis, 8vo. Glasg. 1752, p. 17-42. See Faliscus & Calphubnius. Aurelius Olympius Nemesianus was a Latin

poet, native of Carthage, who flourished about A. D. 280. His *Eclogs* are allowed to be an excellent work for the time in which he lived. He should not be confounded with a bad Latin poet of the third century, who wrote a piece termed *Ixeutica*, published in the *Poet. Rei Venat.* Lug. Bat. 1528, 4to. and among the *Poet. Lat. min.* Lug. Bat. 1731, 4to.

NEMESII Philosophi, de natura hominis, a Nicasio Ellebodio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Ant. Plant. 1565. A very scarce and beautiful edition of an elegant and useful work.

cum notis, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Oxon. 1671.

——— Gr. et Lat. cum Matthæi, 8vo. Hal. Magd. 1802. 15s.

Published also in the Bibliotheca Patrum, and in the Vitæ et Mortis Compendium, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Bas. 1586.

Nemesius was a Christian philosopher, and bishop of Emesa in Phænicia, about A. D. 370. In his ourious treatise on the Nature of Man, he strongly combats the fatality of the Stoics, and the errors of the Manicheans; and maintains the notion of the soul's pre-existence. In the Oxford edition, considerable discoveries are attributed to him on the nature and use of the bile. The same editor supposes he knew the circulation of the blood: but this opinion Dr. Friend has endeavoured to refute.

NENNII Eulogium Britanniæ, in F. Gale Hist. Britannicæ, Oxon. 1691, fol.

Joannis Neperi Arithmetica Logarithmica, aucta per Adrian. Ulaq. Goudæ, fol. 1628. First printed in 1614, with the title Canon Mirabilis Logarithmorum.

The author, John Napier, Baron of Merchiston in Scotland, was born in 1550. He was the inventor of Logarithms, i. e. a series of numbers in arithmetical progression, adapted to a series of numbers in geometrical progression. A discovery of the greatest service to astronomy and arithmetic in general. This eminent mathematician died in 1617.

NEPOS. See CORNELIUS.

NESTORIS *Dionysii*, Onomasticon, fol. Mediol. 1483.

opus Grammatices, fol. Mediol. 1483
Vocabularium Latinum, fol. 1488.

opus quod insenbitur Vocabulista; sive Dictionorium Vocabulorum Ling. Lat. fol. 1496.

Cnei Nævii, et aliorum veterum Comicorum, fragmenta, 8vo. Par. Henr. Steph. 1569.

Cneius Nævius was a famous poet of Campania, contemporary with Livius Andronicus. He is said to have represented the first comedy in Rome 235 years before the Christian æra: but see Livius Andronicus. He composed also some Tragedies, a few fragments of which are found with Liv. Andronicus, and among the Poet. Trag. He gave the first specimen of a Heroic poem in Latin, in a description of the first Punic war, and the Iliad of Cyprus, mentioned by Cicero.

Joan Nevizanis Sylvæ Nuptialis libri vi. in quibus plurimæ quæstiones in materia Matrimonii, Dotium, Filiationis, Adulterii, &c. enucleantur, 8vo. Lug. 1524. Paris. 1521, & Lug. 1572, 12mo. A very curious work.

Isaaci Newtoni Philosophiæ Naturalis principia Mathematica, cum Comment. Thoma Le Sueur & Franc. Jacquier, 4to. Genev. 1739, 4 vol. Ibid. 1760. Edit. opt. 4l. 14s. 6d. This work, and all others of the same illustrious author have been often published; and can never be out of print while solid literature, and the almost divine sciences of the mathematics and astronomy are held in any repute among mankind.

Sir Isaac Newton, who is far above any praise which the editor of this work can bestow, was born at Colesworth, in Lincolnshire, December 25, 1642. The little of this great man that was mortal, died in 1726. He was then in his eighty-fifth year. Of him a great poet has said:

Nature, and Nature's Laws, lay hid in night:
God said: Let Newton be-and there was Light.

NICANDRI Theriaca et Alexipharmaca cum Scholiis, Gr. fol. Venet. Ald. 1499. Edit. princ. Annexed to Dioscorides. At the end of this rare edition ten separate leaves should be found, containing the Scholia on the Alexipharmaca of Nicander, but these are seldom found in any copy.

cum Scholiis, Gr. et Lat. Ven. Ald.

1522—23. The text of this edition was finished

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in 1522. The Commentarii diversorum authorum in Alexipharmaca, Expositio ponderum, mensurarum, Signorum et Characterum, in 1523. The text of Nicander is here printed with great accuracy. Sold for 51. at Mr. Paris's sale.

NICANDRI Ther. cum Scholiis, a Joan. Sotere. Gr. et Lat. ex versione Joan. Loniceri, 4to. Colon. 1530—31. The Greek text was printed in the former year, the Latin version in the latter.

- ab Ang. Mar. Bandinio, Lat. et Ital. 8vo. Florent. 1764. This edition contains also Eutecni Sophistæ Metaphrasis.
- Alexipharmaca, a Joan. Gorræo, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Paris. Vascosan, 1549.
- a J. Gorræo, 4to. Gr. et Lat. Paris. Morell, 1557. 12s.
- Alexipharmaca seu de venenis, homine in potu cibove datis, eorumque signis et remediis, Carmen, cum Ver. Lat. Schol. Græc. Eutecnii parapr. Græca et Commentariis, cura J. Gottl. Schneider, 8vo. maj. Halæ, 1792. A very valuable edition, and the best of this work.

The Theriaca and Alexipharmaca are also found in the Corp. Poet. Græc. 2 vol. fol. Genev. 1606—1614.

Nicander was a Greek grammarian, poet, and physician of Ionia, greatly esteemed by the ancients, and sufficiently prized by the moderns. He flourished 240 years before Christ.

NICEPHORUS Cæsar Briennius, a Petro Possino, Gr. et Lat. fol. Par. 1661.

Nicephorus is one of the Byzantine writers: he was born at Orestia in Macedonia, and was a great favourite of the Emperor Alexis Comnenus, who gave him his daughter Anna Connenus in marriage, with the title of Cæsar. He died at Constantinople about A. D. 1137.

NICEPHORI Callisti Hist. Eccles. See Callistus. This author died about A. D. 1340.

NICEPHORUS Gregoras, a Joan. Boivin, Gr. et Lat. fol, Paris. 1702, 2 vol.

This author was librarian of the church at Constantinople. His history, which is allowed to be very inaccurate, and written in a barbarous stile, begins A. D. 1204, and ends with 1341. He is one of the *Byzantine writers*, and flourished in the fourteenth century.

NICEPHORUS Patriarcha Constantinopolitanus, a Dionys. Petavio, Gr. et Lat. fol. Paris. 1648.

NICEPHORI Canon Scripturarum, ex V. C. Carpensi, Gr. cum Anastasii Bibliothecarii Latina interpretatione; in Criticis Sacris, fol. Lond. 1660. vol. viii. p. 6—10.

Nicephorus was patriarch of Constantinople in 806, and died in 828. He is also one of the Byzantine writers.

Jo. Franc. NICEBONIS Thaumaturgus Opticus, fol. Par. 1646, cum fig.

NICETE Acominati Annales Byzantines, Gr. et Lat. Wolfii Studio Fabroti, fol. Paris. Typ. Reg. 1647. This history begins with 1118, and ends in 1206. It is allowed to be one of the best pieces in the Byzantine collection.

Nicetas Achominatus, surnamed also Chomiates, from Chona, a city of Prygia, where he was born: left Constantinople when it was taken by the French in 1204, and retired to Nice, where he died in 1206.

Catena Græcorum Patrum in beatum Job, Collectore Niceta Heracleæ Metropolita, a Pat. Junio, Lond. fol. 1637.

This writer was a deacon of the church of Constantinople in the ninth century.

NICETÆ Eugeniani, de Amoribus Drusillæ et Charides: with LONGUS, a Villoison, 8vo. Paris. Gr. et Lat. 1778. See ROMANCES.

Gesta Salvatoris nostri Jesu Christi Secundum Nicodemum quæ invenit Theodosius magnus in Jerusalem in Prætorio *Pontii Pilati*, ex Hebraica Lingua in Latinum translata, 24mo. Antv. 1538. A miserable forgery.

Henr. NICOLAI de Pane, ejus natură usu operationibus et varietatibus, Tractatus singularis. Dantisii, 1651, 4to.

-	A	ugustini D	issertatio	o, an	Quæs	tione
per	Tormenta	Criminum	veritas	eluce	scat?	<b>8vo.</b>
Arg	ent. 1697.					

Joannis de Sepulchris Hebræorum libri iv. 4to. Lug. Bat. 1706, cum fig. A curious treatise.

——— Tractatus de Siglis veterum, 4to. L. Bat. 1703.

de Sinedrio Egyptiorum, 8vo. L. Bat.

1711

Joan. NICOLAI Disquisitio de Chirothecarum usu et abusu, 12mo. Giessæ Hessorum, 1701.

——— De Antichristo Romano, perditionis filio confluctus, 8vo. Rostoch. 1609. These two last tracts are very *scarce*, as both were carefully suppressed.

NICOLAI I. Pont. Max. Epistolæ, fol. Rom. 1542.

Nicholas I. was consecrated Pope in 858. Till his time, the Greek and Latin churches were united; but in consequence of his excommunicating Photius Patriarch of Constantinople, that schism took place between the two churches, which endures to the present day.

NICOMACHUS. See in the Antique Musica Scriptores, a Meibomio, 4to. Gr. et Lat. L. Bat. 1652.

NICOMACHI Geraseni Arithmetica, Gr. 4to. Par. 1538. Among the MATHEMATICI GRÆCI. See JAMBLICUS.

NICOSTRATUS. Among the *Poet. min. Græc.*Flora Ægyptiaco-Arabica, detexit illustravit *Pet. Forskal*, post mortem auctoris edidit *Carsten*NIEBUHR, 4to. Hauniæ, 1775.

Icones rerum Naturalium quas in itinere orientali depingit *Pet. Forskal* post mortem auctoris ed. C. Niebuhr, 4to. Haun. 1776.

Descriptiones Animalium, avium amphibiorum,

Piscium, &c. a P. Forskal ed. C. NIEBUHR, 4to. Haun. 1775.

Dictionarium Latino-Armenum, super Sacram Scripturam et libros Divini officii Ecclesiæ Armenæ, a *Deodato* Nierze *Soviez*, Episcopo Trajanopolitano editum Rom. Typ. Sacr. Congreg. de Propogand. Fide, 4to. 1695. *Lib. rariss*.

NIGIDIUS. See FIGULUS.

NILUS Metropolit. Rhod. See PHOTIUS.

- S. NILI opera quædam, a Pet. Possino, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Par. Cramoisy, 1639.
- Epistolæ ab eodem, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Par. Typ. Reg. 1657.
- Typ. Barberinis, 1668, 2 vol.
- opuscula a Jos. M. Suarezio, Gr. et Lat. fol. Rom. 1673.
- St. Nilus was a hermit of the desart of Mount Sinai, and a disciple of St. Chrysostom. He died about A. D. 451.

NILI Thessalon. Archiepiscop. libellus de Primatu Romani Pontificis, Gr. cum vers. lat. et Præfat. Matth. Flacc. Illyrici, 8vo. Francof. 1555.

mento Scriptoribus, 4to. Lond. Sine nota anni.

NIZOLII Thesaur. Ciceron. See CICERO.

Vetus Testamentum, ex Græco LXX. Interpret. Latine redditum, cum Præfat. Flamini NOBILI, fol. Rom. 1588. A valuable work.

NOLDII concordant. particularum Ebrao-chaldaicarum, a Tympio, 4to, Jenæ, 1734. The best edition of a very excellent and useful work. See Concordantia.

Ludovici Nonni Ichtyophagia, 8vo. Antv. 1616.
Nonius Marcellus, De proprietaté Sermonis, sive de varia significatione Verborum, a Pomponio Læto. Sine ulla nota. (Printed at Venice by George Laver, about A. D. 1470.) Sold for 9l.

9s. at the Pinellian sale.

fol. Venet. 1471. Probably by Jenson.
fol. Venet. Jenson, 1476. 4l. 4s. at
the Pinellian sale.
——— fol. Venet. 1478.
fol. Parmæ, 1480. A beautiful and
scarce edition.
fol. Brixise, 1484.
fol. Venet. Ald. With Perotti Cor-
nucopia, 1513.
Venet. Ald. 1514. Cited by Manni,
but is it not the preceding?
ab Adriano Junio, 8vo. Ant. Plant.
1565. A very good edition.
cum not. var. 8vo. 1583. A good
edition.
cum Fulgentio Planciade, a Dionys
Gothofrede, 8vo. Par. 1586.
ab eodem, a Jos. Mercero, 8vo. Par
1614. Edit. opt.

Of this author, *Mercer* entertained no high opinion. He supposed the work to be of importance only on account of the fragments of ancient writers which are preserved in it.

Nonius Marcellus was probably a native of Tivoli, but when he lived is uncertain: perhaps some time in the fourth century. See Latin GRAM-MARIANS.

NONNI Dionysiaca, a Gerard. Falkenburgio, Gr. 4to. Ant. Plant. 1569. 1l. 11s. 6d. An edition more splendid than correct.

ab Eilhardo Lubino, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Hanov. 1605.

a Pet. Cuneo, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Hanov. 1610. This is the edition of 1605, with the title-page changed, and the notes of Cuneus added, to make it look like a new edition.

Nazianzen's Orations. There is hardly any Greek author, says Dr. Harwood, that more requires a correct and elaborate edition than Nonnus, whose Dionysiaca are a wonderful miscellany of heathen mythology and erudition.

Nonnus flourished about A. D. 500.

NONNI paraphrasis in Joannem, Gr. 4to. Ven. Ald. Sine anno. In the last leaf of Gregor. Nazianzen. Carmina, printed by Aldus in 1504, he says, that he had printed this work three years before, which evidently proves that it was printed in 1501. Aldus had intended to translate it into Latin, and to publish the translation with the Latin text; but this he tells us he could not get time to perform: hence the Nonnus remained imperfect, never having either title or preface printed. It is one of the scarcest of the Aldine editions; no care

ever having been taken of it, because it was considered an imperfect work. NONNI Paraph. Gr. 4to, Venet. Ald. 1508. edition of this date is mentioned by some bibliographers: but Mr. Renouard takes no notice of it. a Demet. Duca, Gr. 4to. Rom. 1526. a Philip. Melanchthone, Gr. 8vo. Hagan. 1527. Gr. 8vo. Francof. 1541. Annexed to the Centos of Homer and Virgil. ---- Gr. 8vo. Paris. 1541. - a Joan. Bordato, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Paris. 1556. Reprinted 8vo. Colon. 1566 & 1588. Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Paris, 1561. Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Basil. 1571. Annexed to Gregorii Nazianz. Dustica and Tetrastica. Reprinted 1577, 1578, & 1588. ex versione Erhardi Hedenecii, ab Henr. Steph. 16mo. Par. 1578. With the Homerici and Virgiliani Centones. Franc. Nansia, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Antv. Plant. 1583. An excellent edition. - a Frid. Sylburgio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Comel. 1596. ab Herhard. Hedeneccio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Bas. 1596. a Franc. Nansio, Gr. et Lat. Bvo. Lug. Bat. 1598. --- Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Lips. 1604. From

Hedeneccius's edition; often reprinted.

Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Ingolstad. 1614.

NONNI Paraph. a Frid. Sylburgio, 8vo. Gr. et Lat. Goslaviæ typis capitalibus, 1616. A splendid edition.

———— Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Lugd. 1620. ———— a Nic. Abrahamo, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Par. 1623.

Bat. 1627. Edit. opt.

From the many editions through which this work has passed, the public opinion of its worth may be fairly estimated.

Nonnus was a native of Panopolis, in Egypt, and flourished some time in the fifth century. His paraphrase of St. John's Gospel, in Greek hexameter verse, is all that remains of his works, He has some important various readings; and omits the history of the woman taken in adultery. John. Chap. viii. v. 1. &c. His various readings have been carefully selected by Mill, Bengel, Wetstein, and Griesbach.

Nonus de omnium particularium morborum Curatione, a *Hierem. Martio*, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Argentor. 1568. An extremely scarce work. See MEDICI.

Cenotaphia Pisana Caii et Lucii Cæsarum, illustrata *Henr*. Noris Dissertationibus, fol. Venet. 1681.

Nossis the poetess. See Poetriarium octo fragmenta, in vol. ii. p. 289.

Notitia utraque Dignitatum cum Orientis, tum occidentis ultra Arcadii Honoriique tempora; ab Andr. Alciato—1528

NOTITIA, a Sigis. Gelenio, fol. Bas. Frob. 1552. With curious wood-cuts.

- a Giudo. Pancirolio, fol. Ven. Franc. Senensis, 1593. Annexed to Incerti auctoris descriptio urbis Constantinopolitanæ. A better edition than the preceding, though the wood-cuts are greatly inferior to those in the Frobenian edition.
- ab eodem, fol. Lug. 1608, & Genev. 1673.
- —— a *Philip. Labbeo*, 12mo. Paris. 1651. An elegant and useful edition, done on a very small letter. Inserted also in vol. vii. of *Gravius's Thesaurus*.

The NOTITIA is the work of an unknown author, who wrote probably about A. D. 426.

NOVEM feminarum, &c. See in vol. ii. p. 289. NOVATIANI de Trinitate liber, et de Cibis Judaicis Epistola. inter Fr. Rous Mella Patrum. Lond. 1650, 8vo. p. 456—468.

Epistola NOVATIANI scripta ante schisma ad St. Cyprianum, the 30th. of St. Cyprian's Epistles. Oxon. 1682, fol.

- ——— opera quæ extant omnia, ab Edvardo Welchman, 8vo. Oxon. 1724. An accurate edition.
- Jackson, 8vo. Lond. 1728. Edit. opt.

Novatian, or more properly Novatus, was a Presbyter of the church of Rome, and flourished about A. D. 251. He was founder of what is termed the Novatian sect, or heresy. See a large

account of him and his writing in Dr. Lardner's works, vol. iii. p. 206-252.

P. Thryæi Novesii de variis tam Spirituum quam virorum vivorum Prodigiis, Apparitionibus dibri tres, 4to. Colon. 1594.

Numsmata aurea Imperatorum Romanorum e Cimelio Regis Christianissimi, delineata et æri incisa a comite de Caylus, 4to. Par. 1777. A very rare though modern book. It has no letter-press explanation; but what must enhance the value, it never was published for sale, and but a few copies worked off. Twelve only on large paper. The Abbé Barthelemy had a considerable share in producing it. It is said the plates were destroyed after the number designed was printed. "Il a fait casser on biffer les planches de cuivre." The work contains upwards of 2400 medals upon sixtyeight plates, and sold in a sale at Paris in 1780, for 289 livres. See Caylus.

NUMISMATA Virorum illustrium ex Barbadica, Gente, cum fig. fol. Patav. 1732. 2l. 2s.

For a very ample catalogue of the best writers on the coins and medals of the Grecian and Roman Emperors, Families, Colonies, &c. See the list in Muselius, Numismata, Antiqua, Veron. 1750, fol. vol. 1st. after the preface.

Joannis Nyder Formicarium libri v. quibus Christianus quilibet admirabili formicarum exemplo ad parandum sibi sapientiam eruditur. Sine ulla nota.

Nyder was a Dominican friar: he died at Nuremberg in 1440.

## OBS

JULIUS OBSEQUENS de Prodigiis, a Jo. Jocundo, Veron. 8vo. Venet. in Ædib. Aldi & Andreæ Asulani Soceri, Mense Novembri, 1508. Annexed to the Epistles of Pliny, and Suetonius de Claris Grammaticis. This is the first book in which the association of Aldus with his father-in-law is indicated.

a Beato Rhenano, 8vo. Argent. 1514. With Pliny, Aur. Victor de Viris illustribus, & Suetonius de Claris Gram. A copy of the Aldine edition.

———— 8vo. Venet. Ald. &c. 1518. An exact copy of the edition of 1508, with the same preface, &c.

a Roberto Stephano, 8vo. Paris. 1529, 1539, & 1544. With the aforesaid works, de viris illustribus, &c.

——— a Conrado Lycosthene, 8vo. Basil. Oporin. 1552, & 12mo. Lugd. Tornesius, 1553. The editor has filled the gaps in the first book, marking his own additions with an asterisk. Annexed to this edition are Polydore Virgil de Prodigiis, lib. iii. Joachim Camerarius de Ostentis, lib. ii. The edition of 1552 is adorned with plates.

Julius Obsequens, a Jo. Scheffero, 8vo. Amst. 1679. acced. Tabula Cebetis, Dialogus Luciani, Enchiridion Epicteti, Basilius & Plutarchus de Invidia & Odio.

- a Thom. Hearne, qui veteres Editiones contulit, textum emendavit, Obsequentem cum Livio comparavit atque illustravit, 8yo. Oxon. 1703. With Eutropius.
- a Franc. Oudenorpio, 8vo. Lug. Bat. 1720. A rare and excellent edition. The notes of the editor are learned and judicious.
- ——— cum animad. Varior. a Jo. Kappie, & Jo. Erhardo, 8vo. Curæ Regnitianæ, 1772. Edit. opt.

Julius Obsequens was a writer of an uncertain age. Some suppose he flourished in the time of Trajan, others under the empire of Honorius, about 390 years before our Lord. His work De Prodigiis is little else than a catalogue of those which T. Livius has inserted in his history. Both writers seem equally credulous.

Obsopæus de arte bibendi et arte Jocandi cum Thesis inaugurales de Virginibus, 8vo. 1754. 5s.

Guil. Caoursin Obsidionis Urbis Rhodiæ Descriptio, Ulm. per Joannem Reger, 1496.

This book is on many accounts very remarkable. The author is stiled *Vicecancellarius Rhodi*, and was probably an eye-witness of what he relates. The first part contains the narrative of the siege of Rhodes, by *Mahomet the Great*, and a congratulatory oration to the Rhodians, on the death of Ma-

He then proceeds to the transactions with his successor. Bajazet the Second, and gives a very minute account of the capture of his brother Zizimi, who was presented to the Pope, and died at Rome. The character is Gothic, but neat and elegant; it is full of cuts, which are some of the oldest extant, and in themselves very remarkable. It is observable, that the capitals at the beginning of each section are not illuminated with a pencil. but like these now used cut with ornaments and circumvolutions in metal, of which this book, perhaps, affords the first example. There is likewise some account of the translation of a relique. subjects of some of the cuts deserve to be mentioned. The first exhibits the author presenting his book to the grand master; the second, the approach of the Turkish fleet; the third, a breach in the mole and tower of St. Nicolas, and battle by sea and land; the fourth, the defence of the tower of St. Nicolas, &c. The cuts are thirty-four, each s page. Harleian Catalogue.

OCELLUS Lucanus de natura universi, Gr. 4to. Par. 1539. Edit. princ.

----- a Lud. Nogarola, Gr. et Lat. 4to./

ex cad. edit. Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Comel.

Bonon. 1646. A good edition.

in Thoma Gale opusculis mythologicis, præmissis de Ocello veterum testimoniis, a Jo.

Pearsonio collectis, 8vo. Cantabr. 1671, & Amst. 1688. p. 499, & seqq. Good edition.

Ocellus Lucanus, ab Ab. Batteux, Gr. et Gal. 8vo. Paris. 1768. Best edition.

Gr. et Gal. cum dissertat. 12mo. Ultraj. 1761.

Ocellus Lucanus was a disciple of Pythagoras, and flourished about 500 years before Christ.

OECUMENII Expositiones in quosdam Novi Testamenti Libros, a *Bernard. Donatio*, Gr. fol. Veron. de Sabio, 1532, 2 vol.

Expositiones, &c. a Frid. Morellio, Gr. et Lat. fol. Paris. 1630—1, 2 vol. This contains also the works of Aretas, an author of the tenth century, who wrote an exposition of the Apocalypse.

Ocumenius was bishop of Trica in Thessaly, and died about A. D. 990.

Cæsaris Octaviani Augusti Fragmenta, a Jano Rutgersio, 4to. L. Bat. Elzev. 1618. With Jani. Rugersii Variarum Lectionum libri vi. with certain fragments of other ancient authors.

Augusti Temporum Notatio, Genus, et Scriptorum Suorum Fragmenta, a Jo. Fabricio, 4to. Hamb. 1727. It contains also Nicolai Damasceni de institutione Augusti.

Elogia Ducum Romanorum, collected and illustrated by Ab. Morcelli, in his classical work De Stylo Inscriptionum Latinarum, 4to. Rom. 1781, lib. i. p. 158, & lib. ii. p. 281.

Monumentum Ancyranum de Rebus Gestis Au-

gusti Imperatoris, ab Andrea Scotto, 8vo. Antv. Plant. 1579. Edit. princ. Annexed to Aurelius Victor.

Monumentum Ancyranum, a Jac. Gronovio, 4to. Lugd. Bat. 1695. An excellent edition.

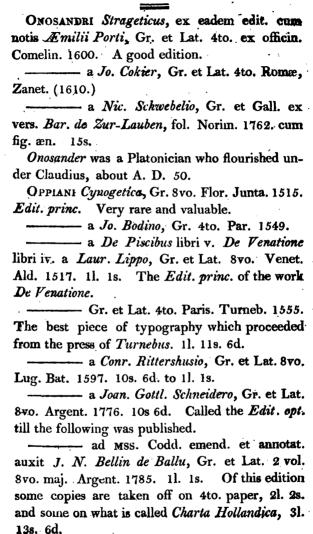
Mr. Morcelli has proved that this, as well as the Elogia Ducum, are the genuine works of Augustus. Suetonins mentions several other works both in prose and verse written by Augustus: but they are all lost.

Caius Julius Cæsar Octavianus Augustus, was son of Octavius, an Ædile of the people, and Accia, daughter of Julia, sister to Julius Cæsar. He was born September 23d. sixty-three years before Christ, and died August 19, A. D. 14. He was a man of considerable learning, and the patron of learned men. The genius of Latin poetry attained its acmè of splendor under this prince: Virgil, Horace, Ovid, Propertius, &c. flourished in his reign. His time was the golden age of poetry and polite literature. Since his time, many a Virgil and Horace have been lost to the republic of letters for lack of an Augustus and a Mæcenas.

OLYMPIODORUS. See COMMENTATORS on Aristotle.

OMNIBONI Leoniceni Grammatica Latina, fol. Patavii, 1474. The first book printed in the Roman letter. See Leonicenus.

Onosandri Strategicus, seu de Imperatoris institutione, a Nic. Rigaltio, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Paris. 1598. Some copies are found with the date 1599.



Oppian, the Greek poet, was a native of Anazarba, a city of Cilicia, and flourished in the reign of the Emperor Caracalla, about A. D. 200. This prince was so highly delighted with Oppian's Cynogeticon, that he gave him a golden crown for each line: hence it is said they were called Oppian's Golden Verses. He died of the plague in the thirtieth year of his age.

Oppius. See Hirtius.

OPTATIANUS Porphyrius Panegyricus Constantin. August. dict. a P. Velsero, fol. Aug. Vindel. 1595.

This author flourished about A. D. 330. He wrote in praise of the Emperor Constantine, and of the mysteries of the Christian religion. He was probably the inventor of what are called *Acrostich* verses. A species of writing, which, even in the hands of the best poets, produces much labour, and no elegance.

St. OPTATI Milevitani Episcopi opera omnia, ex edit. Lud. El. Dupin, fol. Par. 1679 & 1700, & cum not. var. fol. Antv. 1702. A good edition, vastly preferable to that of Gabriel Aubespine, fol. Paris. 1631, and to that also of Le Prieur, Paris. 1679. This work was also published 8vo. London, 1631, with the works of Meric Casaubon.

Optatus was bishop of Mileva, a city of Numidia in Africa, and flourished under Valentinian and Valens, about A. D. 368. Of his works only seven books concerning the schism of the Donatists remain; they were written against Parmenian, a

bishop of that sect. St. Augustin, Jerom, and Fulgentius, speak highly of this author.

OPUSCULA Mythologica, Ethica et Physica. See Collections, in vol. ii. p. 291.

ORAPOLLO. See HORAPOLLO.

ORATIO Dominica Poliglotta in xxvi. Linguis Studio Angeli Rochæ, 4to. Romæ, 1591, & fol. ibid. 1719.

- xl. Linguis, a Mullero, 4to. Berolin. 1680, & a Mesigero, 8vo. Franc. 1592. L. Linguis, a Mesigero, Franc. 1593. - c. prope Linguis, a Gothofrido Starchio, 4to. Berol. 1703. — plus c. Linguis, a Wilkinsio & Mullero, 4to. Lond. 1700. - in diversas fere omnium Gentium Linguas; propriis cujusque Linguae characteribus expressa, a Chamberlayno, 4to. Amst. 1715. Edit. opt. 15s. The common sense, as well as the piety of all the nations which have been blessed with the light of the New Testament, have led them to distinguish the LORD'S PRAYER contained in Matt. vi. v. 9-13, as the most excellent precatory composition that was ever delivered to, or formed by man.

ORATORES *Veteres*. See Collections, vol. ii. p. 292.

ORATORES Græci, cura Reiskii, 8vo. Lips. 1770, &c. 12 vol. Libanius, 4 vol. & Dion. Chrysostom, 2 vol. cura Reisk. In all 18 volumes. On Mr. Lunn's catalogue neatly bound, 16k 16s.

ORACULA Sybillina. See Collections, in vol. ii. p. 289. and under Falconia.

ORIBASIUS. See MEDICAL Writers.

St. ORIENTII Commonitorium, ab Andr. Rivino, 8vo. Lips. 1651. Found also in the Bibliotheca Patrum, and in Father Martene's Thesaurus Anecdotorum.

Orientius was a Christian poet, supposed to have flourished about A. D. 520.

- S. Origenis opera, a Car. de la Rue Monach. S. Mauri, Gr. et Lat. fol. Paris. 1733—39, 4 vol. This very excellent edition of the learned Benedictines is executed with great accuracy and judgment. The first volume, among other treatises, contains Origin's answer to Celsus, which in this edition is divided into sections. Some bibliographers say, "this edition is not yet completed;" but let the reader consult the fourth volume, and he will find Tomus quartus & Ultimus.
- ——— contra Celsum Latinè per Christ. Personam, fol. Rom. 1481. A very scarce work, and the first latin edition.
- ——— Contra Celsum lib. viii. a Dav. Hæschelio, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Aug. Vind. 1605. Edit. princ. Gr.
- ——— Contra Cels. et Philocalia, a Guil. Spencero, Gr. et. Lat. 4to. Cantabr. 1658 & 1677. The edition of 1677 is a bad one.
- ——— Philocalia, a Jo. Tarino, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Paris. 1618.
- De oratione, a Libellus, Gr. et Lat. 12mo. Oxon. 1686.

valuable work.

- a Car. Frid. Bahradt, Heb. Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Lips. 1769, 2 vol.

ORIGENIS Adamantii opera omnia, ad Editionem Parisiensem Caroli de la Rue recusa, Gr. et Lat. a Franc. Oberthur, 8vo. Wirceburgi, 1780, & ann. seqq. vol. 1—9. This is a very neat edition, and forms a part of the Sanctorum Patrum Gracorum Opera Polemica, begun by Oberthur at Wurceburg in 1777.

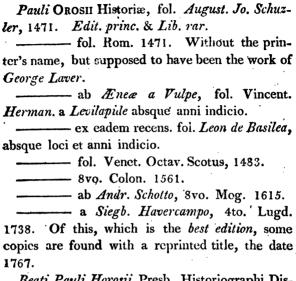
Origen was born at Alexandria in the 185th. year of our Lord, and was surnamed Adamantinus, from his indefatigable assiduity in labour. His Hexapla Montfaucon supposes must of itself have made fifty large folio volumes.

It is said that he learned the whole of the sacred writings by heart, and carried on his works with so much ease, that he dictated to seven or eight persons at once. He was very fond of the Platonic

philosophy, and introduced it frequently into his writings on the Christian religion. He had a very penetrating and vigorous imagination, and indulged it in allegorical interpretations of scripture much to his own discredit, and to that also of the sacred writings. He is the first ancient writer who maintained the opinion of the restitution of all things. Several other unsound tenets are attributed to him; but these accusations should be received with great caution, because they appear to have originated with his enemies, and particularly Demetrius, bishop of Alexandria, who excessively envied his great reputation, and endeavoured to blacken his character by every means in his power. But this has ever been the fate of all those who endeavour by genius and application to rise above the level of their circumstances; for this is a crime which the illiterate can never pardon. This very great and very good man died at Tyrc, A. D. 254, in the sixty-ninth year of his age. See Dr. Lardner's account of him, Works, vol. ii. p. 458. See also HEXAPLA.

Nic. ORLANDINI Hist. Societ. Jesu, pars prima sive Ignatius, fol. Romæ, 1615, or Antv. 1620.

Franc. Sacchini Historiæ Soc. Jesu pars secunda sive Lainius, fol. Antv. 1620.—Pars tertia, sive Borgia, fol. Romæ, 1649.—Pars quarta, sive Everardus, fol. Rom. 1652.—Pars quinta, sive Claudius, fol. Rom. 1661.—Partis quintæ tomus posterior, ab an. 1591, ad an. 1616, a Jos. Juvenco, fol. Rom. 1710. A valuable collection when complete.



Beati Pauli Horosii Presb. Historiographi Discipuli S. Augustini in Christiani nominis Querulos libri septem, fol. August. Jo. Schuzler, 1471. In a Germanico-Gothic character.

Hormesta Pauli Orosii, quam olim patrio Sermone donavit Alfredus Magnus, ad Examplar Junianum descriptum edidit Guil. Elstob, 8vo. Oxon. 1690.

Paul Orosius was a priest of Taragon, in Catalognia. In 414 he went to Hippo, and studied a year under St. Augustin. In 415 he went to Jerusalem to consult St. Jerom concerning the origin of the soul. On his return he wrote by St. Augustin's advice, his history in seven books, which extends from the creation to A. D. 416. It is more

a dogmatical than historical work, full of inaccuracies and unfounded popular reports; the chief design of which is to describe the calamities which afflicted men (the Roman people chiefly) for their worship of false gods.

Hieron. Onosu de rebus gestis Emmanuelis Regis Lusitania lib. xi. fol. Olyssipone, 1571.

ORPHEI Argonautica, Gr. 4to. Florent. Junta, 1500. Edit. princ. A very beautiful and extremely scarce work.

- Gr. avo. Venet. Ald. 1517. with Musæus de Herone and Leandro. SEUS. ---- Gr. et Lat. 4to. Bas. Cratander, 1523. ab Andr. Christ. Eschenbackio, Gr. ct Lat. 8vo. Ultr. 1689. A very rare edition. cum not. var. a J. M. Gesnero, Gr. et Lat. Lips. 1764. 10s. 6d. An excellent edition. ---- Carmen de Lapidibus, a Thoma Tyrwhitt, Gr. et Lat. Lond. 1781. de Terræ motibus Catalecton, è Bibl. Medic. Gr. et Lat. 4to, 1691. Lib. rar. - cum metaphrasi heroica Joan. Ant. Baifii in Miscellaneis Græcor, aliquot. Scriptor, Carminibus, cum notis Mich. Muittaire, 4to. Lond. 1722.
- pium, Gr. et Lat. interpret. Jos. Scaligero, cum not. M. Maittaire, in ejusdem Miscellaneis, &c. p. 146, et Tynni in Solem, Musas et Venerem, Vol. V.

Gr. et Lat. a Scaligero cum not. Maittaire ibid. p. 152.

Orpheus is the fabled inventor of music, and is said to have flourished about 1260 years before Christ: but the above works are generally agreed by the learned to be suppositious. They are generally attributed to Onomacritus, a Pythagorean philosopher who lived in the time of Pisistratus.

Abrahami ORTELH Theatrum orbis terrarum, fol. Ant. 1624.

Thesaurus Geographicus, 4to. Antv. 1624.

Everardi Ottonis de Dis Vialibus Dissertatio, Svo. Halæ, 1714.

Georgii Othonis Palæstra Linguarum hoc est capita prima quatuor Geneseos Chaldaicè, Syriacè, Samariticè, Arabicè, Æthopicè, Persicè, 4to. Franc. 1702.

Batavorum cum Romanis bellum, Corn. Tacito lib. iv. et v. Histor. olim descriptum fig. nunc æneis expressum, auctore Othone Vænio, 4to. Antv. 1612.

Amoris divini emblemata fig. æneis incisa—expressa Latinè, Gallicè, Hispanicè et Belgicè, 4to. Antv. 1615.

Veterum Galliæ et Belgii Scripter. opuscula sacra, a Casmir. Oudino, 8vo. L. Bat. 1692.

Supplementum de Scriptoribus vel Scriptis ecclesiasticis, a *Belarmino* omissis, ad an. 1460 vel ad artem Typographicam inventam. 8vo. Paris. 1686. Casmir. OUDINO, Commentarius de Scriptoribus ecclesiæ antiquis illorumque scriptis, fol. Lips. 1722, 3 vol.

Casmir Oudin was born at Meziero upon the Meuse in 1638, and died at Leyden in 1690. He consecrated the principal part of his time to researches in Ecclesiastical history; and on this subject his writings are valuable.

Publii Ovidii Nasonis opera, ex recens. Joan. Andr. Ep. Aleriens. fol. Rom. Sweyn. & Pannartz, 1471, 2 vol. Edit. princ. Sold at Dr. Askew's sale for 8l. 10s. - fol. Mediol. Sine an. nota. Mentioned by Braun. - fol. Bonon. Balth. Azzoguidus, 1471. An extremely scarce edition. Supposed to have been the first produce of Azzoguidi's press at Bologna. --- fol. Ven. Jac. Rubeus, 1474, 2 vol. fol. absque ulla nota, 2 vol. Supposed to have been the work of Jenson, about 1475. fol. Mediol. Zarotus, 1477, 2 vol. - fol. Parmæ, Steph. Corallus, 1477. — fol. Bonon, 1480. - a Barnab. Celsano, fol. Vincent, Herman. Levilapides et Herm. Lichtenstein Coloniens. 1480. See afterwards under Metamorphoseon. - a Bono Accursio, fol. Ven. Bernard. de Novaria, 1486, 2 vol. - ex recens. Boni Accursii, fol. Venet.

1489. Some authors have supposed this edition done at Florence, others at Parma, misled probably by the following subscripton: Impensa Luca Antonii Florentini a Mattheo Capcasa Parmense accuratissime impressa. But there is no positive evidence that Matthew Capcasa (de Codeca) printed any thing this year either at Florence or Parma; nor can I find that he ever printed at either of those places: but he certainly carried on the printing business at Venice in 1482—85—88—89—90—91—92—93—94 & 1495.

Pub. Ovidii Nasonis opera, ex endem recens. fol. Ven. 1498.

Metamorphoseon libri quindecim — vita Oridii ex ipsius operibus Index fabularum et Cæterozum, &c. 8vo. Venet. in æd. Aldi mense Getobri 1502.

Heroidum Epistolæ, Auli Sabini Epistolæ tres P. O. N. Elegiarum, lib. iii. De Arte Amandi, lib. iii. De Remedio Amoris, lib. ii. In Ibin lib. i. Ad Livium Epist. de morte Drusii. De Nuce. De Medicamine faciei. Venet. 8vo. in ed. Aldi mense Decembri, 1502.

Que hoc in libello continentur, Fastorum lib. vi. De Tristibus lib. v. De Ponto lib. iii. 8vo. At the end of the Fasti on a blank leaf, Venet. in Aldi Romani Academica, mense Januario, 1502. At the end of the tract De Ponto, Venet. in Acad. Aldi mense Febr. 1503. These three volumes are generally quoted together as making a complete set; though it does not appear that

Aldus designed they should always be connected. This edition is very rare, and especially that volume which contains the books De Arte amandi—De Remedio Amoris, as it appears they were more frequently read by youth, and perhaps often destroyed by scrupulous persons. See Renouard.

Pub. Ovidil Nasonis opera, ex recens. Andr. Naugerii, 8vo. Venet. Ald. 1515—16, 3 vol. Published nearly as the preceding. This edition is more correct in the text than the former, being carefully revised by Andrew Navagero, who is author of the notes prefixed to the volume which contains the Metamorphosis. Though the edition of 1502 is said by some Bibliographers to be ex recens. Andr. Naugerii, yet it does not appear that he had any hand in preparing that edition, as he is no where mentioned in it. The mistake probably arose from the circumstance of some volume of the edition of 1516, being united to that of 1502.

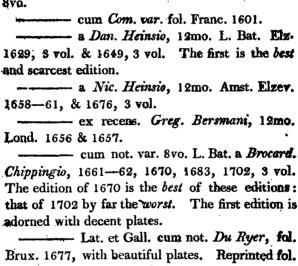
12mo. Par. Colin. 1527, 3 vol. An excellent edition.

12mo. Lugd. Gryph. 1539 & 1547, 3 vol.

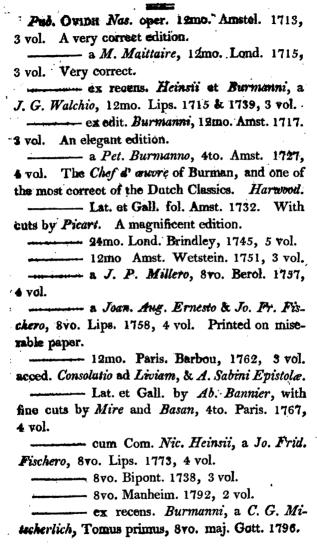
Plant. 1561, 3 vol. litteris quadratis. A beautiful edition; a copy of which is very difficult to be

found in good preservation. It was reprinted in 1578-82, 3 vol.

Pub. OVIDII Nas. opera, ab Herc. Ciofano, 8vo. Ven. Ald. 1578. Cited in the Bibliotheca Portatile: but there was no edition of Ovid printed this year at the Aldine press. Probably it is a mistake for Herculis Ciofani in P. Ovidii N. Metamorph. ex xvii. antiquis libris, Observationes, &c. 8vo. Venet. 1575. Or for Heroidum Epistolæ, P. Ovidii Nas. Venet. ex Biblioth. Aldina, 1588, 8vo.



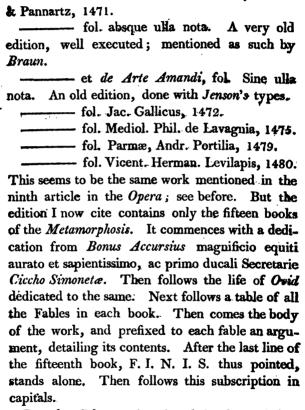
correct.



These are the principal and most valuable editions of the whole works of Ovid.

Works of OVID printed separately.

METAMORPHOSEON libri xv. fol. Romæ, Swein.



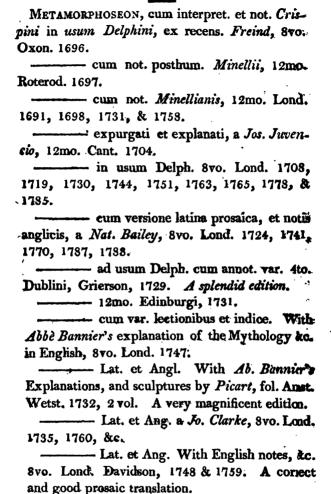
Barnabas Celsanus vicentinus habes humanissime Lector opera, P. Ovidii a nobis quam accuratissime potuimus emendata, nec mime diligenter ab Hermanno Levilapide Vicentiae impressa. M. cocc. LXXX. Pridie Idus. Aug. Feliciter.

#### σελοσ.

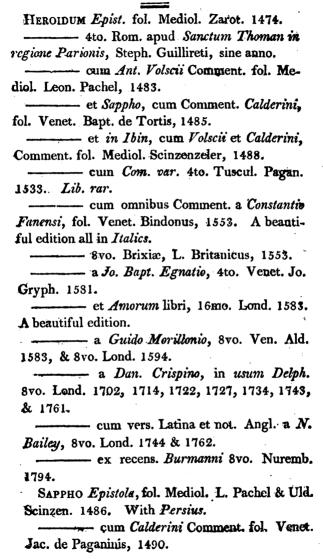
Perhaps this is a part of the edition mentioned in the Opera, as it has sometimes appeared in two volumes. See Panzer.

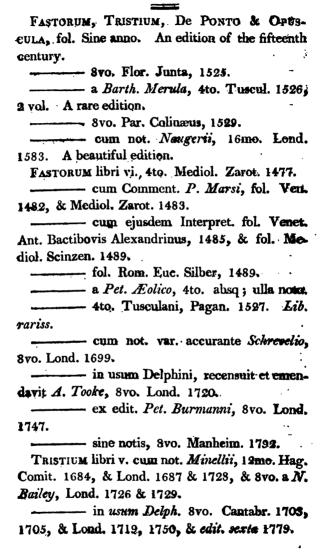
METAMORPHOSEON, a Raphelle Regio, fol. sine nota. An edition of the fifteenth century. - ab eodem, 4to. Lugd. Nicol. Wolff, 1501. cum Comment, et figur, pulcherrimis. 4to. Lug. 1510. A rare and beautiful edition. a Carolo Viviani Collensi, 8vo. Flor. Junta, 1522. - cum Raphaelis Regii enarrationibus. 4to. Tusculani, Alex. Pageninus, 1525. A mate edition, like all those printed at Tusculanum. 8vo. Paris. Colineus, 1529, & 16mo. . 141. - cum Lactantii Placidi argumentia, Sto. Lug. Haer. Simonis Vincentii, 1542, & ibid. Seb. Gryph. 1547. - ab Ant. Naugerio castigat. et Vict. Giselini Scholiis, 16mo. Lond. 1582 & 1589. - cum notis Greg. Bersmani, Svo. Lond. 1656 & 1657. - a Thoma Farnabio, fol. Paris. 1637. Alorned with cuts. And 12mo. Lond. 1677. - cum not. Farnab. 12mo. Amst. Blacu,

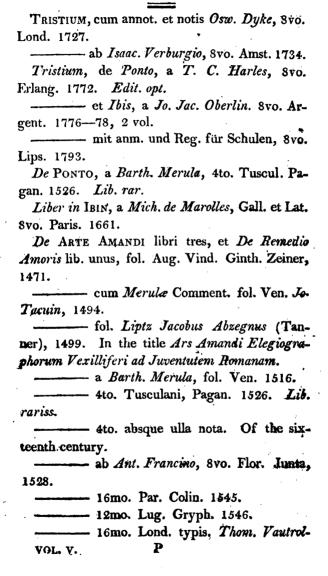
1150.



HEROLDUM Epistolæ, fol. Montereg. Ant. Metthiæ quondam Andr. de Antverpia, 1473. With Iuvenal.







lerii, 1583. A beautiful edition. By the same printer, and in the same form as the Metamorph. were printed in 1582. The Fust. Trist. De Pont. Ib. and ad Liv. in 1583. So these three volumes make a very elegant edition of Ovid's works.

De ART. AMAN. et Heroidum Epist. In Ibin. ad Livium, De Nuce, De Medicamine Faciei fragmenta, Carmen ad Pisonem incerti auctoris, 8vo. Par. Colin. 1536.

CATALECTA OVIDII, a Goldasto, 8vo. Francof. 1610.

HALIEUTICON, a Georgio Logo, 8vo. Ven. Ald. 1534. With Faliscus, Nemesianus and Calphurnius.

Consolatio ad Liviam, fol. Ven. 1472. With Ausonius.

Publius Obidius Naso was born at Sulmo, of an Equestrian family, about forty-three years before the Christian æra. His father designed him for the bar, and sent him to Rome where he studied rhetoric under Aurelius Fuscus. But being born a poet, the father's expectations were dissappointed, for he could not write but in verse, as himself informs us: Et quod tentabam scribere versus erat. He was at first a favourite of Augustus, and intimately acquainted with Virgil, Propertius, Tibullus, and Horace. But the favour of the Emperor did not continue long, for having by some means or other (perfectly unknown) displeased Augustus, he banished him in the fiftieth year of his age to Zomis, a city on the Pontus Euxinus, near the

mouth of the Danube, where he died principally through vexation, aided by the dampness of the place, and the coldness of the climate, in the seventh or eighth year of his banishment. Ovid was thrice married-his two first wives he divorced; the third, it is supposed, retained his affection. He was certainly a very fine poet, his works demonstrate this: but he was undoubtedly an immoral man. Scarcely any of his works can be read by youth without prejudice to their innocence. And in his books De Arte Amandi, &c. the poison of impurity is prepared with all possible art and elegance. It may be truly said, that the excellence of his poetry can never compensate for the indelicacy of his expressions, and the immorality of his sentiments.

OUPNEK'HAT, i. e. Secretum tegendum continens antiquam et arcanam, seu Theologicam et Philosophicam doctrinam, è quatuor sacris Indorum libris RAK Beid, DJEDJR Beid, SAM Beid, ATHERBAN Beid excerptam. ad verbum e Persico idiomate in latinum conversum; Dissertationibus et Annotationibus difficiliora explanantibus, illustratum. Studio et opera Anquetil Du Perron, Indicopleustæ, 4to. tom. i. Augent. 1801. As this work contains an abstract of the theology and philosophy of the ancient Hindoos, taken from their sacred books, it cannot fail being acceptable to the divine, the scholar, the antiquarian, and the critic. The translator, Anquetil du Perron, is already well known in the republic of letters, by

his translation of the Zend Avesta, a work attributed to Zorooaster. See ZEND. The first volume only of the Oupnekhat is published; and there is some reason to fear lest the venerable translator, who is now in his seventy-fourth year, should not be able to accomplish his important undertaking. The work is beautifully printed by the Levraults, at Strasburg; and is a valuable acquisition to every student in Persian literature.

Guillelmi Outrami de Sacrificiis libri duo, 4to. Lond. 1677. A work of considerable worth.

Joan. OWEN Cambro-Britanni, Epigrammata, 16mo. L. Bat. Elzev. 1647. Often reprinted.

John Owen, the author of these epigrams, was born in Caernarvoushire. He was fellow of New College, Oxford, and took the degree of batchellor of the civil law in 1590. He died in poverty in 1623, and a monument in Westminster Abby was erected to his memory! While alive he was permitted to starve: after death he was honoured! Is it not strange that people cannot find out a man's worth, till he is incapable of receiving the recompence due to his merit? His book though highly prised abroad, was put in the Index Expungatorius by the church of Rome for the following epigram:

An Petrus fuerit Romæ, sub judice lis est. Simonem Romæ nemo fuisse negat.

Saint Peter ruled in Rome, they say.— But this may be disputed. That Sinnon reign'd there many a day Can never be consuted,

## PAL

# PACHYMERES. See BYZANTINE writers.

Monumenta Peloponesiaca explicata, a P. M. PACIAUDI, 4to. cum figuris, Rom. 1761.

de cultu S. Joan. Baptistæ Antiquitates Christianæ, 4to. Rom. 1755.

PACIFICI Maximi Poetæ Æsculani Hecatelegium; sive Elegiæ nonnullæ jocosæ et festivæ; Laudes summorum virorum, Urbium et locorum, invectivæ in quosdam, &c. 4to. Florent. Ant. Mischominus, 1489. An extremely rare book.

4to. Bonon. Jac. de Benedict. 1523. Scarce also.

PACOMIUS. See CASSIAN.

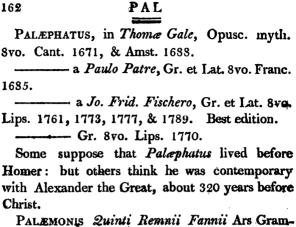
PACEVIUS. See COLLECTIONS, in vol. ii. p. 297, and *Corpus Poet. Lat. a Maittaire*. fol. Lond. 1713, vol. ii. p. 1479.

Alex. Arn. PAGENSTECHERI de jure Ventris-& de Cornibus & Cornutis, 12mo. Bremæ, 1737, liber singularis. A curious work.

J. Fr. Will. PAGENSTECHERI de Barba, liber singularis, 8vo. Lemgov. 1715.

PAGUS Anton. See BARONIUS.

Upsal. 1663.



PALEMONIS Quinti Remnii Fannii Ars Grammatica, 8vo. Adam Petri, 1527. With this work are connected 2. Ter. Scaurus, Elius Donatus, Servius Honoratus, Marius Victorinus, 2. Papirius Præstatus, and Corn. Fronto. It was first published in the Grammatical Collections, by Theodore Bellovacensis: but the edition ab Elia Putschio, 4to. Hanov. 1605, among the Grammatici Antiqui, is by far the best.

- ———— De Ponderibus et Mensuris, a Jo. Cæsario, 8vo. Salingiaci, 1538. Annexed to Celsus and Samonicus.
  - 8vo. Gryph. 1542. With the above.
    8vo. Lug. Bat. 1587.
- man. 4to. Lug. Bat. 1731, & 8vo. Glasg. 1752, p. 143—148. See MECIANUS.
- 2. R. F. Pulæmon flourished in the reigns of Tiberius and Claudius. He was at first a slave, and learned his letters in accompanying his owner's son to school. He became an eminent gramma-

rian and poet, and was noted for making extempore verses. It is said he acquired great riches, and was exceedingly profligate in his manners. Some critics have thought that the work *De Ponderibus*, &c. should be attributed to another person of the same name.

PALAMAS. See GREGORIUS.

Marcelli Palingenii Zodiacus Vitæ; id. est. de Hominis vita studio ac moribus optime instituendis libri xii. 16mo. Ludg. J. Tornæsius, Typogr. Reg. 1566.

- 16mo. Amst. 1628.

cum variis accessionibus, 8vo. Roter.

The real name of the author of this very excellent work was Petrus Angelus Manzolius, he was probably an Italian, and flourished about the middle of the sixteenth century. His poem which he has termed the Zodiac of human Life, he divided into twelve parts, each being inscribed with the name of one of the twelve signs, the grand object of which is, to teach men the road to present and eternal happiness. The many sarcasms contained in this work against the Pope, the cardinals, and the church of Rome; caused the Catholics to place it in the first rank of heretical books in the Index Expurgatorius. Had the author lived long enough be would have been burnt alive: for the Catholics took up his body from the grave, and to punish the author for what he had written against them. reduced it to ashes. The poem is really a fine one j and deserves to be more generally known.

PALLADII Rutilii Tauri Emiliani De Re Rustica, libri xiv. 4to. Paris. Lud. Teletanus, 1536. Dated at the end 1539.

----- 8vo. Par. Steph. 1543.

Corp. Poet. Lat. fol. Lond. 1713, vol. ii. p. 1267. See under CATO, in vol. ii. p. 147.

When this author lived is uncertain. But according to the most common opinion, he wrote about A. D. 390.

PALLADIUS De Febribus, Gr. et. Lat. cum S. Bernard. 8vo. Lugd. Bat. 1745. See Medici Græc.

PALLADII Helenepolitani, Historia Lausiaca, a Jo. Meursio, Gr. 4to. Lugd. Bat. Elzev. 1619. This work first appeared in a Latin translation, sine an. aut loc. and next by Heroet, 4to. Paris. 1555. It was published also by Cotelier in Veter. Monum. Ecclass. Grac. 4to. Paris. 1681.

Pigotio, Gr. et Lat 4to. Par. 1680. Edit. opt.

Palladius was born at Cappadocia, and was at first a hermit of Nitria in 388, and became bishop of Helenopolis, in Bythinia, in 401. He was an intimate friend of St. Chrysostom, and suffered much persecution in his behalf. His Lausiac History, or Lives of the Hermits, was written at the

request of Lausus, governor of Cappadocia, from whom it had its name. The piece De Vita Chrysostomi, has been attributed to another Palladius, an eastern Greek bishop, about the beginning of the fifth century.

PALLADIUS de Gentibus Indiæ et Bragmanibus, ab Edvardo Brissæo, 4to. Lond. Roycroft, 1665 & 1663. Annexed to Ambrosius De Moribus Bragmanorum; and Anonymus de Bragmanibus. These tracts were translated by Mr. J. Gregory, from Greek into Latin—which translation after his death came into the hands of Edm. Chilmead, and after his death into the hands of Mr. Byshe, who published them in his own name, Wood, Athen. Oxon. vol. ii. Ool. 101.

P. S. Pallas Miscellanea Zoologica quibus nova inprimis atque obscura animalium species describuntur. Hag. Comit. 4to. cum fig. 1766.

Biblia Sacra Latina, cum opusculo Aristeze, Matthia PALMERIO interprete, Rom. Swein. & Pannartz, 2 vol. fol. 1471.

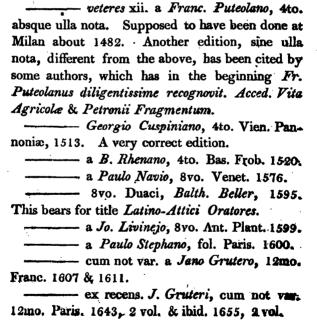
editio altera cum interpretatio hebraicor. nominum. fol. Nurem. And. Frisner & J. Sensenschmit, 2 vol. 1475. Both these are very scarce editions.

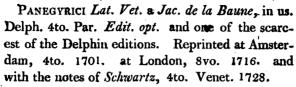
PAMPHYLI Codex Amoris, sive liber de Amore inter Pamphylum et Galatheam. An ancient edition in Gothic letters, without date, printer's name or place

PANCIROLI rerum memorabilium jam olim deperditarum, et contra recens atque ingeniosè inventarum; libri duo, 2 vol. 8vo. Amberg. 1599 & 1602, & 4to. ibid. 1629. A work of very little merit. The English translation with notes, is far preferable to the original.

Guy Pancirole was a very celebrated lawyer, born at Regium in 1523, and died at Padua in 1599.

PANDECTÆ Florentinæ—Justinianeæ. See Jus. PANEGYRICI Latini Veteres, a Masello Beneventano, 4to. Mediol. 1477. acc. Petronii Satyricon & Ephemeris Dyctis Cretensis.





- a Christ. Cellarie, 8vo. Hal. 1703.
- a Laur. Patarol, Lat. et Ital. 8vo. Ven. 1708, & ibid. Nic. Pezzana, 1719. Both these editions are ornamented with cuts; but the second is the best.
- a Wolfgang. Jægero, 8vo. Norim. 1779, 8vo. 2 vol.
- cum notis varior. ab Henr. Joan. Arntzenio, 4to. Mancof. 1791, tom. i. Whether this valuable edition be completed, I have not learned.

### Ancient PANEGYRISTS printed separately.

Eumenii Panegyrici, 8vo. Alt. 1716. See Eumenius.

Latini Pacati Drepanii Panegyricus Theodosio dictus, a Joan. Scheffero, 8vo. Holm. 1651, & 8vo. Upsal. 1668. This last edition is more correct than the former.

Jo. Arntzenio, 4to. Aust. 1753. Edit. opt.

The twelve Panegyrics which form the preceding collection, are, one of Plinius Cecilius, TWO of Claudius Mamertinus, FIVE of Eumenius, ONE of an unknown author, ONE of Nazarius, ONE of Claudius Mamertinus, a different author from the

above, and ONE of Latinus Pacatus Drepanus. In some editions the following are added: Ausonii Gratiarum actio pro consulatu, and Ennodii Panegyricus Theodorico Italiæ Regi dictus. See Ennodius.

PANNONII (Jani) Poemata et Opuscula, 8vo. cum not. var. Traj. ad Rhen. 1784, 2 vol.

Mutii Pansæ de Osculo, seu Consensu Ethnicæ et Christianæ Theologiæ Philosophiæ, unde Chaldæorum, Persarum, Arabum, Græcorum et Latinorum Mysteriæ deducuntur, 8vo. Marp. 1605.

Henr. Pantaleonis rerum memorabilium terra marique gestarum Historia. Basil. 1581, fol.

Pantini (Petri) Homiliæ SS. Patrum, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Ant. 1598.

Circi Maximi et Antiqui Imperatorum Romanorum Palatii iconographia, diligenter ex iis qua supersunt reliquis æneis formis expressa *Onuphrii* Panvinii opera, fol. 20 plates.

de Ludis Circensibus et de Triumphis libri cum not. Joan. Argoli, et additamento Nic. Pinelli, cum fig. fol. Patav. 1681.

PANYASIS. Among the POETÆ minor.

PAPIÆ Vocabularium Latinum, fol. Mediol. 1476.

Tol. Venet. Phil. de Pineis, 1496. See GRAMMA-RIANS.

Fragmenta librorum Papiæ ex Irenæo, Eusebio, Andrea Cæsarensi, Œcumenio, et Ms. cod. 2397, Bibliothecæ Bodleianæ. Præmissa est Præfatio de Papia Hierapolitano ejusque libris. In Jo. E.

Grabii Spicilegio SS. Patrum, Secul. ii. 8vo. tom. i. Oxon. 1699, p. 26-35.

Papias is said to have been a disciple of St. John, and to have lived about A. D. 110, or according to others, 115 or 116. From the fragments which remain, he appears to liave been a weak and credulous writer.

Papinius. See Statius.

Papinianus. See Jus.

PAPIRIUS, author of the collection Leges Regue a Romulo, aliisque Romanorum Regibus latæ, 4to. Rom. 1583. See JURIS. He is placed by Abbè Botil, the first in the list of Latin Classics, and is supposed to have made this collection 514 years before the Christian æra, and to have been contemporary with Æsop and Confucius.

Quintus Papirius. See Palemon.

PAPPI Alexandrini fragmentum libri ii. Mathematice Collectionis, e Cod. Ms. editum cum versione et notis Jo. Wallisii cum Aristarcho Samio, 8vo. Oxon. 1688, & in Wallisii opp. Math. fol. Oxon. 1699, tom. iii. p. 597—614. See also Dr. Gregory's Euclid, Oxon. 1703, and Dr. Halley's Apollon. Peregeus, Oxon. 1706.

——— Collectio Mathematica libri viii. fol. Pisauri. 1588.

Puppus was a philosopher and mathematician of Alexandria, and flourished under Theodosius the Great, about A. D. 380, or a little later.

Epositio vera harum Imaginum olim Nurembergæ repertarum, ex fundatissimo veræ magiæ VOL. V. Q Vaticinio deducta, per *Theophrastum* PARACEL-SUM, 8vo. cum fig. 1570. A scarce and curious work, written to ridicule the Pope and his ministers.

Theop. PARACELSI opera omnia, medico-chymico-chirurgica, fol. 2 vol. Genev. 1658. 1l. 11s. 6d.

Paracelsus was born at Einsidlen, in the canton of Schwitz, in 1493, and died at Saltzburg in 1541. He was certainly for his time an eminent physician and chymist. He was the first who taught the art of preparing chemical medicines, and some say the first who brought the medical qualities of opium and mercury to light. He was an earnest searcher after the Philosopher's Stone, which he never found; and after the Universal Elixir, which though he boasted to have, yet it could not preserve his life, though he pretended to keep others alive for ages by the use of it.

PARADISUS, seu Tetrastica Moralia, a Morel. Gr. et Lat. Paris. 1593.

PARALLELISMUS Figurarum, a Robertello, 4to. Bonon. 1567. See Collections.

PARMENIDES, in the COLLECTION, Poesis Philosophica, ab Hen. Steph. Paris. 1573.

PARCENETICI Veteres. See Collections, in vol. iii. p. 16.

Matthæi PARKERI Achiepiscopi Cantuariensis, Historia Antiquitatum Ecclesiæ Britannicæ, necnon de Privilegiis Ecclesiarum et Archiepiscoporum, &c. Lond. 1709, fol. cum iconibus. An interesting work, which contains an account of seventy archbishops. The author was born at Norwich in 1504, and died at Canterbury in 1575.

Matthæi Paris Historia major Angliæ juxta Examplar Londinense 1640, verbatum recusa; et cum Rogeri Wendoveri, Wil. Rishangeri Authorisque majori minorique Historiis Chronicisque Mss. in Bibliotheca Regia, &c. &c. fideliter collata. Huic Edit. accesserunt duorum Offarum Merciorum regum, et viginti trium Abbatum S. Albani Vitæ, cum var. Lection. Adversar. Glossario, et Indic. locuplet. fol. Lond. 1684. This history begins with the reign of Harold, A. D. 1065, and continues to the death of Henry III. A. D. 1273. This work is carefully edited, and contains a great variety of very important and curious particulars.

Matthew Paris, the author, was a monk of St. Albans, a very learned man for his time. He understood poetry, eloquence, painting, architecture, mathematics, history, theology, &c. He died in 1259.

PARIAN Chronicle. See CHANDLER.

PARTHENIUS. See ROMANCES.

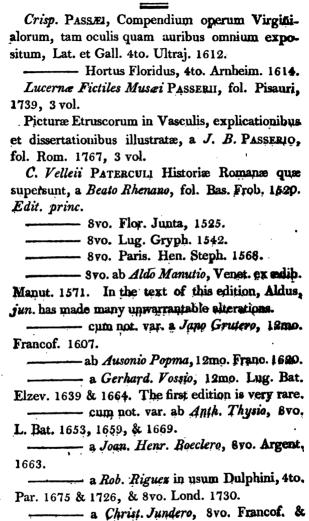
Caroli Paschalli opus de Ceronis, în quo res omnis coronaria è priscorum collecta monumentis continentur cum not. diversor. 8vo. Lugd. Bat. 1671, 2 vol.

Geor. PASCHII Tractatus de novis inventis, 4to. Lips. 1700.

Metamorphoseon Ovidianarum typi aliquot artificiosissimè delineati per Crisp. PASSÆUM, 4to. 1604.

Lips. 1707.

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C. Vel. Paterculi Hist. a Christ. Cellario,
12mo. Lips. 1707.A good edition.
cum not. var. a Joan. Hudsono, 8vo.
Oxon. 1693 & 1711.
a J. G. Walchio, cum Hen. Dodwelli
Annal. Vellejanis, 12mo. Lips. 1712.
a Mich. Maittaire, 12mo. Lond. 1713.
cum Walchii Com. 12mo. Lips. 1717.
cum not. var. a Pet. Burmanno, 8vo.
Lug. Bat. 1719 & 1744. The edition of 1719 is
generally allowed to be the Edit. opt. of this work:
in the edition of 1744, there are some additional
notes by Burman. Some copies have the title-
page changed, with the date 1756.
8vo. Edinb. 1721.
cum notis Junckeri, 8vo. Coburg. 1731.
et Flori Epitome, a Steph. Andr.
Philippe, 12mo. Paris. 1746.
ex edit. Pet. Burman. 8vo. Glasg.
Foulis, 1752.
12mo Par. Barbou, 1754 & 1777.
a Pet. Jo. Millero, 8vo. Berol. 1756.
cum Comment. Gruneri, 8vo. Coburg.
1762.
cum not. var. a Dav. Ruhnkenio, 8vo.
L. Bat. 1779, 2 vol. Best edition.
cum Comment. C. D. Jani Koeppen
& Krause, 8vo. Lips. 179—
8vo. Biponti
0νο. 1νωεμο. 1794. Ω 3.

Caius Velleius Paterculus was of an illustrious family, originally of Naples; he was a military tribune, and afterwards prætor in the year in which Augustus died. He followed Tiberius in all his expeditions, and was a particular friend of Sejanus his favourite, in whose ruin it is supposed he was involved, about A. D. 31. Only a small part of his history remains, and that almost incurably corrupted, as only one Ms. of the work is extant; so that like Hesychius it must continue imperfect and incorrect till another Ms. be discovered, if such be in existence. Paterculus is a beautiful writer; and is inimitable in his characters, which he describes in the most accurate manner, in a few words. He is however, justly blamed for praising Tiberius and Sejanus, and depreciating others whose characters were as pure as those of the above were profligate. Paterculus mentions Virgil, Sallust, Livy, Tibullus, and Ovid, as his contemporaries.

Numismata Imperator. Romanor. ex ære mediæ et minimæ formæ descripta, &c. per *Carol*. PATINUM, fol. Argent. 1671, & Amst. 1696.

S. PATRICIO qui Hibernos ad fidem Christi convertit ad scripta opuscula quorum aliqua nunc primum ex antiquis MSS. codicibus, in lucem emissa sunt, a Jacobo Waræo Eq. Aur. 8vo. Lond. 1656.

Charta S. Patricii de antiquitate Avalonica; in Johannis Confratris et Monarchi Glastoniensis Chronica ex edit. Tho. Hearnii, 8vo. Oxon. 1726, vol. i. p. 63—66.

For St. Patrick's Syneds and Canons, see Spelman's Councils, tom. i, p. 51—54, seqq. fol. Lond. 1639. See also Wilkinson's Councils of Great Britain, fol. Lond. 1737, vol. i. p. 2—7. and for demonstrative proof that no such person as St. Patrick ever existed as Apostle of Ireland, and that the Irish were converted to the Christian faith not by papal influence, but by Missionaries from the East. See Ledwich's Antiquities of Ireland, p. 54, &c., Second edition.

- S. PAULINI opera, a Jo. Fr. Madrisia, fol. Venet. 1737. Edit. ept. Illustrated with many notes and dissertations. In the edition of Council's, published by Massi, Venet. 1767, vol. xiii. p. 921, there is a tract concerning Baptism, attributed to Paulinus. This author was Patriarch of Aquileia, and died about A. D. 802.
- S. Meropii Pontii Anicii Paulini opera, exedit. Le Brun Desmarettes, 4to. Par. 1685.

This author was bishop of Nota, in Campania;

This author was bishop of Note, in Campania; born at Bourdeaux in 353, and died at Nola in 431.

S. Pauli Apostoli Epistole cum Comment. Jacobi Fabri Stapulensis, Gr. fol. Par. Hen. Steph. 1515.

Venet. Fratres de Sabio, 1533.

4to. Gr. Rom. 1626. With the other Canonical Epistles and Acts of the Apostles. A valuable edition.

S. PAULI APOSTOLI Epist. ab Egidio Delpho, Lat. 4to. Paris. Ulric, Gering, sine an. Done in the fifteenth century.

Epistolæ vi. Pauli ad Senecam, et viii. Senecæ ad Paulum, 4to. Lat. Par. 1470.

PAULI Benriedensis de Rebus gestis Gregorii
VII. P. M. et vita S. Herluce Virginis, Hist. a
Jacobo Gretsero, 4to. Ingoldst. 1610. This author
was a Canon of the Augustinians of Benriede, about
A. D. 1080.

PAULUS Diaconus Aquilejeno, de Vità S. Gregorii Magni, fol. Paris. 1705. With St. Gregory's works.

The family name of this author was Warnefreid; he was one of the monks of Mount Cassini, and died about the beginning of the ninth century. He is one of the Historiæ Romanæ Scriptores.

PAULI Hist. Vitæ Patr. Emeritensium, a Tho. Tamaio, 4to. Ant. 1635.

This author was Deacon of Merida, in Spain, and died about A. D. 612.

PAULI de Sancta Maria, Scrutininium Scriptuvarum, fol. Rom. Uldaric. Gallus, Circa an 1470. Edit. princ. PAULI de Sancia Maria Scrut. Scrip. (Mantaux), Jo. Schallus, fol. 1475.

- fol. Mogunt. Pet. Schoeffer, 1478.

Paul de Sancta Maria was a Jew who was converted to the Christian faith by reading the Summa of Thomas Aquinas. He was at first preceptor to John II. King of Castile, and afterwards bishop of Carthagena, next of Brugos, and it is said he died patriarch of Aquileia in 1445.

PAULI Æginetæ opera medica, Gr. fol. Vænet. Ald. 1528. This is the Edit. princ. and by some thought the Edit. opt. of this work.

Gr. fol. Venet. Ald. 1534. This is no other than the edition of 1528 shound up with Amidenus, printed in 1534. By only looking at the date of this latter work, and not perceiving that the volume contained two treatises; De Beure and others have made an Aldine edition of P. Agineta in 1534, which never had an existence.

a Hieron, Gennusap, Gr. fol. Basil. 1538. Edit. opt.

de Crisi et Criticis diebus, corumque signis Tho. Linacro interpret. Annexed at the ninety-first leaf to Galani Pergam. de naturalibus facultatibus libri tres, s. T. Linacro, 4to. Lond. in ædibus Rich. Pynsoni, 1523.

Hypomnemata quædem in aliquot libros PAULI Æginetæ per Greg. Ethrigeum, 4to. Lond. 1588.

Paulus Ægineta flourished under Constantine Pogonatus, about A. D. 670. He was born in the island of Ægina, whence he had his name. He

### PAU

is the first writer who takes notice of the catharctic quality of Rhubarb: and the first in all antiquity who deserves the name of *Man-midwife*. See ÆGINETA.

Pauli Jovii. See Jovius.

Christ. Franc. PAULLINI Cynographia curiosa, seu Canis descriptio, 4to. Norimb. 1648, & ibid. 1685, cum fig.

- —— Lycographia seu de natura et usu Lupi, 12mo. Franc. 1694.
- Lagographia curiosa, seu Leporis descriptio, 8vo. August. 1691.
  - De Asino tractatus, 4to. Franc. 1695.
- Aug. Vind. 1688.
- Nucis Moschatæ descriptio, 12mo. Lips. 1704.
  - Talpæ descriptio, 12mo. Franc. 1680.
- —— De Lumbrico Terrestri, 8vo. Francof. 1703.
- an Mors naturalis plerumque sit substantia Verminosa, 8vo. Franc. 1703.
- ——— De Candore liber singularis, variis antiquitatibus illustratus, 8vo. Franc. 1703. All these tracts are curious and worthy of notice.

PAUSANLE Graciae descriptio, Gr. fol. Ven. Ald. 1516. Edit. princ. The editor was Marcus Musurius. At the top of each page, the contents are given in Greek by the editor. A very scarce

edition. At the Pinellian sale it sold for 1l. 12s.

PAUSANIÆ Græc. Descr. a Guil. Xylandro, Gr.
et Lat. fol. Franc. 1583, 2 vol. A good edition.

Gr. et Lat. a Xylandro, Hanov. 1613.

10s. 6d.

a Joach. Kuhnio, Gr. et Lat. fol. Lips. 1696, formerly called Edit. opt. 11. 1s.

——— Gr. et Lat. a J. F. Facio, 8vo. Lips. 1794—97, 4 vol. A very useful edition, and perhaps the best of this work.

Pausanius was a Greek historian who settled at Rome under Antoninus Philosophus, where he died at an advanced age, about A. D. 180. His history of Greece is a very interesting work to the antiquarian, geographer and mythologist; and has been long much and deservedly esteemed.

PEANII Metaphrasis Eutropii, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Franc. 1590.

a Frid. Salom. Kaltwassero, Gr. 8vo. Gothæ, 1780. It is found in the Oxford edition of Eutropius, 1703. The best edition is that cum not. var. 8vo. L. Bat. 1762.

When *Peanius* lived is uncertain:—probably about the fourth century. See EUTROPIUS.

PEARSONII Vindiciæ Epistolarum S. Ignatii, 4to. Cantab. 1672. 7s. 6d.

Bentley, in his first Dissertation on Phalaris, speaks very highly of this book; and Boyle, in his answer, calls it that incomparable work; one of the first books in the world in criticism; see also two Epistles of Dr. Smith on these Epistles of Ignatius in T. Hearne's works.

Peda. See Albinovanus.

Pepagomenus. See Demetrius.

Gometii Perciræ Antoniana Margarita, fol. Methymnæcampi, 1554.

nova et vera medicina experimentis et evidentibus rationibus comprobata, fol. Methymnæ Duelli, 1558.

Endecalego contra Antoniana Margarita, 8vo. Medinæ Campi, 1556. These three tracts are very rare, especially the latter; a copy of which is scarcely ever to be met with.

Antonii Perez Pentateuchum Fidei, sive volumina quinque de Ecclesia, de Conciliis, de Scriptura Sacra, de Traditionibus et de Romano Pontifice, fol. Matriti, 1620. A very scarce work; having been diligently suppressed.

Monumenta Suco-Gothica, Uplandiæ partem primariam continens, cum antiquitatibus ac inscrispionibus quæ cippis et rupibus, vel tumbis incisæ passim reperiuntur, a Joan. Peringskioldo, Suecicè et Latinè, fol. Stockholm. 1710.

— Monumenta *Ullerukerensi*, cum *Upsalia* nova illustrata, Suecicè et Lat. fol. Stockh. 1719, cum fig.

Historia Wilainensium, Theodorici Veronensis, ac Nislungorum; continens Regum atque Heroum quorumdam gothicorum res gestas per Russiam, Poloniam, &c. Suecicè et Lat. fol. Stockh. 1715.

John Peringskiold was born at Strengnes, in Sudermania, in 1654. He acquired a consum-

mate knowledge of the northern languages, and was made professor of antiquities at Upsal, and antiquarian secretary to the king of Sweden. He died in 1720.

Abrahami Peritsol Itinera Mundi, i. e. Cosmographia, Hebr. & Lat. ex interpretatione, et cum Comment. Thomæ Hyde Accesserunt Turcarum Liturgia Perigrinatio Meccana, &c. necnon castigatio in Ang. à S. Josepho, 4to. Oxon. 1691. This work is also found in Hyde's Syntagma Dissertationum, 4to. Oxon. 1767, vol. i.

Jacobi Perizonii Origines Babylonicæ et Ægyptiacæ, cum addition. Caroli Dukeri, 8vo. Traj. ad Rhen. 1736, 2 vol. An excellent work, in which the author corrects several mistakes of Sir John Marsham.

A work, which according to *Bayle*, may be called the *Errata* of historians and critics.

James Perizonius was born at Dam in 1631. He was professor of history, eloquence, and greek, at Leyden; where he died in 1715. He published a good edition of Ælian, Lugd. Bat. 1701, 2 vol. 8vo. He was an excellent scholar and profound critic.

Nicolai Perotti Rudimenta Grammatices, fol. Rom. Sweyn. & Pannartz, 1473.

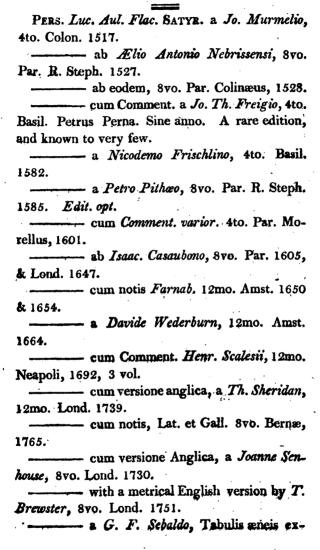
 fol.	Rom.	Vinde	l. de	Villa,	1475.
 fol	Por 1	477	See C	DAMM	TAD.

Icones et Segmenta illustrium è marmore Tabularum quæ Romæ adhuc extant, a Fr. Perrier vol. v. R

delineata, incisa et ad antiquam formam lapideis exemplaribus passim collapsis restituta, fol. Paris. 1645. Fifty-one plates.

Persii Lucilii Aulii Flacii Satyræ, 4to. Ab-

sque ulla nota. At the end Explicit ignotus per
totum Persius orbem.
4to. Rom. sine alia not. The cha-
racters are the same as those of the Juvenal
printed by Ulric Gallus. See JUVENAL.
fol. absque ulla nota.
a Barth. Fontio, fol. absque ulla nota.
cum Comment. Jo. Britannici, et
Epistola ad S. P. Q. Brixiensem, fol. Ven. 1480.
ab eodem, fol. Venet. 1480.
ab eodem, fol. Mediol. Scinzenzeler,
1480, & ibid. Zarot. 1484.
ab eodem, fol. Ven. Hen. Liberarius,
(Librajo) 1481.
cum Comment. Jo. Britan. fol. Brix.
Gabr. Tarvisius, 1481.
cum Com. J. Britan. a B. Fontio,
fol. Ven. Rayn. de Novomagio, 1482.
fol. Mediol. Leon Pachel & Uld. Scin-
zen. 1486. With OVIDII Sappho Epistola.
cum Com. Brit. fol. Venet. Barth.de
Ragazonibus, 1492.
a Jo. Bap. Plautio, fol. Bonon. 1502.
cum Com. var. et J. B. Plautii Inter-
pretatione, fol. Ven. Rubeis, 1516.
a Scipione Ferrario, 4to. absque ulla
nota. An edition of the sixteenth century.



pressæ, a Jo. Mich. Schmidio, 4to. Noriberg. 1765. A very beautiful work. 1l. 1s.

Pers. Luc. Aul. Flac. Satyr. cum versione Gallica et figuris, 8vo. Bern. 1769. For various other editions, see JUVENAL.

Aulus Persius Flaccus was born at Volterra, in Tuscany (according to the general opinion), about thirty-four years after our Lord. He studied at Rome under the grammarian Palæman, the retorician Virginius, and the stoic philosopher Cornutus. Nero pretended to be a poet; and Persius, who detested him and his pretensions, abused him without mercy. The better to ridicule him, it is said the poet often introduced some of the Emperor's verses in his Satires. The following Sat. lib. i. v. 99—102. are supposed to be Nero's.

"Torra Mimalloneis implérant cornua bombis, Et raptum vitulo caput ablatura superbo Bssaris, et lyncem Manas flexura corymbis," Evion ingeminat: reparabilis adsonat Echo." Hæc fierent, si testiculi vena ulla paterni Viveret in nobis?

"Their crooked horns the Mimallonean crew,
With blasts inspired; and Bassaris who slew
The scornful calf, with sword advanc'd on high,
Made from his neck his haughty head to fty.
And Mænas, when with ivy bridles bound,
She led the spotted Lynx, then Evion rung around;
Evion from woods and floods repairing Echo's sound."
Could such rude lines a Roman mouth become,
Were any manly greatness left in Rome?
Dryd.

In reference to the same tyrant, it is said he first wrote, line 121, thus: Auriculas Asini Midas babet. But his friend Cornutus fearing the sarcasm might cost the poet his life, got him to insert quis non habet? and thus leave out the pointed allusion. But see Bayle's Criticisms on these suppositions.

There are only six satires of this poet remaining, and they are remarkably obscure; but this is not the fault of the poet. His satires were not intended for mankind at large—they were pointed against persons and vices which were then reigning: and as he is continually alluding to customs and facts which have perished with that age, the allusions are necessarily obscure. Persius had a delicate constitution, and died in the twenty-eighth or thirtieth year of his age. He left his library, and a large sum of money, to his friend and preceptor Cornutus. But the generous philosopher divided the money among the poet's sisters; and kept only the books. Many philosophers of the present day would have kept both.

Pervicilium Veneris, sive Carmen de veri, a Petro Scriverio cum notis Pithoei et Salmasii, 8vo. L. Bat 1638. Annexed to a work intitled Baudii amores, and another, entitled, Florida, versus trochaici Flori Poetæ de Qualitate vitæ. Of this poet Florus, we know nothing but the name.

\_\_\_\_\_ ab Andr. Rivinio, 4to. Lips. 1645. \_\_\_\_ cum not. var. 8vo. Hag. Comit. 1712.

Annexed to the Cupido Cruci adfixus of Ausonius.

A fine edition.

PERVIGILIUM Ven. a Nicol. Stephano Sanadon, 12mo. Lat. et Gall. Paris. 1721. This little work has been attributed by the critics to various authors of different ages.

Tractatus clarissimi Philosophi et Medici Math. Perusini De Memoria, 4to. sine ulla nota. Supposed to have been printed about 1475.

PETAVII *Uranologium*, in quo Græci Auctores varii de Sphæra ac sideribus eorumque motibus, Gr. et Lat. fol. Par. 1630. A valuable work.

- De Doctrina Temporum, fol. Paris. 1627, 2 vol. These three volumes are seldom sold separately.
- du Fresnoy, 12mo. Par. 1703.
- a Joanne Conrad. Rungio, 8vo. Lugd. 1710, 2 vol. This work is an abridgement of the Doctrina Temporum; and this last edition is allowed to be the best.
- .—— Dogmata Theologica, fol. Par. 1644 & 1650, 5 vol. Reprinted at Florence, 1722, and at Amsterdam, fol. 1763, 3 vol. A work in considerable esteem, both among Catholics and Protestants.

Dionysius Petavius (Dennis Petau) was born at Orleans in 1583. In 1605 he entered among the Jesuits in their college at Paris, where he applied himself intensely to the study of literature in general, but especially to chronology, in which

he acquired a reputation superior to that of most of the literati in Europe. Philip IV. King of Spain requested him from the Father General of the order, to take a professor's chair in the imperial college of Madrid: but Father Petau being afflicted with a bilious complaint, and greatly tortured with the stone, it was judged improper to remove him from his beloved cell. Had Father Petau enjoyed a good state of bealth, said Niceron, he would have been lost both to literature and France. For what could he have done in a country where there are no books, or only such as a man of learning should not read? And where no artists could be got who could compose two words of Latin: and where the customs of the country required every work to be submitted to the censure of persons who could not understand it, and who, on this very account, were interested to suppress it?" This very learned man, and useful writer. died in his cell in the college of Clermont, December 11, 1652, in the sixty-ninth year of his age.

Petri Petriti Dissertatio de Amazonibus, cum fig. æn. 8vo. Amst. 1686. This is an attempt to prove, from medals and monuments, that such a race of warlike Ladies have existed.

Leges Atticæ, Gr. et Lat. ex recens. et cum Comment. Sumuelis Petiti, fol. Paris. 1635. A scarce and valuable work.

Cl. Le Petit, De Spiritibus creatis, Angelis, Dæmonibus, et Anima, 4to. Paris. 1641.

Jacobi Petiveri opera, Historiam Naturalem

Spectantia. Printed in London from 1692 to 1715, 7 vol. fol.

Petiver was fellow of the Royal Society, and a very eminent naturalist. He died in 1718.

Francisci Petrarch e opus de Remediis utriusque fortunæ, Cremonæ Bern. de Misintis Papiensens. ac Cæs. Parmens. fol. 1492. Edit. princ.

- De Vita Solitaria, fol. absque ulla nota. Supposed to be done by August. Vindel. & Pet. Zuiner circa an. 1472.
- Secretum de Contemptu Mundi, fol. sine ulla nota. (circ. 1472.)
- opera omnia quæ Latinè conscripsit: Bucolicum Carmen. De vita Solitaria—de Remed. utr. Fort. Dialogi, Epistolæ, &c. fol. Bas. Amberbach, 1496. 1l. 1s.
- opera omnia Latinè et Italicè conscripta, fol. Basil. 1581, 2 vol. 1l. 5s.

Francis Petrarch, the father of Italian poetry, was born at Arrezzo, July 20, 1304. His father sent him to study law at Montpellier and Bologne; but his taste for poetry rendered jurisprudence insipid, useless, and insupportable to him. He received letters, it is said, in the same day, from the Senate of Rome, the University of Paris, and the King of Naples, inviting him in the most flattering manner to come and receive the poetic crown. He preferred Rome, and having arrived there, was crowned with a crown of Laurel with a world of ceremony, on Easter-day, 1341. After the ceremony was ended he repaired to St. Peter's

church, and having devoutly returned thanks to God for the honour he had received, he deposited his crown among the holy offerings, to be hung up in the temple as a testimony of his gratitude to the Divine Being. This very eminent poet was found dead in his study, his head leaning on an open book, July 18, 1374, in the seventieth year of his age. I say nothing of his passion for the famous Laura, for though it has given birth to 318 fine sonnets, and 88 songs, it was nevertheless disgraceful both to the man and the poet, as she was the lawful wife of another person, Hugo de Sade, Lord of Saumane. Petrarch's Epitaph, said to have been made by himself, is as follows:

Inveni requiem: Spes et Fortuna, valete!
Nil mihi vobiscum est; ludite nunc alios.

Elephantographia curiosa, seu Elephanti descriptio, adornata multis observationibus Physicis, Medicis et jucundis historiis, &c. cum fig. a G. C. Petri, 4to. Erford. 1715, Lips. 1723.

Benedicti Paulini Petrocorii Poemata et alia sacræ Antiquitatis Fragmenta cum not. var. a Ch. Daumio, 8vo. Lips. 1686.

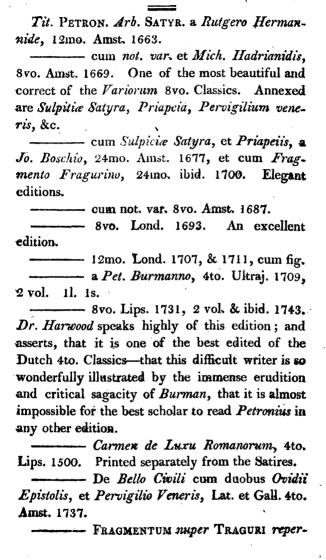
Petrocorius was a Christian poet of Aquitan, who flourished about A. D. 460.

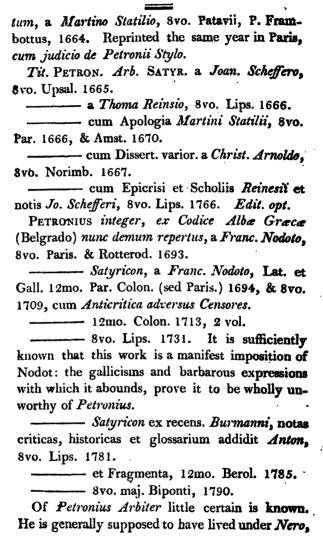
Alexandri T. Petronii de victu Romanorum, et de Sanitate tuenda libri v. necnon de Alvo sine medicamentis mollienda, fol. Rom. 1581.

Titi Petronii Arbitri Satyricon, 4to. Venet. Bern. de Vitalibus, 1499. Annexed to Dion

Chrisostom, De Ilio non capto, translated by Philelphus. Tit. Petron. Arb. Satyr. ab Herm. Buschio. 4to. Lips. 1500. 4to. Paris. 1520. A very rare and valuable edition. a Joan, Sambuco, 8vo. Antv. Plant. 1565... - a Dionys. Lebeo Batilio, 8vo. Lugd. 1575. - ab eodem, 12mo. Par. 1575. cum notis doctor. Viror. 8vo. Paris. 1577, & 12mo. 1587. a Jano Dousa, 8vo. Lug. Bat. 1585, & 8vo. Par. Guil. Linocerius, 1585. Annexed to the Satires of Sulpicius. a Joan, Woweren, Svo. L. Bat. 1596. 1604, & 24mo. Amst. 1626. ----- cum Pithœorum, Dousæ et aliorum notis, 12mo. Par. 1601. A good edition. Annexed to the Catalecta Poetarum. \_\_\_\_ a Melchior. Goldasto, 8vo. Helenopoli (Francof.), 1610, & 4to. Lug. Frellonius, 1618, & Francof. Wechel, 1621. a Joan. Bourdelotio, 12mo. Par. 1618, 1645, 1677, & 1685. a P. Lotichio, 4to. Francof. 1629. A valuable edition. a Jos. Ant. Gonsalo de Salas, 4to. Franc. 1629. - cum not. var. a Sim. Abbes Gabem-

ma, 8vo. Ultraj. 1654.





and to have been one of the principal favourites of that bad man: though others place him under the Antonini. His Banquet of Trimalcion is a vile piece, and should never have seen the sun. Tiraboschi very reasonably wonders that so many learned men have taken so much pains to illustrate a writer who is so full of meanness and obscenity. Learned men however, are greatly divided concerning the merit of this writer.—It is said, that being accused to Nero of a conspiracy against his life, he was put to death by having his veins cut.

Petri Apostoli Epistolæ. See Nov. Testament. Petri Damiani opera, a Constantino Cajetano, fol. Rom. 1607, 1615, & 1608.

fol. Paris. 1642 & 1663. See Damia-

PETRI Chrysologi Sermones, ab Agapeto Vincentino, 4to. Bon. 1534.

The most complete and best edition.

ab eodem, fol. Aug. Vind. 1758. Acced. Joseph. Aloysii Amadesii Dissert. de Metropoli Ecclesiastica Ravennatensi. The Homilies of this writer are found in the Bibliotheca Patrum.

Peter Chrysologus was archbishop of Ravenna, about A. D. 432, and died in 458. There is nothing in his writings (though very well for the age) which justly entitle him to the epithet Chrysologus, the man with golden words, which was given him by Felix, bishop of Ravenna, 250 years after his death.

PETRI Bathoniensis opera, a Petro de Gussanville, fol. Par. 1667. Edit. opt.

This author, called also *Peter of Blois*, was archdeacon of *Bath*, in Somersetshire, and afterwards of *London*. He died about A. D. 1200.

PETER of Poitiers, PETRUS Pictaviensis, works attributed to this author were published cum operibus, Roberti Pulli, ab Hugone Mathout, Mon. S. Mauri, fol. Par. 1655.

Peter of Poitiers was an English chancellor who died about A. D. 1200; and Robert Pullus was an English cardinal who flourished about A. D. 1150.

Petri Abælardi opera, ab Andr. Quercelano, 4to. Par. 1616.

a Rich. Rawlinson, 8vo. Lond. 1718. Peter Abelard was a famous divine, particularly celebrated on account of his affection for Eloisa. Their history is well known. He was born at Paris in 1074, and died in 1142. See ABELARD.

Petri Diaconi liber de viris illustribus Cassinensibus, a Jo. Bap. Mari, 8vo. Rom. 1655.

\_\_\_\_ ab eodem, 8vo. Par. 1666.

This Peter was deacon of Ostia, and monk of Mount Cassino, about A. D. 1140. See Latin Grammarians, see also Collections of the Fathers, &c.

Petri Commestoris Historiæ sacræ libri xvi. fol. Reutlingæ, 1473.

	fol.	August.	Gunth.	Zeine	er,	147	3.
	fol.	Argent.	1483 &	1485,	&	fol.	Bas
Vensler, 14	86.						

PET. COMMESTORIS, Rudimentum Novitiorum seu Chronicon ab orbe conditio, fol. Lubecæ, 1475.

This writer was called *Commestor*, or the *Devourer*, because, say the Catholic writers, he had such a perfect knowledge of the scriptures, that he seemed to have *devoured them*. See COMESTOR.

Jo. Corn. Peyeri Merycologia, sive de Ruminantibus et Ruminatione Commentarius, 4to. Bas. 1685.

Præadamitæ sive exercitatio super versibus 12, 13, 14. capitis v. Epistolæ Divi Pauli ad Romanos, quibus inducuntur primi homines antè Adamum conditi.—Systema Theologicum Isaaci La Peyrere anno 1655.

Systema ex Præadamitarum hypothesi, anno 1655, 12mo. A curious tract, not likely to do hurt to any man.

Isaac La Peyrere was born at Bourdeaux in 1594, and died at Paris in 1676. Besides the above fantastic work, he is author of a History of Greenland, 8vo. 1647. In relation to this work, he was one day asked, Why there were so many Sorcerers in the northern countries? To which he replied: "It is because the goods of these pretended magicians are confiscated to the use of their judges as soon as they are capitally convicted."

Thesaurus Anecdotorum novissimus, seu veterum monumentorum præcipuè Ecclesiasticorum, ex germanicis potissimum Bibliothecas eruta Collectio, studio Bernardi Pezii, fol. 1721—29, 7 vol. ordinarily bound in five.

Matthæi Pfaffii historia Theologiæ Litteraria, 4to. Tubing. 1724.

Tobiæ PFANNERI Systema gentilis purioris, 4to. Bas. 1679.

Prister (Albertus). A book printed at Bamberg in 1462, by the above, was discovered and described in 1792, by Matthias Jacob Adam Steiner. It consists of three parts: the first is an Allegory on Death-the second, The History of Joseph, Daniel, Judith, and Esther - and the third, The Biblia Pauperum. All the pieces are in German: and the different parts adorned with rude wood-cuts: the character is Missal, or Gothic, the form small folio, and it contains 101 The old square point is alone used in the work. It has neither folios, catchwords, nor signatures. Previous to the discovery of this work. it was supposed that the press had not been established at Burnberg before 1481, when the Missale Divinum was printed by John Sensenschmidt. Peignot in his Dictionnaire raisonne de Bibliologie, vol. i. p. 387, thinks that this book proves that the press was then established at Bamberg. Others think it was the work of an itinerant printer. Query, Were there any itinerant printers in that age? Of this work Panzer, Annales, &c. vol. i. p. 142, gives his opinion in the following words: Opuscula quæ typis mandavit typographus hic, ad litteraturam Teutonicam pertinent. Interim PFISTERUM hunc Bambergæ fixam habuisse sedem, vix crediderim. Videntur potius hi libri teutonici, monumenta transeuntis typographi esse. The book which is perhaps unique, is now in the National Library at Paris.

PHÆDRI Fabulæ vel Fabularum Æsopicarum libri v. a Petro Pithæo, 12mo. Augustoduni Tricassium, 1596. Edit. princ.

- a Con. Rittershusio, 8vo. L. Bat. Plant.

  1598. This edition contains also Cælii Symposii

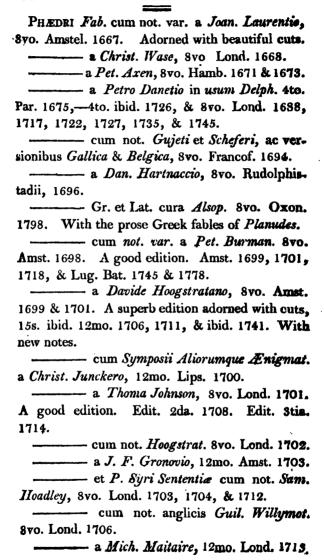
  Enigmata, Fabulæ Græcæ Babrii, et Ænigmata

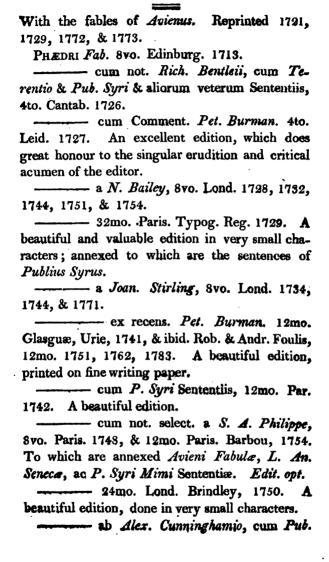
  Veterum Poetarum Græcorum Latinorumque.
- ——— a Nic. Rigaltio, 12mo. Paris. 1599, Oliva. Rob. Steph. 1617, & 12mo. ibid. Cramoisy, 1630.
- ——— cum Æsopi, Aphtonii, Gabriæ, Andnymi Veteres, Avieni, Denique Laurentii Maceratensis Fabulis, ab Isaaco Neveleto, 8vo. Commel. 1610, & Francof. 1660.

When this anonymous fabulist lived is not certainly known, but it must have been before the fourteenth century.—Laurentius Abstemius flourished in the sixteenth.

- a Tanaq. Fabro, 4to. Salmur. 1657.

  a Joan. Henr. Ursino, 8vo. Ratisbon.
  1657. A mutilated edition.
- Argent. 1664.





Syri & alior. Sententiis, 8vo. Edinburg. 1751 & 1757.

PHÆDRI Fab. a Jo. Pet. Millero acc. Syrius Minus, & Catonis Distica, 8vo. Berol. 1753.

4to. Neapoli, Lat. et Ital. 1765. A fine edition adorned with cuts.

cum not. Brotier, 12mo. Par. Barbou, 1783. 8s.

part. Svo. Halæ, 1779—81.

----- edit. Buden. 8vo. Hafn. 1784.

8vo. Bipont. 1784, cum Avieni, &c. Sententiis.

------ a F. J. Desbillons, 8vo. Manh. 1786. ------ sine notis, 12mo. Misen. 1790.

A correct Latin edition of the Fables of Phedrus, with a new literal English Translation and Parsing Index, 12mo. Lond. 1755. A correct and good edition, designed for the use of schools.

A Poetical Translation of the Fables of Phædrus, with the Appendix of Gudius; and an accurate edition of the Latin text on the opposite page, with a parsing Index by Christ. Smart, 12mo. 1765. 3s. A very good edition.

Lat. & Eng. by Fr. Fowke, 8vo. Lond.

Phædrus was a native of Thrace, and at first a slave of Augustus, but afterwards freed by that Emperor. He wrote under Tiberius, and is said to have been greatly persecuted by Sejanus, that

bad minister of a barbarous prince, because he imagined the elogiums which the poet made on virtue, were directed against his vices.

His five books of fables, written in Iambic verse. are justly admired for their wit and good sense. expressed in very pure and elegant language. The work of this elegant poet was buried in obscurity till A. D. 1595 or 96, when it was discovered in the library of St. Remi, at Rheims, by Francis Pithou, who gave the first edition of it. It is said, that not more than two Mss. of Pheedrus are extent; both imperfect, and both transcribed from the same copy with such carelessness, that the number of faults seems to exceed the number of verses in the work. It is the custom in some schools to use Phædrus in some of the lower forms. but this is certainly injudicious. "There are few Latin Classics" says Dr. Harwood, "that have more difficult passages than Phadrus."

PHALARIDIS Epistole, a Bartholomes Justinopolitano, Gr. et. Lat. 4to. (Venet.) 1498. An
extremely scarce edition, to which are since ed
Apolionii & Brust Epistola. Uone by the same
printers, who published an edition of Asop same
size and in the same year. See Asop, in vol. i.
p. 23.

Basil. 1518, ibid. Oporin. 1558, ibid. 8vo. apud Commelin. 1597.

et aliorum Epistolæ, 12mo. Gr. et Lat. Tornæsius, 1612.

PHALARIDIS Epist. a Carolo Boyle, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Oxon. 1695 & 1718.

- Latinè redditæ ab Aretino per Gerard. de Lisa, 1471, 4to.
- auctore kalendis Septembris. Sine alia nota. Liber longè rarissimus, ac rei bibliographica Scriptoribus prorsus ignotus. Panzer. It is done in a rude Roman character, without folios, signatures, catchwords, &c. Supposed by some to be the first fruits of the Brescian press.

Francisci Aretini Oratoris Phalaridis Epistolarum; e Græco in Latinum versio. At the end, Hoc opusculum in alma Universitate Oxonie a naturali Christiano ducentesima et nonagesima septima Olimpiade foeliciter impressum est. (1485) 8vo. A very scarce book. See Herbet's Typog. Antiq. vol. iii. p. 1395.

Phalaris was a tyrant of Agrigentum in Sicily, who signalized himself by his cruelties. Having seized on Agrigentum, he invented a variety of methods to torture the citizens. Perillus, a famous artist, entered fully into the views of the savage tyrant, and formed a brazen bull, in which the objects of his cruelty were to be inclosed, and then a fire lighted under, by which they were to be roasted to death. This horrible machine was so contrived that the cries of the tormented resounded

from it like the bellowing of an ox. When the artist had completed his work, he came to the tyrant for his reward, who ordered him to be roasted to death in the bull he had formed. Thus the contriver of the mischief was the first who suffered by it. About the 561st. year before Christ, the Agrigentines revolted, and roasted the tyrant in the same machine. The letters which are extant under this tyrant's name, are now generally allowed to be spurious. On this subject a controversy took place between the Honourable Charles Boyle, afterwards Earl of Orrery, and Dr. Richard Bentley, which was managed on one side with the keenest wit and satire, clothed in elegant and captivating language; and on the other with a profusion of solid and excellent learning, and deep critical sagacity. Such was the humour of the day, that the advantage was adjudged to Mr. Boyle, but after ages have been wiser; the business has been rejudged, and Dr. Bentley has now both cause and costs. Swift, and Pope, all disgraced themselves by taking the popular side of this debate.

PHARMACOPŒA Persica ex Idiomate Persica in Latinum conversa ab Angelo a S. Josepho (De la Brosse), 8vo. Lut. Paris. 1681.

Dr. Hyde has handled the author of this work very severely, in a piece entitled, Castigatio in Angelum a Sancto Joseph; at the end of volume first of the Syntagma Dissertationum, published at Oxford, 1767, 2 vol. 4to. He asserts, that

Angelo a St. Joseph was not the translator of the Pharmacopæa Persica, but that it had been done long before by a Mr. P. Matthews, who had been medical tutor to the said Angelo. He goes on to prove that Father Angelo was grossly ignorant of the true Persian orthography, and had no critical knowledge of the Persian language—he then vindicates the editors of the London Polyglott from Angelo's aspersions, and threatens him with heavier chastisement if he dares to reply.

Si autem ausus fueris aliquid reponere, nec tibi suffecerit hoc modo vapulasse, pejus adhuc vapulabis: nam Stylam contra te exacuam, quem longe adhuc pungentiorum persentisces. See Angelo.

Varini Phavorini Dictionarium magnum ex multis variisque auctoribus collectum et Græcé editum, fol. Romæ, Caliergus, 1523.

\_\_\_\_\_ fol. Venet. 1712. Edit. opt.

Various Phavorious was born at Camerino in Italy, A. D. 1460. He was at first a Benedictine, and was raised by his merit to the bishopric of Nocera. He died in 1537. His Greek Lexicon was formerly in high repute.

PHEBADII liber contra Arianos, 4to. Paris. 1570. Also in the Bibliotheca Patrum.

Phebadius was bishop of Agenna, about A. D. 360.

PHERECRATES. Among the *Poet. minores*, 8vo. Cant. 1652.

Philastrii liber de Hæresibus, a Jo. Alberto Fabricio, 8vo. Hamb. 1721.

PHILASTRIUS, et Lanfrancus de Eucharistia, a Jo. Sichardo, 8vo. Bas. \$528.

PHILASTRII Gaudentii et aliorum opuscula, fol. Brixiæ, 1738.

Philastrius was bishop of Breschia in A. D. 380.

PHILE de animantium proprietatibus, Gr. et Lat. a Jo. Cor. de Paw, 4to. Traj. ad Rhen. 1730.

Carmina, Gr. et Lat. a Wensdorfie, 8vo. Lips. 1768.

Emanuel Phile was a Greek writer who lived in the beginning of the sixteenth century.

PHILEMONIS fragmenta, Gr. et Lat. among the *Poet. minor*. 8vo. Cantab. 1652. See also *Greek* COLLECTIONS.

PHILIPPIDES. See *Poet. min.* 8vo. Cant. 1652. PHILIPPUS. See as above.

Fragmentum Philippi Sidetæ de Catechistarum Alexandrinorum successione, 8vo. Oxon. 1689.

Philippi de Harving Epistolæ xxi. a Nicolao Chamart, fol. Duaci, 1621.

This author was Abbot of Bona Esperanza, in Hannonia, and flourished about A. D. 1160.

Philippi Presbyteri opera, 4to. Basil. Adam Petrus, 1527, & fol. ibid. eodem anno.

This author was a disciple of St. Jerom.

PHILIPPI de S. Trinitate Summa Philosophiæ, fol. Lug. 1648.

——— Summa Theologiæ, fol. ibid. 1653. 5 vol.

Summa Theolog. mysticæ, fol. 1656.

PHILIP. de S. Trinitate, Chronologia ab initio Mundi, 8vo. 1663.

Itinerarium Orientale, 8vo. Lugd. 1649. A very valuable and very correct work.

The author was born at Malaucene, in the diocese of Vaison. He was sent a Missionary to the Levant, and travelled over Persia, Arabia, Syria, and Armenia. He became general of his order at Rome, in 1665, and died at Naples in 1671.

PHILOCALIA Sacrorum Vigilantium ex SS. Patribus collecta nunc primum edita, fol. Gr. Venet. 1782.

PHILONIS Enarratio in Canticum Canticorum a Mic. Ang. Giacomellio, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Romæ, 1772. 10s. 6d.

The author was bishop of Carpasia about A. D. 400.

fol. Paris. 1640. 6s. & Francof. 1691, 2 vol. A miserable reprint of the above.

Gr. et Lat. fol. Francof. 1730.

5 vol. 8vo. maj. Erlang. 1785-1792.

Philo was a Jew of Alexandria, of an illustrious and sacerdotal family. He was chief of the deputation sent from the Jews to Caius Caligula against Appion, about A. D. 40 or 42. But that Emperor, who though worse than a man, desired to be reputed a god, being irritated against the Jews, because they refused to place his image in the synagogues, &c. refused to hear him. men are greatly divided on the subject of Philo's religion; many think he was a Jew, others a Christian, and others a Heathen-indeed there seems a considerable mixture of all these in his writings. He had so studied Plato, and imitated his manner. that it became an ancient proverb, Aut PLATO Philonizat, aut Philo Platonizat. His writings are of considerable service in discovering the meaning of several passages in the New Testament. It is likely that those expressions in Philo's works. which sevour so much of idolatry, have been introduced by some Pagan copyist; and should not be laid to the charge of this illustrious author.

Philo Biblius, a Greek grammarian, flourished under the Emperor Adrian. He translated the Phænician history of Sanchoniatho into Greek; but of this work only a few fragments remain. A piece describing the martyrdom of *Ignatius*, attributed to one *Philo*, is found in *Cotelerius*, and in some editions of the works of *Ignatius*.

PHILONIS BYZANTINI De Mundo liber, Gr. fol. Ven. Ald. 1495. Annexed to the third volume of the works of Aristotte.

PHIL. BYZANT De Nobilitate, ab Herm. Nepemio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Bas. 1581.

Opuscula tria, a Davide Hæschelio, Gr. 8vo. Franc. Wechel. 1587.

Allatio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Rom. 1640.

——— Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Lugd. 1661. Found in a work entitled, Miscellanea Dionysii Boessii Salvagni, &c.

A tract of this writer on Military Machines, is found among the *Mathematici Veteres*, fol. Paris. 1693.

Philo of Byzantium, flourished according to some 150, according to others, 300 years before the Christian æra. The piece De Septem orbis Spectaculis, attributed to him, is supposed by some learned men to be spurious.

PHILOPONUS. See COMMENTATORS.

PHILOSTORGII Historia Ecclesiastica, a Jacobo Gothofredo, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Genev. 1642. Annexed also to Valesius's edition of Eusebius, Gr. et Lat. fol. Paris. 1659 & 1671, and to Reading's edition, Cant. 1720.

Philostorgius was an Ecclesiastical historian of Cappadocia: he flourished about A. D. 430; others place him much later, viz. 588. He was an Arian, and is very severe against the orthodox, particularly Athanasius. There are notwithstanding many valuable things in his history.

PHILOSTRATI opera omnia, a Frid. Morello, Gr. et Lat. fol. Par. 1608.

PHILOST. oper. a Gothofrido Oleario, Gr. et Lat. Lips. Th. Frisch, 1709. Edit. opt. 11. 1s. \_\_\_\_ Icones, Heroica, Descriptiones Callistrati, Vitæ Sophistarum, Gr. fol. Florent. Junta, 1517. 3l. 3s. --- Gr. 8vo. Ven. Junta, 1535. Gr. 8vo. Venet. de Sabio, 1550. A curious edition. - De Vita Apollonii libri viii. Gr. Iidem libri latini interprete Rinucino. Eusebius contra Hieroclem qui Tvaneum Christo conferre conatus fuerit, Gr. Idem latinus Interprete Zenobio Acciolo, fol. At the end of the Greek text, Venet. apud Aldum mense Martio, 1501. At the commencement of the Latin, there is a Preface of Aldus to Zenobio, dated May, 1504, and at the end of the Latin, Venet. in ædib. Aldi mense Februario, 1502. The reason why this volume bears three different dates, appears from the Preface to Zenobio to be this: Aldus supposing the work of Philostratus to be of considerable importance, began to print it before he had seriously examined its merit: but he soon discovered the work to be of no worth: Sperabam in libris Philostrati, says he, me quam plurima et digna scitu, et præclara lecturum : sed longe aliter certe evenit. Disgusted with it, he seems to have suspended the impression for some time: for he adds, Nihil enim unquam memini me legere deterius, lectuque minus dignum. Nam non modo fabulosa omnia, et insulsa quoque et perinepta. At last it appears he came to the determination to complete and publish it, for which he gives the following reason: quid facerem? desistere ab incoeptis turpe existimabam. These extracts from the preface, explain, as Mr. Renouard observes, the three different dates in this volume, which have caused some Bibliographers to note it as three distinct editions. Sold at the Pinellian sale for 3l. 18s.

Philostratus was a famous sophist, born either at Lemnos or at Athens. He at first taught rhetoric at Athens, and afterwards coming to Rome, he was employed by Julia, wife to the Emperor Septimus Severus, to arrange some memoirs which she had collected relative to the life of the famous impostor Apollonius Tyaneus, a proper character of which work is given by the judicious Aldus in the preceding extracts. Philostratus flourished about 200 years after Christ. The Lives of the Sophists mentioned above, is attributed to another of the same name, nephew to the preceding, who flourished under Macrimus and Heliogabulus.

PHILOXENUS. See Greek LEXICONS.

Phlegonis Opuscula, a Guill. Xylandro, Gr. 8vo. Basil. 1568. With Antoninus Liberalis.

- a Joan. Meursio, Gr. et Lat. 4to. L. Bat. Elzev. 1620.
- ab eodem, Gr. et Lat. 4to. L. Bat. 1622. With Apollonius Alexandi inus.
- a Joan. Frid. Franzio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Hal. Magdeb. 1775. Edit. opt. Phlegon had

composed a chronicle of the Olympiads, of which only a few fragments remain, published with Pindar, fol. Oxon. 1697.

Phlegon was a freedman of the Emperor Adrian, and was born at Tralles, in Lydia. He flourished about A. D. 138. There is a passage in his Olympiads that is supposed to refer to the darkness which took place at the crucifixtion of our Lord; concerning which the reader may consult Dr. Lardner, Works, vol. vii. p. 370, &c.

· PHOCAS. Among Latin GRAMMARIANS.

PHOCYLIDIS Carmina, ab Aldo Manutio, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Venet. Ald. 1494. Edit. princ. Annexed to Constant. Lascaris Erotemata. Probably the first book printed by Aldus.

- Gr. fol. Venet. Ald. 1495. Annexed to Theocritus.
- a Vito Amerpachio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Bas. Oporin. 1554, & Lug. 1556.
- —— a Mich. Neandro, Gr. et Lat 4to. Basil. Oporin. 1559. Annexed to Pythagoras, Theognides, &c.
- Gr. et Lat. Paris. Libert, 1628. A very valuable edition; annexed to *Hesiod*, *Theocritus*, &c.
- \_\_\_\_ ab Henrico Bonick, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Lips. 1710.
- a Joan. Adam Schier, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Lips. 1751. Edit. opt.
- ab Angelo Mar. Bandinio, Gr. Lat. et Ital. 8vo. Florent. 1766. With Theognides and Pythagoras.

Phocylides was a Greek poet and philosopher of Miletum, in Ionia, who flourished about 540 years before Christ. The work above, attributed to him is spurious, and seems to have been composed in the time of Adrian or Trajan. The author is supposed to have been a Christian, and probably the same who forged the Sibelline verses. The poem of Phocylides is likewise found in Winterton's Collection of the minor Greek Poets, 8vo. Cant. 1633, 1652, 1661, 1671, 1677, 1684, 1700, & Lond. 8vo. 1712 & 1739.

PHOTII Bibliotheca, a Davide Hæschelio, Gr. fol. Aug. Vind. 1601. Edit. princ.

- fol. Oliva P. Stephani, 1611. 10s. 6d.
- Gr. et Lat. ex ead. vers. fol. Rothom, 1653. Edit. opt. 2l. 2s.
- Epistolæ, a Rich. Montacutio, Gr. et Lat. fol. Lond. 1651.
- Nomocanon, seu Breviarium Juris Canonici Græcorum; cum Comment. Theodorici Balsamonis Patriarch. Antiochen. a Christ. Justello, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Lutet. 1615. Accedunt Photii Nili Metropolitæ Rhodii, et Incerti Enarrationes de Conciliis Œcumenicis.

Photius was Patriarch of Constantinople in 857. The Emperor Basilus, the Macedonian, deposed him in 868, and put Ignatius in his place. Pope Nicolas had influence enough to call the eighth Œcumenic Council at Constantinople, and anathematized Photius and all his adherents. The

expelled Patriarch found means to get into the good graces of the Emperor, who, on the death of Ignatius, replaced him in the Patriarchate in 877. Being falsely accused of a conspiracy against *Leo*, the *philosopher*, successor to *Basilius*, he was banished in 886, and died soon after. Under him began that famous schism between the Greek and Roman church, which subsists to this day.

Photius was the most learned and accomplished scholar of his time. His Bibliotheca is one of the most precious remains of antiquity: in it are extracts from 280 authors, the most of whom are since lost, with oritical examinations which evince a fine taste and correct judgment.

His Nomocanon is a collection which concludes, under fourteen titles, all the Canons acknowledged in the church from the times of the Apostles, till the seventh Œcumenic Council.

It is said there are several tracts of this great author in Ms.; will not some scholar oblige the learned world with an edition of them?

PHRYNICI Eclogæ nominum et verborum Atticorum, Gr. 8vo. Rom. Calliergius, 1517. Edit. Princ. 11. 1s.

a Joan. Corn. de Pauw, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Traj. 1739. A better edition than the former.

Phrynicus was a Greek orator, a native of Bythinia, and flourished under Marcus Aurelius and Commodus. The work above mentioned is a sort abridgement of a dictionary which he had composed, divided into thirty-six books, but this work is lost. He must not be confounded with another of the same name, a tragic poet, and disciple of *Thespis*, who was the first who brought women on the stage. This Phrynicus flourished about 512 years before the Christian ærn. There was also a comic poet of the same name, who flourished about a century later.

PHYSIOGNOMONIE Veteres Scriptores Græci, a J. G. Fr. Franzio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Attenburg. 1780. An excellent collection.

PHURNUTUS. In the Opuscula Mythologica, &c. cum not. var. Gr. et Lat. Amst. 1688.

PILPAI seu Bidpai Gymnosophistæ, de Calilæ et Dimnæ Amoribus, Gr. a Simone Setho et Lat. a Seb. Godofr. Styrkio, 8vo. Berol. 1697,

The title of this edition is Specimen Sapientiae Indorum, &c. The original of this work is in Sanscreet, and was written upwards of 1100 years ago. The original title was itsetopadesa, or Amicable Instruction, and the author was Veeshnoo Sarma. It was at an early period translated into Persian, and has been termed Ayar Danish, the Criterion of Wisdom; and Anvar Soheili, the Light of Canopus. It has been translated by Mr. Galand into French, with the title Contes et Fables Indiennes, &c. and from French into English, with the title Instructive and entertaing Fables of Pilpay, &c. and by Sir William Jones from the Sancreet, and lastly by Charles Wilkins, Esq.

F. R. S. from an ancient Sanskreet Ms. with the title, The *Heetopades of Veeshnoo Sarma*, &c. Svo. Bath. 1787. A work of uncommon excellence.

PICCOLOMINEUS. See ÆNEAS.

Joannis Francisci Pici Mirandulæ, de Morte Christi, et proprià cogitandà, libri iii.—De studio Divinæ et Humanæ Philosophiæ libri duo, 4to. Bonon. Bened. Hector, 1497.

- Divinatricem, fol. Bonon. Hector. 1495.
- dierum—Apologia tredecim quæstion. Tractatus de Ente et uno.—Epistolæ, &c. fol. Bonon. Hector. 1496.
  - ----- opera, fol. Basil. 1573 & 1601.

John Francis Pic, Count of Mirandola, was born in 1463. He had a prodigious memory, and strange things are recounted of it. When he was little more than a child, after hearing two pages read over thrice, he could repeat them word for word either in a direct or retrograde order! It is said, that when he was only eighteen years of age, he understood twenty-two different languages perfectly! He at last gave up his estates and shut himself up in one of his castles, that he might devote himself entirely to study: in this voluntary imprisonment he died in 1494, aged thirty-one years.

Laurentii PIGNORII Mensa Isiaca, qua sacrorum apud Ægyptios Ratio et Simulachra Subjectis Tabulis æneis simul exhibentur et explicantur, 4to. Amst. 1669.

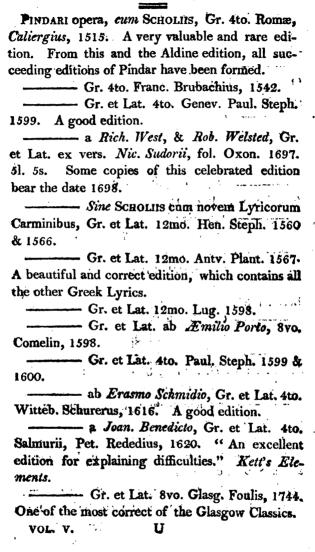
Laur. Pignor. de Servis Commentarius, 4to. Patavii, 1656, cum fig.

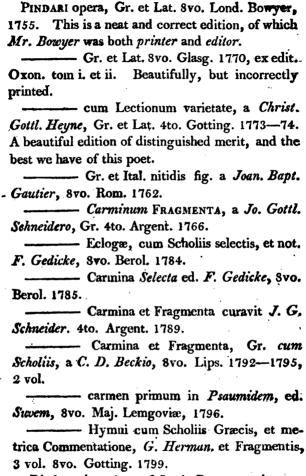
de Servis et eorum apud veteres Ministeriis Comment. 12mo. Amst. 1674, cum fig.

Laurence Pignorius was born at Padua in 1571, and died of the plague at Trevisi, where he was Canon, in 1631. His Mensa Isiaca & De Servis, are both valuable works.

PINDARI opera, Venet. Ald. 1513. EDIT. PRINC. With Callimachus, Dionysius de situ orbis, and Lycophron. 1l. 1s. The signatures of the sheets are not letters but figures, contrary to the custom of that time. The editions attributed to Aldus in 1510, 1511, & 1512, are spurious—in the two former years, we have the fullest proof that Aldus printed nothing. The Sallust, April, 1509, was the last work from the Aldine press in that year: and the Lascaris, in October, was the first work in 1512; as Italy was at that time sadly convulsed with the wars of Pope Julius the second, and the French.

- ------ Gr. 8vo. Basil. Cratander, 1526. A very correct edition.
- Gr. 8vo. Bas. Cratand. 1556. Not so correct as the former.
- Gr. 4to. Paris. Morel. 1558. A beautiful edition. Sold at Dr. Askew's sale for 2l. 12s. 6d.
- ------ Gr. 8vo. L. Bat, Plant. 1590. A correct and beautiful edition.
  - ----- 24mo. Glasg. Foulis. 1754, 4 vol.





Pindar, the prince of Lyric Poets, was born at Thebes, in Boetia, about 500 years before hist. It is said he learned the art of versification from

the famous Grecian poetess Myrtis; and that he died in the theatre about 436 years before the Christian æra. He had composed a great number of poems, but only his Olympian, Nemean, Pythian, and Isthmian odes remain: so called, because they celebrate the praises of those who, in his time, won the prizes at those four solemn games of the Greeks. Pindar was richly endowed with that impetuosity of genius—those violent transports—and that divine impulse which characterizes the genuine lyric poet. The vehemence of his figures, says Bruysset, the boldness of his images -the vivacity of his expressions-his striking metaphors—the harmony of his numerous turns—and the majestic precipitation of his style, all concur to constitute Pindar the greatest lyric poet that ever existed. Yet he possessed as much softness as enthusiasm; and the graceful is as natural to him as the energetic, witness that beautiful description which he gives of the Elysian fields in his second Olympic Ode, addressed to Theron. King of Agrigentum.

Pseudo-PINDARI Thebani Bellum Trojanum, a Laurentio Abstemio, 4to. sine ulla nota, acced. Maphai Vegii et Astianax, Epigrammata quadam. Supposed to have been printed at Florence, and to have been one of the first fruits of the typographic art in that city.

<sup>4</sup>to. Parmæ, Angelus Ugoletus, 1492.

a Franc. Polyardo, 8vo. Fani, Hier.
Soncinus, 1515.

Pseu. PINDARI Theb. Bel. Traj. 8vo. Bes. 1541. With Dares Phrygius.

Epitome ac Summa Universæ Iliades, a Jo. Spondano, fol. Basil. 1583. Annexed to his edition of Homer, Col. 428—443.

When this author lived is uncertain: his work contains an abridgement of the whole Iliad in Latin verse.

PINDARICUM Lexicum Græco-Latinum, a Marco Emilio Porto, 8vo. Hanov. 1606.

Speculum Passionis Domini nostri Jesu Christi, cum Textu quatuor Evangelistarum, per *Uldaricum* PINDER, fol. Nuremb. 1507, cum fig.

Pet. Matth. Pini Compendium instar indicis in Hippocratis opera omnia, fol. Venet. 1597. A very useful work, which may serve for any edition of the work of Hippocrates.

Pet. PIPERNUS de Magicis affectibus horum dignotione, curatione medica, stratagemmatica, divina plerisque curationibus electis, et de Nuce Beneventana Maga, 4to. Neapoli, 1634.

Jo. Bap. PIRANESII de Romanorum Magnificentia et Architectura, Lat et Ital. fol. Rom. 1761.

PIRANESI'S Works COMPLETE, including Vedita di Roma Antica e Moderne—Magnificenza di Roma—Antichita d' Albano—Antichite Romane—Antichita di Cora—L' Aqua Giulia—Trofei—Opere Varie d' Architettura—Campo Marzio—Vasi e Candelabri—Lapides Capitolini—Lago Albano—Minieri d' Adornarei Camini—Tempi Antiche—Tempio di Vesta—Antich. di Pesto—Guer-

cino Teatro d' Ercolano—Colonne Trajane ed Antonine—Carceri, &c. Sell from 40 to 60 guineas.

Rocchi Pirrhi Sicilia Sacra, 2 vol. fol. Panormi, 1733. Edit. tert. & opt.

Octavii Pisani Aristologia, fol. Antv. 1613, cum fig. A curious work.

G. PISIDIUS. See POETÆ.

Guliel. PISONIS de Indiæ utriusque Re Naturali et Medica, lib. xiv. fol. Amst. 1658, cum fig.

——— Historia Naturalis Brasiliæ, in qua continentur G. Pisonis de medicina Brasiliensi, lib. iv. &c. fol. Lug. Bat. 1648, cum fig. These two articles should always go together.

William, Charles, Homobone, and Nicolas Prson were all reputable physicians in their time, and published several works not very highly esteemed at present.

Artis Cabbalistice; hoc est Reconditæ Theologiæ Scriptores, ex edit. Joan. PISTORII, fol. Basil. 1587.

Joan. Pist. Rerum Germanicarum Scriptores aliquot insignes, fol. Ratispon. 1726, 2 vol.

Codex Canonum Vetus, Ecclesiæ Romanæ restitutus, cum notis, a Franc. Рітнжо, fol. Paris. Typ. Regia, 1687.

Corpus Juris canonici, a Petro PITHŒO & Francisco fratre notis illustratum, fol. Paris. 1685
—87, & 2 vol. Lipsic. 1705.

Liber Legis Salicæ, cum Glossario, a Franc. PITHÆO, 8vo. Par. 1602.

Pet. et Franc. PITHEORUM observationes ad

codicem et novellas Justiniani, a Pelletiera & Demarets, fol. Par. Typ. Regia, 1689.

Epigrammata et Poematia Vetera ex Bibliotheca et cum notis Petri PITHEI, 12mo. Paris. 1590. A rare and valuable edition.—ab eodem, 8vo. Lug. 1596.

Pervigilium Veneris, ex edit. *Pet.* PITHŒI, 8vo. Hag. Comit. 1712.

PITISCUS. See GRÆVIUS.

Josephi Pitton de Tournefort, Institutiones rei Herbariæ, 3 vol. 4to. Paris. Typ. Regia, 1700, cum fig.

Corollarium, ibid. 4to. 1703, cum fig. These two works, and the Appendix of Mr. Jussieu were printed together, 3 vol. 4to. at Lyons, in 1719.

Vicentii Placcii Theatrum Anonymorum et Pseudonymorum, ex edit. Joan. Albert. Fabricii, 2 vol. fol. Ham. 1708.

Bibliotheca Anonymorum et Pseudonymorum detectorum ultrà 4000 Scriptores quorum nomina vere latebant anteà, a Joan. Christ. Mylio, fol. Hamb. 1740. This last is a supplement to the former.

Sexti Placiti Iatrosophistæ libelli duo de Remediis Animalium et Avium, ab Andr. Rivino cum aliis quibusdam Medicis Scriptis, 8vo. Lips. 1654.

De Medicina Animalium Bestiarum Pecorum, &c. a Gabr. Hummelbergio, 4to. sine loci nota, 1539.

Sext. Plac. Iatro. 4to. Noribergæ, 1538. Contains also Antonius Musu de tuenda Valetudine; and Hieronymus Accorambonus de natura et usu Lactis. These are found also among the Medici Antiqui Latini, fol. Paris. Steph. 1567, 2 vol.

Sextus Placitus was an African physician and Platonic philosopher. When he flourished is uncertain.

PLANCIADES. See FULGENTIUS, VIRGIL, HIGI-NUS, and Latin GRAMMARS.

PLANUDIS Maximi Rhetoris, Anthologia Epigrammatum Græcorum, Gr. cum Scholiis Græcis, ex recensione Joan. Lascaris, Litteris capitalibus impressa, 4to. Florent. Laur. Franc. de Alopa, 1494. Edit. princ. & Lib. rar.

Maximus Planudes was a Constantinopolitan monk, who flourished about A. D. 1327, See Æsop and Cæsar.

Francisci de PLATEA opus Restitutionum, Usurarum et Excommunicationum, 4to. Venet. Barth. Cremonensis, 1472. Edit. princ.

fol. Coloniæ, Joan. Colhoff, 1474.

fol. Paris. Crantz, Gering & Frir
burgher. 1476.

absque ulla nota, in litteris quadrat. impress. circ. an. 1475.

Jo. Bap. PLATINE (Sacchi) opus de vitis Summorum Pontificum, fol. (Venet.) Joan. de Colon. &c. 1479, charactere quadrato. Edit. princ. Often reprinted. A good copy lately sold for 51. 5s.

PLATONIS opera, Gr. fol. Venet. Ald. 1513. EDIT. PRINC. Extremely scarce. 6l. 6s. A copy on vellum sold at Dr. Askew's sale for 55l. 13s. This very valuable edition was produced by the joint labours of Aldus and Musurus, and dedicated to Leo X. who was so well pleased with the work, that he renewed to Aldus those privileges which had been granted to him by Alexander VI. and Julius II.

derus, 1534, 4 vol. With the Commentary of Proclus on Timæus.

Petri, 1556. A valuable work, and contains some important various readings.

------- a Joan. Serrano, Gr. et Lat. fol. H. Steph. 1578, 3 vol. Edit. opt. 4l. 4s. A magnificent work. Some copies lack the three dedicatory epistles.

Gr. et Lat. ex vers. Marsilii Ficini, fol. Lug. 1588 & 1590, & Francof. 1602. 3l. 13s. 6d. The edition of 1590 is in a small letter; but is more correct than the preceding. That of Francford is a good one.

ad editionem Henrici Stephani accurate expressa, cum Marsilii Ficini interpretatione. Præmittuntur, libri iii. Laertii de vita et Dogmat. Plat. cum notitia literaria. Accedit varietas Lectionis, 8vo. maj. Biponti, 1781—1788, 12 vol. A very elegant and very correct work, an honour to the Bipont Society. (Citizen Exter, and his

associates.) He who possesses this accurate edition. need never desire another. 4l. 4s. 

#### Works of PLATO published separately.

1014

De Leginys, Gr. 4tp. Loyan. Rescius, 1561. A good edition.

TIMEUS, Gr. 4to. Par. Wechel. 1532. ----- Gr. et Lat. 4to. Par. Morel. 1563, &

Benenat. 1579.

DIALOGUS de MORTE, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Colon. 1568.

CONVIVIUM, Gr. 4to. Paris. Wechel. 1543. A beautiful edition.

Axiocus, ab Herman. Rayano, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Colon. 1568.

EPISTOLÆ, Gr. 4to. Par. Wechel. 1548.

--- Gr. et Lat. 4to. Paris. 1544. \_\_\_\_ a Jac. Beurero, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Bas.

Section Assessment De REPUBLICA, ab Edmundo Masseio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Cant. 1713, 2 vol. The only separate edition of the whole of this work. The notes, says Mr. Kett, are trifling, and the text incorrect.

Liber prings, 4to. Par. Morel. 1587. Politicus, Gr. 4to. Par. Wechel. 1548.

De REBUS DIVINIS DIALOGI SELECTI, Gr. et Lat. 8yo, Cant. 1673. In this edition the text of Henry Stephens is printed very incorrectly.

DIALOGI quinque, Scil. Amatores, Euthyphro, Apologia Socratis, Criton et Phædo, a Nath. Fors. tero, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Oxon. 1745. A correct edition.

DIALOG. a Forster. Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Oxon. 1752. Very incorrect. Ibid. 1765 & 1772.

- quatuor; Euthyphre, Apologia Socrat. Crito et Phædo, a Joan. Frid. Fischer, Gr. 8vo. Lips. 1770, ibid. Edit. tert. 8vo. 1783.
- uterque, a Biester, 8vo. Berol. 1790.
- et Hipparchus, a Gul. Etwal, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Oxon. 1771. A good edition.
- des, a Joan. Frid. Fischer, Lips. 1774.
- Duo, Cratylus et Theatetus, a Jo. F. Fischer, Gr. 8vo. Lips. 1770.
- ——— Duo, scil. Philebus et Symposium, a Fischero, Gr. 8vo. Lips. 1776.

PHŒDRUS, Gr. 4to. Par. Morel. 1581.

PARMENIDES, a Guil. Thompson, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Oxon. 1728.

CRITON, Gr. 4to. Lovan. Rescius. 1529.

Ристо, sive de Animæ Immortalitate, a Joan. H. Winklero, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Lips. 1744.

APOLOGIA SOCRATIS, Gr. 4to. Lovan. 1529.

Lat. 8vo. Norimb. 1591.

MENEXENUS, et Periclis Oratio funebris ex Thucidide, a J. C. Gottleber, Gr. 8vo. Lips. 1782.

Io, seu de Furore Poetarum, a Marco Guil. Mullero, Gr. et Lat. 3vo. Hamb. 1782. EUTHYDEMUS et GORGIAS, Gr. et Lat. a M. J. Routh, 8vo. Oxon. 1784. An elegant and correct edition.

PLATONIS THUCIDIDIS et LYSII Λογοι επιταΦιοι, Gr. et Lat. cum notis anglicis, ab Ed. Bentham, 8vo. Oxon. 1746 & 1753.

Gr. 8vo. Oxon. 1768.

CRATYLUS, Gr. et Lat. cum annot. J. F. Fischer. Par. i.—viii. Lips. 1792—96.

GORGIAS, Gr. a C. G. Findeisen, 8vo. Gothæ, 1796.

Alcibiades i. & ii. a Nuremberger, 8vo. Lips. 1796. See Commentators.

Plato, son of Ariston, and founder of the academic sect, was born at Athens about 492 years before Christ. He was at first called Aristocles, but his gymnastic preceptor gave him the name of Plato, because of his broad and square shoulders. When about twenty years of age he attached himself entirely to Socrates, who gave him the appellation of the Academic Swan. After the death of Socrates, he withdrew to the house of Euclid, at Megara, and afterwards travelled into Egypt, that he might converse with the priests and illustrious men of that country. This great man died at Athens in the 348th. year before Christ, and the eighty-first of his age. All Plato's writings, his Epistles excepted, are in the form of Dialogues.

Plato was a very wonderful man: he had a vastly comprehensive mind, and a most delightful and copious eloquence. He had a clearer know-

ledge of the Divine Nature, and of truth in general; than any of the heathen philosophers. writings were the means by which many of the ancient fathers were prepared to receive the truth of the gospel. That divine wisdom which delights in producing its works in the most admirable graduated order, connecting every subsequent with the preceding parts, has made Plato between Heathenism and Christianity, what the Polypus is between Plants and Animals, the Bat between Quadrupeds and Fowls, and the Ouran Outang between Quadrupeds and Man. Many indeed suppose that this philosopher had read the books of Moses, and received much information in divine matters from the Jewish priests; but there is no direct evidence concerning these points.

PLAUTI Comædiæ, EDIT. PRINC. Venetiis I. de Colonia et V. de Spira, M,CCCC,LXXII. A most beautiful copy of this first edition of Plautus was purchased for the British Musæum, at Dr. Askew's sale, for 13l. 2s. 6d. It sometimes sells for 20l.

— Comædiæ xx. Georgio Alexandrino Emendatore opera et Impendio Joannis de Colonia Agrippinensi atque Vindelini de Spira, fol. Venet. 1473.

Georgius Merula, in his ingenious epistle to Giucomo Zeno, bishop of Padua, asserts this to be the first edition of Plautus, and compares the completion of it to the labours of Hercules. It is certain the editor deserves the highest encomiums for dividing the text of Plautus into verses; since

Terence's Comedies were long published without any regard to the metre. For a further account of this edition, recourse may be had to the abovementioned epistle, which merits the perusal and attention of the curious.

PLAUTI Comædiæ, per Geo. Alexandrinum, fol. Tarvis, 1482. 6l. 6s.

The following inscription, at the end of the last page, gives some account of the work:

Plautinæ Viginti Comædiæ: Linguæ Latinæ Deliciæ: Magna ex Parte iterum emendatæ per Georgium Alexandrinum. De cujus Eruditione et Diligentia judicent legentes. Impressæ fuere Opera et Impendio Pauli de Ferraria atque Dionysii de Bononia, TARVISII. M.CCCC.LXXXII. DIE. XXI. JUNII. JOANNE MOCENIGO PRINCIPE JUCUNDISSIMO ET DUCE FOELICISSIMO.

ab Eusebio Scutario, fol. Mediol. 1490.

4to. ex Recensione, Geo. Alexandrini, Venet. 1495.

\*\*Err. Saraceni\*, Venet. fol. 1499. This very ancient edition of \*Plantus\* is rendered valuable by the learned emendations and commentary of \*Bernardus Saracenus\*, a Venetian of great erudition. It was printed by \*Simon\* of Pavia, surnamed \*Bivilaqua\*, who finished it in September, 1499.

X

PLAUTI Comædiæ cum Correction. Geo. Merulæ Politiani & Beroaldi, fol. Edit. Antiq. sine loco aut Anno.

This impression of *Plautus* is a very accurate one; which must be attributed to the uncommon care and diligence of Sebastian Ducius and George Galbiatus, who made great additions to the Mss. of *Merula* and *Politian*, which they very carefully collated. Many things likewise, for the improvement and embelishment of this edition, they extracted from *Varro*, *Festus*, *Nomius*, *Diomedus*, *Velius Longus*, and *Priscian*. To Plautus's works is subjoined a description of the Greek play, called *Cottabus*, with a cut exhibiting a representation of it. The book seems to have been printed a little before the commencement of the sixteenth century. *Har. Cat.* 

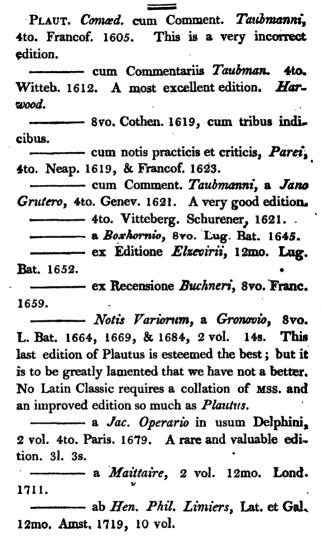
- a Pylade Buchardo, fol. Brixiæ, Jac. Britannicus, 1506. A very fine and correct edition, extolled by Cardinal Quirini, in his work De Brixiana Literatura.
- ani, et Scholiis Thaddæi Ugolati et Grapaldi, fol, Parmæ, 1510.
- - a Simone Carpentario, 8vo. Dionys.

## PLA

Roce, absque anni nota, 2 vol. In 1512, Roce
printed Lucan and Sallust at Paris.
PLAUT. Comæd. judicio Nic. Angelii, 8vo. apud
P. di Guinta, 1514 & 1522.
- cum Scholiis, fol. Venet. Melchior
Sessa & Petrus de Ravanis, 1518. A good edition.
4to. apud Ald. Venet. 1522. 11. 1s.
Cura Alexan. Cratandri, 8vo. Basil.
1523. 4s.
ex antiquis recentioribusque Exem-
plaribus collatus, fol. apud Rob. Stephan. 1530.
10s. 6d.
8vo. Basil. Hervag. 1535.
Annotationibus Longolii, 8vo. Colon.
1538. 2s. 6d.
8vo. apud Gryph. 1540 & 1584. 5s.
8vo. Florent. Junta, 1554. 6s.
a Joac. Camerario, 8vo. Bas. 1558.
a Joan. Sambuco, 12mo. Ant. Plant.
2 vol. 1560.
cura Sambuci, 16mo. Antw. apud
Plant. 1566. A most elegant edition, which sold
at Mr. Beauclerk's sale for 11. 11s. 6d.
·
a Lambino, fol. Paris. 1577. 15s.
This is an elegant edition of Plautus, in which
Lambinus hath manifested great learning and criti-
cal sagacity. This same edition is sometimes

ex recens. Jani Dousæ, 8vo. Francof. 1598 & 1604.

found with the dates 1579, 1587, & 1588.



PLAUT. Comæd. Patav. 8vo. 2 vol. apud Comin. 1725. Patav. 2 vol. 8vo. 1764. 10s. a Geudeville, Lat. et Gal. 8vo. Hag. Com. 1726, 10 vol. With cuts. cum notis Miller, 8vo. Berol. 1755, 3 vol. & 8vo. ibid. 1764, 2 vol. Good editions. a Caperonerio, Typis Barbou, 3 vol. 12mo. Paris. 1759. 15s. This is a very elegant and correct edition. Best paper, 11. 1s. ---- ab Ernesto, 2 vol. 8vo. Lips. 1760. Execrable paper, but an excellent edition. 3 vol. 12mo. Glasg. 1763, ex Editione Gronovii. ab Ernesto, 2 vol. 8vo. Bipont. 1788. noviss. recogn. ac not. &c. illustrat. Edit. accurata v. tomi (in Collect. veter. auct.) 8vo. Vien. 1792-94, cum fig.

AULULARIA, ab Ant. Codro, 4to. sine anno, Argent. Jo. Pruss, about 1484. An excellent edition, and held in high esteem among the literati.

Concedize Duze ex recens. T. F. Gronovii, 8vo. Jenze, 1788.

RUDENS, a F. V. Reitz, 8vo. Lips. 1789.

Mr. F. H. Bothe has published a specimen of a new edition, 8vo. Berlin. 1797.

COMCEDIE QUATUOR SELECTE Amphitrio, Captivi, Epidicus, Rudens cum interpret. et notis, a Sam. Patrick, 8vo. Lond. 1724.

Marcus Accius PLAUTUS, so called according to

Sextus Pompeius, because he had broad and flat feet, was born at Sarsina, a city of Omoria, about 205 years before the Christian æra. He acquired great reputation and great riches at Rome by his plays; but it is said he lost all his gains in traffic, and was obliged to hire himself to a baker, to turn his mill, in order to get the necessaries of life. He wrote 130 comedies, only twenty of which, and those not all perfect, have reached our times.

PLETHO. See GEMISTUS.

CAH PLINH SECUNDI *Historiæ Naturalis*, libri xxxvii. fol. Venet. Jo. de Spira, 1469. EDIT. PRINC. Beautifully executed, and extremely rare. Sold at the Vallierian sale in 1734, for 1699 livres, 19 sous; and at the Hotel de Bullion in 1786, for 3000 livres.

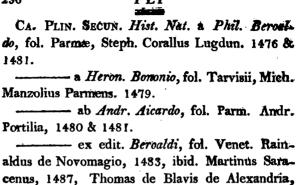
Many respectable Bibliographers have supposed there was an edition of the Natural History of Pliny previous to this: as Cornelius Beughem in his work Incunabula Typographiæ, 18mo. Amstel. 1683, p. 110 (falsely printed 101), mentions an edition thus: Historiæ Naturalis, libri xxxvii. noctibus et horis subcisivis Conscripti, Veronæ, 1468. Every person who have looked into Beughem's work, knows it abounds with errors, perhaps beyond any book ever published. It is therefore very likely that Veronæ MCCCCLXVIII. is a mistake for Venet. MCCCCLXVIII. The following considerations lead me to conclude thus: 1. The edition stands solely on the authority of Beughem, who

might have either misquoted the edition, as he does several, or found such a work mentioned on some sale catalogue, in which places and dates are repeatedly changed and misplaced. 2dly. Beughem does not mention the Venetian edition of 1469. A presumptive evidence that he, or those from whom he quoted, had misnamed and misdated it. 3dly. It does not as his book seems to shew. appear that printing had been established at Verona before 1470, as the first book printed in that city was the Batrocomiomachia d' Omero, 8vo. In Verona die xv. Januarii MCCCCLXX. 4thlv. Alexander Benedict, who published an edition of Pliny in 1507, mentions Spira's edition as the first; had there been one at Verona in 1468, it is not likely that one who lived so near the time could have been ignorant of it, especially as the nature of his work necessarily led him to consider what preceding editors had done. We may therefore conclude that no such edition as that of 1468 ever existed.

CA. PLIN. SECUN. Hist. Natur. ex recens. Jo. And. Episc. Aleriensis, fol. Rom. Swein. & Pannartz, 1470. A very good edition.

<sup>————</sup> ex eadem recensione, fol. Venet. Jenson, 1472. A copy of this sold at Dr. Askew's sale for 23l. It is abundantly more beautiful and correct than the preceding edition.

ex recens. Jo. Andr. Episc. Alerien. fol. Rom. Swein. & Pannartz. 1473. A very incorrect edition, in which the text of Pliny is sadly mangled.



tioned.

fol. Brixiae, Angelus & Jacobus fractres Britannici, 1496.

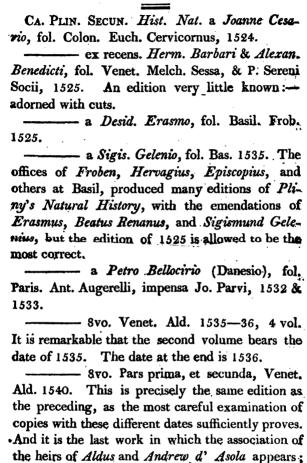
1491, & Barth. Zanis de Portesio, 1496. Some Bibliographers mention an edition *Verona*, folio, 1488, but the existence of this may be safely questions.

cum castigationibus *Herm. Barbari*, fol. Venet. Ber. Benalius, 1497—98, & ibid. Jó. Alvisius de Varisio, 1499.

ab Alex. Benedicto, fol. Venet. Jo. Rubeus & Bernardus fratres Vercellences, 1507. Benedict mentions Spira's edition of 1469, as the first. Benedict's edition was reprinted 8vo. 1510, & fol. 1513 & 1516.

fol. Paris. Nicolaus a Pratis, 1511 & 1514.

------ a Jo. Bapt. Imario, cum indice Jo. Camertis, fol. Hagen. 1518.



as the works printed afterwards, till 1559, bear the imprint *Apud Aldi filios*, without any mention of the children of *D' Asola*. It is true that we find works, particularly about 1549, proceeding

nus Parvus, 1543.

from the Aldine press at the joint expence of both families; but this appears to have been such an occasional union as is frequent among booksellers who have a share in particular works. See Mr. Renouard.

CA. PLIN. SECUN. Hist. Nat. fol. Par. Audoe-

- fol. Max. ibid. 1543. Mich. Fezen-

It was re-

dat, apud Andr. Berthlin & Guil. Rolland, eodem
anno. This magnificent edition is different from the preceding.
cum vetustissimis MSS. collati, et cum castigationibus Sigis. Gelenii, fol. Lugd. officina
Beringorum, 1848.  ——————————————————————————————————
mutio, fol. Venet. Ald. 1559. A beautiful edition, most elegantly printed in Italies.
apud Heræd. Jacobi Junta, excudit Phil. Tingus.
1560-61, 4 vol. A rare edition.
Vincentius, 1561. Some copies are found with
the imprint Jo. Frellonius, 1563; but the edition
is the same.  ———————————————————————————————————
lectis, fol. Francof. Sigis. Fejerabenius, 1582. A

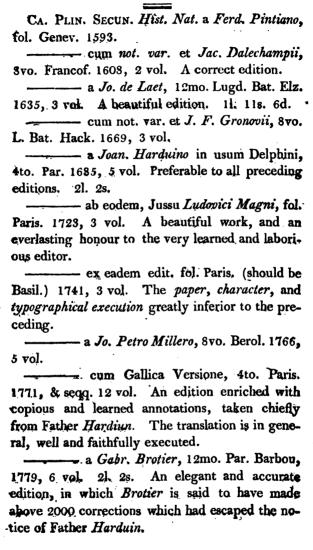
printed, fol. Genev. 1582, & fol. Lug. Bat. Pet.

- a Jacobo Dalecampio, fol. Lug. 1587

valuable edition adorned with cuts.

& 1606. Fair and valuable editions.

Sanctandreanus, eodem anno.



CA. PLIN. SECUN. Hist. Nat. 8vo. Biponti, 1783, 5 vol. Reprinted from Harduin's edition.

### Parts of PLINY published separately.

Liber Secundus de Mundi Historia, cum Comment. 4to, Francof. 1552.

De Piscibus, cum Scholiis Jo. Casarii, 4to. Venet. 1518, & 4to. Argent. 1534.

Liber nonus de AQUATILIUM NATURA, a Laur. Theod. Gronovio, 8vo. L. Bat. 1778. Good edition.

Histoire de la Peinture ancienne extraite de P Histoire Naturelle de PLINE liv. xxxv. avec le Texte Latin, corrigè sur les MSS. de Vossius, &c. par Dav. Durand, fol. Lond. 1725. A good translation, with good and useful notes.

C. PLINII *Hist. Nat.* ad Titum Imperatorem Præfatio cum notis *Dav. Durandi*, 8vo. Lond. 1728.

Histoire Naturelle de l' Or & de l' Argent extraite de Pline livre xxxiii avec le Texte Latin corrigè, &c. par Dav. Durand, fol. Lond. 1729. To this edition is annexed a poem on the fall of man, and the ravages made in the world by gold and silver.

Selecta Quædam ex Plinii Hist. Nat. ad usum Scholarum accommodata cura Jac. Aikin, 12mo. Warringtoniæ, 1776. These select parts are chiefly descriptions of the animal creation. The work is well edited.

#### Critical Works on PLINY.

CASTIGATIONES PLINIANE Hermolai Barbari, fol. Rom. Eucharius Argenteus (Silber) 1482—83, 2 vol. A very excellent work.

EXERCITATIONES PLINIANÆ Claudii Salmasii, fol. Traj. ad Rhen. 1689, 2 vol. To which is annexed Solimus de Memorabilibus Mundi.

CHRESTOMATHIA PLINIANA Jo. Matth. Gesneri, Svo. Lips. & Zellæ, 1775. A proper introduction to the reading of Pliny with profit.

DISQUISITIONES PLINIANE, Comitis a Turre Rezzonici, fol. Parmæ, 1767, 2 vol. A useful work.

PLINIANUS INDEX Joan. Camertis, 4to. Viennæ, Pannoniæ, 1514. This separate edition is more esteemed than that annexed to Pliny, fol. Hagen. 1518.

Caccilius Plinius Secundus, sprung from an illustrious family, probably at Verona, for the place of his birth is not certainly known. He first took up the profession of arms, and was one of the college of augurs, and intendant of Spain. His vast information and unimpeachable probity, caused both Vespasian and Titus, not only to honour him with their friendship, but to employ him in very important affairs. His death was tragical. There was a terrible eruption of Mount Vesuvius, A. D. 79; Pliny being at that time in the vicinity of this awful mountain, approaching too near, vol. V.

with a desire to investigate the cause and nature of this dreadful phenomenon, was destroyed by the flames. The particulars of this awful event we have in the twenty-sixth letter, book sixth, of Pliny the younger, addressed to Tacitus. From the circumstances of his death, Pliny has been termed The Martyr of Nature. His death happened in the fifty-sixth year of his age. In concluding this account of Pliny, and the different editions of his work, I may be permitted to express myself, in reference to my own countrymen. as the learned Tiraboschi does to his. " It is most earnestly to be wished, that a society of able Englishmen, geographers, naturalists, philosophers, astronomers, physicians, and professors of the fine arts, would unite together and give an accurate version (with ample notes) of the text of this great, valuable, and difficult author, as no one man can possibly execute so arduous a task." Philemon Hollond has done much, but it was impossible for him, or any other individual, even in this age of superior information, to do what is necessary, to render this invaluable author more extensively useful.

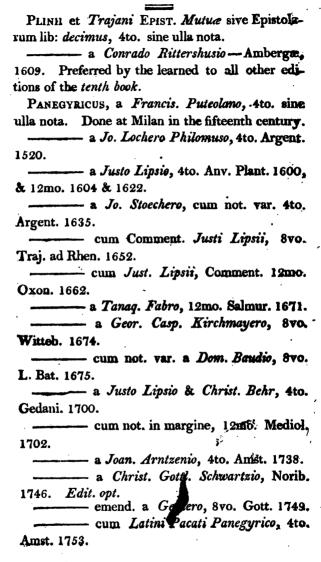
C. PLINII Secundi Cacilii EPISTOLE, fol. sine loco. 1471. EDIT. PRINC. Lewis Carbo was corrector of the press, as he affirms in his epistle dedicatory: it is evident that the work was printed in Venice by Christ. Valdarfer, in whose office Carbo was corrector.

<sup>4</sup>to. sine ulla nota, sed Romæ, Joan.

Schurener de Bopardia. An ancient Ms. note in a copy of this edition, shews that it existed in 1474. C. PLIN. Sec. Cac. Epist. a Juniano Majo, fol. Neapoli, Matthias Moravus, 1476. fol. Mediol. Phil. de Lavagnia, 1478. 4to. Tarvisii, Joan. Vercellius, 1483. \_\_\_ a Joan. Jucundo & Phil. Beroaldo, 4to. Bonon. Bened. Hector. 1498. \_\_\_ a Joan. Sichardo, 8 vo. Basil. Cratand. 1542. ab August. Buchnero, 12mo. Franc. ad Viadrum, 1644. cup not. var. a Joan. Veenhusio, 8vo. L. Bat. 1669. 1l. 1s. This is one of the most valuable octavo editions of the Variorum Classics: the text is correct, and the annotations of Veenhazes do honour to his learning and judgment. Harwood. a Jac. Thomasio, 8vo. Lips. 1675. a Christ. Collario, 12mo. Lips. 1693 & 1700. Best editions. a Mich. Maittaire, 12mo. Lond. 1722. a Paulo Dan. Longolio, 4to. Amst. 1734. A very excellent edition, which faithfully exhibits the best notes of the various commentators on Pliny. The work is compiled with great accuracy and judgment. ---- noviss. et acc. ad optim. edit. recogn. 8vo. Manheim. 1792, tom. i.

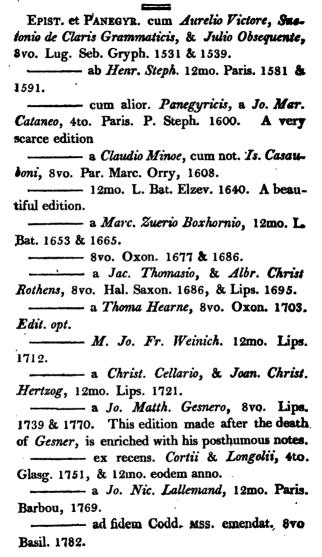
Epistolæ xlvi. nuper repertæ, 4to. absque loci

indicio, (sed. Venet.) Jo. Tacuinus, 1502.



# PLI

PLIN. Panegyricus, Trajano dictus, cum not.
de la Baune, &c. 8vo. Lond. 1727.
sine notis, 12mo. Halæ, 1748.
cum notis, Gesneri, 8vo. Lips. 1770.
stud. Societ. Bipont. 8vo. Franc. 1789.
EPISTOLÆ et PANEGYRICUS, 4to. sini an. et loc.
——— ab Ant. Moreto, 4to. absque ulla
nota. At the end there is an epigram of Marcellus
Philoxenus, from which it appears that the work
was printed by Anthony Moretus.
fol. absque ulla nota. An old German
edition.
a Pomponio Læto, 4to. Rom. Euch.
Silber, alias Franck, 1490.
a Jo. Mar. Cataneo, fol. Mediol. 1506.
- cum Suetonio de claris grammaticis,
& Julio Obsequente, a Joan. Jucundo, 8vo. Venet.
Ald. 1508. The first book in which the union of
Aldus with his father-in-law, Andrew d' Asola, or
Asulanus, is mentioned. Some copies of this
edition bear the erroneous date of 1504.
a Joan. Franc. Zeffo, 8vo. Flor. Junt.
1515.
svo. Venet. Ald. 1518. A copy of
the edition of 1508, with the same preface. From
these Aldine editions, the principal part of those
made in Germany and France, during the sixteenth
century, derive their existence.
a Beato Rhenano, 4to. Bas. Cratand.
1521.
8vo. Par. Rob. Steph. 1529.
¥ ¾



C. Phinius Secundus Cacilius, commonly called Pliny the younger, was sister's son to Pliny the elder, and was born at Como, a town upon the lake Larius, in A. D. 62. His father died young. he had the famous Virginius for guardian, and Quintilian for his instructor in rhetoric. He began to plead at the bar when only eighteen years of age, and consecrated his rare abilities in this line to the indigent, his friends, and his country, never selling either his tongue or his pen for money. He was made consul by Trajan, A. D. 100, and afterwards made proconsul of Bythynia, whence he wrote that famous letter in the behalf of the persecuted Christians, which is still extant in his epistles, with the Emperor Trajan's rescript: the only genuine piece of Ecclesiastical antiquity relative to the times immediately succeeding the Apostles, it being wrote about forty years after the death of St. Paul. When Pliny died is uncertain -it is thought his death happened a little before, or soon after that of Trajan; about A. D. 116.

PLINIUS VALERIANUS De Re Medica, lib. v. 4to. Romæ, 1509.

ab Albano Torino Vitodurensi, fol. Basil. 1528. Annexed to Sorani Isagogæ, Oribasii Fragmentum, Apuleius de herbis, and Antonius Musa de Betonica.

inter Medic. Antiq. fol. Venet. Ald. 1547. See the excellent dissertation Justi Godofr. Gunzii de Auctore Operis de Re Rustica Vulgo PLINIO VALERIANO adscripti. See MEDICAL Writers.

Plinius Valerianus was an empiric physician, of whom very little is known. He is mentioned in one of Grater's Inscriptions, p. 635, i. and by Paulus Jovius de Piscibus Romanis, Cap. 35. He is supposed to have been of the same family with the two Phinys' already mentioned, but the work attributed to him is spurious. It was probably written by a person called Siburius, about A. D. 380.

PLOCHIRI Michaelis Poematium Dramaticum de Fortuna et Musis, a Morello, in Mich. Maittaire Miscellan. 4to. Lond. 1722.

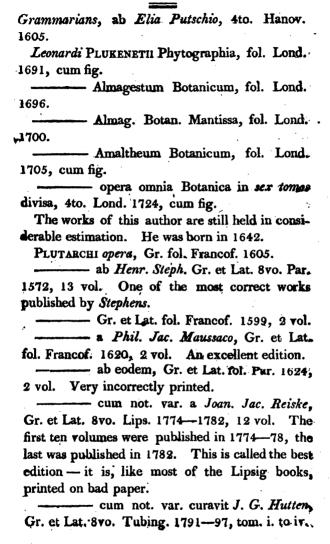
De origine fontium, tentamen philosophicum per Rob. PLOT, 12mo. Oxon. 1685. A curious tract.

PLOTINI opera, ex interpr. Marsilii Ficini, cum Commentariis necnon vità Plotini a Porphyrio conscripta, fol. per Ant. Miscominum 1492.

Gr. et Lat. a Ficino, fol. Bas. Perna, 1580. Some copies of this same edition have the title changed thus: Basileæ, impensis Ludovici Regis, 1615.

Plotinus was a Platonic philosopher, born at Lycopolis in Egypt, in A. D. 204. He studied at Alexandria under the celebrated Ammonius, and when he became preceptor himself, had the famous Porphry for disciple. He is a very profound writer, and deserves, says Dr. Harwood, to be more read and better edited. He died in the sixty-sixth year of his age, A. D. 270.

PLOTIUS Marius. Among the ancient Latin



PLUT. oper. Moralia, i. e. OPERA, exceptis vitis reliqua, Græca emendavit notationem emendationum, et latinam Xylandri interpretationem castigatam subjunxit, animadversiones explicandia rebus ac verbis; item indices copiosos adjecit Dan. Wyttenbach, 8vo. Oxon. 1795—1802, 11-vol. This is an invaluable and well edited work. When the notes and indexes are published, the learned professor will then proceed to the Lives; and when the whole is completed, we shall have just such an edition of Plutarch's works as the republic of letters greatly needed, and ardently longed for.

Tracts of PLOTARCH printed separately.

VITE et ETERRE, a Symone Gryndo, Gr. fci. Bas. 1560.

VITE, Gr. fol. Florent. Junta, 1517. Edit. princ.

Gr. fol. Venet. Ald. 1519. From several differences observed in copies bearing the same date, it is very likely that two editions of this work were published in the course of this year—one taken from the text of Phil. Junta, Florent. 1517, and the other much more correct than the Florence edition, containing various readings not to be found in that of Junta. After the title there is a preface of Fr. Asulanus to P. Bembo, in which are these remarkable words: Ut ab Agricolis poma, sic a librariis volumina jure donantur.

From this last corrected edition the text of the succeeding editions has been in general formed.

VITE, Gr. fol. Bas. Oporin. 1533. A valuable edition. Ibid. Gr. fol. Froben. 1560.

Bryan, 4to. maj. vol. i. 1729, ii. iii. iv. 1723, v. 1724. 8l. 8s. A very splendid work, with the heads of the illustrious persons engraven from Gems,

ETHICA, ex emendat. Demetrii Duca Cretensis, Gr. fol. Venet. Ald. 1509. This is the Edit. princ. of the Ethics. It should be in two volumes, the whole contains 1050 pages. At the end of Aldus's preface are the following words: Libuit hic subjungere Hendecasyllabos, quos, cum veni ad to Mediolanum lusisti extempore præ summo gaudio Adventus nostri, ut faciant et hi fidem mutui amoris nostri.

Aldus venit en! Aldus venit!

Nostrum Sinciput, Occiputque nostrum,
Mel, Sal, Lac quoque Corculumque solus,
Graios altera, et altera Latinos
Qui apprehendendo manu, reduxit omneis
In verum modo limitem, superbos
Victores superans Olympiorum.

Nunc o nunc juvenes ubique in urbe
Flores spargite. Vere nanque primo
Aldus venit en! Aldus ecce venit!

This Impromptu might have done very well between friends in a private way; but certainly has a very exceptionable title to immortality.

ETHICA, Gr. fol. Bas. Frob. 1542.

valuable edition.

DEMOSTHENIS et CICERONIS VITE, Gr. et Lat. oum notis a *Phil. Barton*, 8vo. Oxon. 1744. A good edition.

De Iside et Osiride, a Sam. Squire, Gr. et Angl. 8vo. Cantabr. 1744.

APOTHEGMATA, a Mich. Maittaire, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Lond. 1741. A fine edition.

Oxon. 1768. An elegant and correct edition.

in usum Scholæ Westmonasteriensis, 8vo. Lond. 1749.

INSTITUTA et EXCERPTA APOPIITHEGMATA LA-CONICA, a Theoph. Erdmann Gierig, Gr. 8vo. Lips. 1779.

QUESTIONES PLATONICE, a Ludov. Nogarola, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Ven. Valgrisius, 1552.

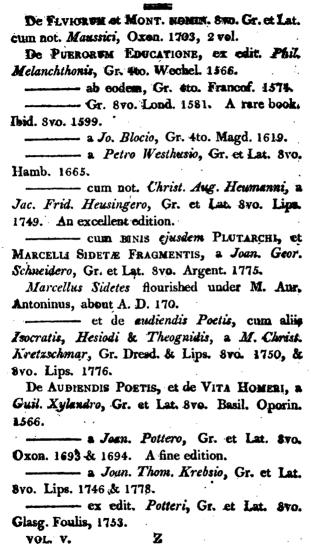
ORATIO CONSOLATORIA ad APOLLONIUM, Gr. 8vo. absque ulla nota. An edition of the sixteenth century.

OPUSCULA DUO, de NON IRACENDO, et de Cu-RIOSITATE, ab *Erasmo*, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Venet. 1526.

De PROCREATIONE ANIMI in simeo Platonis, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Par. Morel. 1552.

De Fluviorum et Montium nominibus, a P. I. Maussico, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Tolosæ, 1615. A very scarce book. Annexed are Vibius Sequester, and Psellus de Lapidibus. Some copies bear the date 1518.

Æ



De Placitis Philosophorum, ab Ed. Corsinia, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Flor. 1750.

De SERA NUMINIS VINDICTA, a Dan. Wytten-bach, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. L. Bat. 1772.

This was intended as a specimen of a new edition of Plutarch's works; and it evinces the editor's singular learning and critical sagacity. Harwood.

Libellus sit ne RATIO ALIQUA IN BESTIIS, &c. a Sim. Grynaeo, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Bas. 1534.

De VIRTUTE et VITIO, &c. Gr. 4to. Lut. Paris. Egid. Gourmont, 1509.

De DISCRIMINE AMICI et ADULATORIS, a Christ. Aug. Krigel, Gr. 8vo. Lips. 1775.

De Superstitione, et Demosthenis Oratio Funebris pro Atheniensibus, a C. F. Matthæi, Gr. 8vo. Mosc. 1777.

De VITIOSA VERECUNDIA, a C. F. Matthæi, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Mosc. 1777.

De VIRTUTE MORALI, ab Andr. Mattheo Aquivivio, Hadrianorum Duce, Gr. et Lat. fol. Neapoli, 1526. Lib. rariss.

De Exilio, Gr. 4to. Par. Morel. 1585.

Several other tracts of Plutarch have been published in different places and times; but those above noticed are the most important.

### Ancient Latin Editions of PLUTARCH.

PLUTARCHI Liber de Viris Clariss. Græco Sermone in Lat. diversis plurimorum Interpretationi-

bus Virorum illustrium translatus, Edit. Antiq. sine Loco aut Anno.

From Campanus's Epistle to Cardinal Piecelomini, prefixed to this book, it appears, that it was printed by Udalricus Gallus, at Rome, about the year 1470. That printer published at the same time, Donato Acciajoli's Life of Charles the Great, King of France, in Latin, which was bound up with this edition of Plutarch's Lives, contains prefaces and dedications which are not in later editions; it has also after Aratus, the lives of Galba, Otho, Evagoras, Pomp. Atticus, Rufus, Plato, Aristotle, Homer, Virgil, and Carolus Magnus. After the table of lives, are the following verses:

Anser Tarpeii custos jovis: unde: q. alis.

Constreperes: gallus decidit: ultor adest:

Udahicus Gallus: ne quem poscantur in usum.

Edocuit pennis nil opus esse tuis.

Imprimit ille die: quantum non scribitur anno
Ingenio: haud noceas: omnia vincit homo.

Lib. rar.

2301748	
PLUTAR. fol. Rom. Sweyn. & Pannartz, 1473.	PLUTAR. fol.
fol. Venet. Jenson, 1478. A rare	
ork. 2 vol.	work. 2 vol.
——— fol. Brixiæ, 1488.	fol.
fol. Venet. Jo. Rigar. de Monteser.	fol.
491.	1491.
fol. Venet. Zan. de Portesio, 1496.	fol.
fol. Brix. Jac. Britanic. 1499.	fol.
fol. (Argentor) sine loc. et an.	fol.

APOPHTEGMATA, fol. a Franc. Philalpha, Ven. Vindel. de Spira, 1471. Lib. rariss.

----- 4to. Mediol. 1481.

De VIRTUTIBUS MULIERUM, 4to. Brix. Bonin. de Bonin. 1485.

Latin editions of Greek writers made long before the Greek text was printed, may be of considerable importance; as when faithfully done, they shew the readings of the MSS. from which they were made.

Plutarch was born at Cherones, in Boetica, about forty-eight or fifty years before the Chris-He was taught philosophy and the mathematics, by the celebrated Amonius, who had left Alexandria and settled at Athens. He travelled through Greece and Egypt, in order to perfect himself in useful knowledge; and came at last to Rome, where he taught philosophy, and was raised to the proconsular dignity by Trajan. After the death of this Emperor, he returned to his own country, and settled at Cheronea, and gave this for reason: I was born in a very little city, and to prevent it from becoming less, I chuse to dwell in it. When he died is uncertain: Fabricius thinks his death happened in the fifth year of Adrian, when he was in the seventieth year of his age. The writings of Plutarch are justly allowed to be the most valuable remains we have of Pagan antiquity.

Jo. Bap. Podestæ cursus Grammaticus linguar. orient. Viennæ, Aust. sine an. 2 vol. 4to.

Poesis Phylosophica, a Stephano. This contains Empedocles, Xenophanes, Timon, Parmenides, Cleanthes, Epicharmis, and Orpheus, 8vo. Par. 1573.

PORTE SACRI. The Sacred Poets, may be divided into two classes: the first contains those who wrote by Divine Inspiration, flourished before the Christian æra, and wrote in Hebrew. The second contains those uninspired, but holy men who wrote either in Greek or Latin, after the establishment of Christianity.

### CLASS the First.

To this class only those in the Old Testament belong, whose writings form a part of that sacred book; the chief of whom are Moses, Job, David, Solomon, Jeremiah, Joel, and Habbakkuk, whose compositions are well known. Their works were the first models of sublime poetry—they had God for their subject, and their writings contain an astonishing description of his Being, Nature, Attributes, and Providence. They excel particularly in displaying his Majesty, Justice, Holiness, Goodness, and Mercy. Had these august writings nothing else to recommend them, their sublime simplicity would ensure them a duration as lasting as time itself.

The celebration of the Israelites' passage through the Red Sea, commonly called the *Song* of *Moses*, recorded Exod. xv. v. 1.—19, is the *oldest* piece of pactry in the world. Besides the writings mentioned above, we have some occasional poetic effusions from pious individuals, which the sacred writers have thought proper to record. Such as that incomparably sublime song of Denocah, Judges, Chap. v. 1—31. and the Thanksgiving of Manuah, 1. Samuel, ii. 1—10. with some others of inferior note.

In the New Testament, the poetic influence ecarcely ever appears, except in the Magnificat, or Song of the Blessed Virgin, Luke, ii. 46—55. which is a copy of Hannah's song mentioned above:—the song of Zacharias, Luke, i. 68—79. The Nunc dimittis, or Song of Simeon, Luke, ii. 29—32. In the Epistle of James, there is a certain poetical cast which does not appear in any other part of the New Testament: and in Ch. i. 17. there is a perfect Hexameter verse; whether formed thus by design, or accident, does not appear. The first line is a perfect hexameter, the second becomes such by a small transposition.

Πασα δοσις άγαθη, καὶ παν δωρημα τελειου,  $^{3}$ Ις άπο των Φωτων πατρος καταδαινου ανωθευ.

Every goodly gift, and every perfect donation,
Is from the Father of Lights; and from above it desendeth.

—As among the extraordinary gifts in the primitive church, that of Psalmody is mentioned 1. Cor. xiv. 26. It has been conjectured, that these are two of the lines which were then sung; and which St James has here quoted, to shew what truths

the primitive Christians taught one another in Psalms and Hymns and Spiritual Songs. Coloss. iiii 16.

# CLASS the Second.

.. Containing those POETS, Greek and Latin, who wrote on divine subjects after the establishment of Christianity.

COMMODIANI ABRI Liber adversus Paganos, a Nic. Rigaltio, 8vo. Tulli Leucorum, S. Belgrand & J. Lausentius Typogr. Regii, 1650. Edit. princ.

Dissertatione, & Præfat. H. L. Schurtzsteischii, 4to. Witteb. 1705. Edit. opt. To which was added a supplement of notes, 4to. 1709. Mr. Devies republished this at the end of his edition of Minutius Felix, 8vo. Cant. 1712.

This writer was also termed Commodianus Gasaus. He lived about the end of the third, or beginning of the fourth century. His work is composed in a sort of verse destitute of measure and cadence; each line however comprises a complete sense, and begins aerostically. He termed himself Christ's Beggar, and preached powerty in an appropriate and ragged style.

TERTULLIANI et CYPRIANI Curmina, ab Andr. Rivinio, 8vo. Goudse, 1651. A spurious work.

CLAUDIANI MAMERTIS Hymni. See CLAUDIAN. Mamert.

JUVENCI Historia Evangelica, fibri iv. a Faus-

tino Arevalo, 4to. Romæ, 1792. See JUVENCUS.

APOLLINARII Interpretatio Psalmorum Versibus heroicis, Gr. 8vo. Par. Turneb. 1552.

This Apollinarius, or Apollinaris, was bishop of Laodicea about A. D. 365. See APOLLINARIS.

S. Damasii opera, ab Abr. Merenda, fol. Rom. 1754. See Damasius.

HILARII Pictaviensis Genesis, a Jo. Weitxio, Svo. Franc. 1625. Supposed by some to be the work of Hilary of Arles. See HILARIUS.

- S. GREGORII NAZIANZENI Carmina, a Jo. Langio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Basil. 1567.

Ausonii opera, a Jac. Tollio, cum not. var. 8vo. Amst. 1671. See Ausonius.

Severini Endelichii Carmen de mortibus Bousn, cum not. Witsii & Seberi, 8vo. Lug. Bat. 1745. See Endelichius.

PRUDENTII Carmina, 4to. Parmæ, typis Bodenianis, 1788, 2 vol.

cum not. Franc. Arevali, 4to. Rom. 1788, 2 vol. See PRUDENTIUS.

FALCONIE PROBE Cento Virgilianus, a Kromayero, 8vo. Hal. Magd. 1719. See FALCONIA.

SYNESII opera, a Dion. Petavio, Gr. et Lat. fol. Par. 1612. See SYNESIUS.

NONNI Paraphrasis in Joannem, a Dan. Heinsio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. L. Bat. 1627. See NONNUS. DRACONTII Carmina, a Faustino Arevalo, 4to. Rom. 1791. See DRACONTIUS. S. PAULINI Carmina Natalitia, a Jo. At. Mingarellio, 4to. Rom. 1756. Annexed to other writers. See Paulinus, bishop of Nola.

CELH SEDULH Carmen Paschale, & Hymni duo, ab Hen. Jo. Arntzenii, 8vo. Leovard. 1761. See Calius SEDULIUS.

BENEDICTI PAULINI PETROCORII Poemata, a Christ. Daumio, 8vo. Lips. 1686. See PETROCO-RIUS.

SIDONII APOLLINARIS Carmina, a Phil. Labbao, 4to. Paris. 1652. See Apollin. Sidon.

Liber Marbodii quondam nominatissimi Præsulis Rhedonensis (Hymni et alia Poemata) ex recessione Rad. Befiel, &c. 4to. 1524. See Marbodius.

RUSTIC HELPIDII, LACIANTII, MEROBAUDIS et alionum Carmina, ab Andr. Rivinio, 8vo. Lips. 1652.

Helpidius was physician to Theodoric, King of the Goths, and flourished about A. D. 510.

Marbodius was an author of the twelfth century, contemporary with Hildegard, whom see.

S. ORIENTII Commonitorium fidelium, carmine elegizco, ab Andr. Rivinio, 8vo. Lips. 1651. See ORIENTIUS.

MAGNI FELICIS ENNODII opera, a Jac. Sirmondo, 8vo. Par. 1642. See Ennodius.

AVITI ALCIMI opera, a Sirmondo, 8vo. Paris. Cramoisy, 1643.

Basil. 1545.

AVIT. ALCIM. oper. et CLAUDII MARII VICTO-RIS Poemata, &c. a Joan. Gaigneio, 8vo. Lugd. 1536.

Avitus Alcimus was a Christian poet, and bishop of Vienna in France, he died about A. D. 525.

Claudius Marius Victor died about A. D. 445.

ARATORIS de Actibus Apostolorum, libri ii. & Epistolæ, 8vo. Mediol. 1470.

- fol. Venet. Ald. 1502, in the second volume of the *Poetæ Christ*. printed this year by Aldus.
  - ab Ant. Barbosa, 8vo. Salamant. 1516.
  - ----- 8vo. Basil. 1557...
- zenio, 8vo. Zutphaniæ, 1769. Edit. opt. See Juvencus.

Arator was a Christian poet, and subdescon of the church of Rome, A. D. 544.

FL. CRESC. CORIPPI opera, a Petro Franc. Fogginio, 4to. Rome, 1777. See Corippus.

VENANTII FORTUNATI opera, a Mich. Ang. Luchi, 4to. Romæ, 1786—87, 2 vol. Edit. opt. See Fortunatus.

GEORGII PISIDII opus sex dierum seu Mundi Opificium; et SENARIUS de Vanitate Vite, a Frid. Morello, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Par. Morel. 1584.

George Pisidia was deacon of the church of Constantinople, about A. D. 630. He was both a poet and historian, and in the latter character ranks with the BYZANTINE Writers.

• EUGENII II. Toletani; COLUMBANI Hiberni; DRACONTII et ALIORUM Opuscula, 8vo. Paris. 1619.

Eugenius, bishop of Toledo, died in A. D. 657. See COLUMBAN and DRACONTIUS.

ALDHELMI Monostica, ALCUINO vel COLUMBANO adscripta, cum Ænigmatibus, a Martino Antonio del Rio, 12mo. Mogunt. 1601.

Aldhelm was an English bishop, he died in 709. Gronovius illustrates a poem of his, De Laudibus Virginitatis, in Observat. Ecclesiast. &c. A prose work of his on the same subject was published cum Bedæ opusculis, & Egberti Eberacensis Dialogo, ab Henr. Warthono, 4to. Lond. 1693. See Alculin and Colombanus.

THEODULPHI AURELIANENSIS Carmina, a Jac. Sirmondo, 8vo. Par. 1646.

Theodolphus was bishop of Orleans in 793, and died in 811.

DREPANI FLORI Psalmi et Carmina; cum Mo-DUINI, & JONE Aurelianensis Reliquiis, ab Andr, Rivino, 8vo. Lips. 1653. See FLORUS.

Moduinus was bishop of Autun, and Jona was bishop of Orleans in the ninth century.

THEODULI Ecloga de Miraculis Veteris Testamenti, 4to. Lips. Conr. Kacheloven, 1489, & cum Comment. ibid. 1499.

a J. G. S. Schwabe, 8vo. Alten. 1778.

Dialogus Pastorum de veritate Religionis Christiane adversus objectiones Infidelium,
4to. Colon. Henr. Quentel, 1492.

Theodulus was a Greek bishop and poet; he dourished about A. D. 950.

RHOSTWITHE MONIALIS Poemata, a D. H. Le. ordardo Schurzsfeischio, 4to. Witteb. 1707.

Hrosvita was a Saxon virgin canoness of Gandersheim. She flourished under the Emperor Otho II. about A. D. 980. Leibnitz published one of her unedited poems, De constructione Canobii Gandersheimensis, in vol. secund. Script. Brunswicent. fol. Hanov. 1710.

HILDEBERTI opera, ab Ant. Beaugendre, fol. Par. 1706. See HILDEBERT.

MATTHEI VINDOCINENSIS Metaphrasis Elegiace libri Tobiæ, a Jo. Heringio, 8vo. Bremæ, 1642.

Matthew of Vendome flourished about A. D. 1180.

ALANI INSULENSIS opera, a Carolo de Wisch, fol. Antv. 1653.

Virgines, non Mulieres ducendas esse in Mutrimonium, 4to. sine ulla nota. A carious and singular edition, done with the types of Ulric Zell of Cologne, about 1470. It is annexed to the Moretus attributed to Virgil.

Alanus was a poet and divine: he flourished about A. D. 1200.

S. Josephi Hymnograph Mariale, ab Hyppolito Maraccio, 8vo. Rome, 1661. Edit. princ.
Jo. Geometræ Hymni v. in Beatam Deiparam,
Frid. Morellio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Par. 1591.

HYMNI Ecclesiastici pariorum auctorum veterum, Hilarii, Ambrosii, Augustini, Gregorii, M. Theodulphi, Fulberti, &c. ab Helia Ehingero, Franc. 1578. A better edition than that annexed to the works of George Cassander, follow.

POETE GRECI CHRISTIANI, cum Homericis Centonibus ex SS. Patrum Operibus collecti, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Lut. Par. 1609.

PARADISUS SEU TETRASTICA MORALIA, a Frid. Morellio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Par. 1593.

POETÆ CHRISTIANI, 4to. Ven. Ald. 1501-2, 2 vol. This is an extremely rare and valuable work. The design of Aldus in publishing this collection was, that it might be used in schools in place of the heathen poets. The principal authors contained in it are, Prudentius, Prosper of Aquitain, Sedulius, Juvencus, Arator, Gregory Nazianzen, &c. On the last leaf of the preliminary discourse in the Sedulius of this work. the Aldine anchor is for the first time employed The same ancher of a large size is found at the beginning and end of the second volume. Some Bibliographers mention three volumes of this work; but this probably arose from the Prudentius, and Sedulius, &c. which form the Latin part of volume second, being bound separately.

VOL. V. A

POETARUM VETERUM ECCLESIASTICORUM opera et Fragmenta, a Geo. Fabricio, 4to. Bas. Oporin. 1564. A very valuable collection, and far more copious than the preceding. For other collections of less importance, see JUVENCUS and PRUDENTIUS.

FLORES POETARUM de VIRTUTIBUS et VITIIS, 12mo. Colon. 1505.

HISTORIA POETARUM et POEMATUM MEDIS ÆVI, POLYCARPI LEYSERI, 8vo. Hal. Magd. 1721. This work contains some valuable pieces of poetry taken from MSS. and published here for the first time.

CORPUS VETERUM POETARUM tam PROFANO-RUM quam ECCLESIASTICORUM, fol. Lond. 1721, 2 vol. A very valuable collection.

For POETÆ GRÆCI PRINCIPES & MINORES, see Greek Collections.

The following are termed the writers DE RE VENATICA.

POETÆ LATINI VENATICI et Bucolici, cum fragmentis VESTRICII SPURINNÆ, a Casp. Barthio, Svo. Hanov. 1613. The fragments of Vestricius Spurinna are published here for the first time.

Vestricius was a lyric poet in the time of Vespasian; but the fragments mentioned above are supposed to be the work of a Christian author of an uncertain age.

a Jano Ulitio, 12mo. L. Bat. Elzev. 1645 & 1653. Both valuable editions.

ECLOGE VARIORUM, 8vo. Florent. Junta, 1504. A rare edition, which contains the Eclogues of Virgil, Calphurnius, and Nemesianus: besides these modern authors, Pomponius Gauricus, Petrarch, Boccaccio, and J. Bap. Mantuanus.

POETÆ TRES EGREGII, a Georgio Logo, 8vo. Venet. Ald. 1534. This rare collection contains Gratius Faliscus, Calphurnius, and Nemesianus: it has also OVID'S Halieuticon, and ADRIANI CARDINALIS'S Venatio.

BUCOLICORUM AUCTORES XXXVIII. quotquot videlicet, a Virgilii etate, ad nostra usque tempora fuere, 8vo. Basil. Oporin. 1546.

REI VENATICI SCRIPTORES, cum not. var. 2 Gerardo Kemplero, 4to. L. Bat. 1728. Edit. opt. 31. 3s.

POETE LATINI MINORES, cum not. var. a Pet. Burnianno, 4to. Leydæ, 1731. 3l. 13s. 6d. An excellent edition, and more valuable than the preceding. It contains Faliscus, Nemesianus, Calphurnius, Cl. Rutilius Numazianus, 2. Serenus Samonicus, Vindicianus or Marcellus, 2. Remnius Fannius Palemon, and the Satires of Sulpitius.

a Winterton, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Cant. 1652. Often reprinted.

POETRIARUM OCTO, see in vol. ii. p. 289.

POETARUM DICTA, quæ apud Stobæum extant; accedunt Plutarchi et Basilii Magni de usu Poetarum Græcorum libelli, a Grotio, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Par. 1623. See GROTIUS.

Joan. Franc. Poggu opera omnia, fol. Bas. 1538.

268 POL Poggius was born in 1380, and died in 1459. POLEMONIS Himerii et alior. quorundam Declamationes Græcæ nunc primum editæ, 4to. Paris. Steph. 1567. - Orationes due, Gr. et Lat. cum not. Possini, 8vo. Biturg. 1665. - Gr. et Lat. a Grotio et Clerico, 8vo. Amst. 1709. See IMMERIUS. POLENI Thesaurus. See GREVIUS. Poli Synopsis Criticorum, fol. Lond. 1669. 5 vol. - 4to. Francof. 1694, & ibid. fol. 1712, 5 vol. Both indifferent editions. See CRITICE. POLITIANI (Angeli) Miscellancorum, lib. Schall folio. 1l. 11s. 6d. Flor. 1489. The edition of the Miscellanea of Politian, mentioned here, has not been taken notice of by Muittaire. The book is most beautifully printed; and it is observable, that the Greek character in it almost intirely agrees with that of the Greek was, of the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries, and is without accents. At the end there is the typographical mark of Antonius Miscominus, the printer, who finished the impression, September 17, 1489. --- 4to. Bolon. 1494. - opera, fol. Ald. 1498. 4l. 4s.

A fine copy of Politian, with the initials coloured. sold at Dr. Askew's sale for 5l. 12s. 6d. ----- 8vo. 3 vol. Gryphius, 1550. ----- 8vo. 3 vol. Basil. 1553. Angelus Politianus was born at Monte Pullciane

in Tuscany, A. D. 1454. He took his name from that of the town whence he was born, which was called in Latin, *Mons-Politianus*; his family name was *Bassi*. He was one of the most eminent and elegant scholars of his time. He died in 1494, in the fortieth year of his age. For an entertaining and well written account of this author and his works, see his life by the *Rev. Mr. Greswell*.

Pollucis Onomasticon, Gr. fol. Edit. princ. Venet. apud Ald. 1502. 2l. 10s.

Gr. fol. Florent. apud Juntas, 1520.

11. 15s.

Gr. 4to. Basil. Oporin, 1536.

Gr. et Lat. 4to. Seberi, Franc. 1608.

a Tib. Hemsterhusio, Edit. opt. 2 vol. fol. Amst. 1706. 1l. 11s. 6d. Large paper 2l. 12s. 6d. Fabricus highly extols this edition of

Julius Pollux was a Greek grammarian of Naucrates in Egypt, about A. D. 180. He was professor of rhetoric at Athens.

the Onomasticon of this very learned and incompa-

rable author.

Julii Pollucis Historia Physica, seu Chronicon, ab Ignatio Hardt, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Monachii & Lipsiæ, 1792.

This author is not the same with the above: he probably flourished about the end of the fourth century. The *Chronicon* begins at the creation, and comes down to the reign of the Emperor *Valens*.

Mr. Hardt supposed that this work was just newly discovered; but the Abbe Morelli has proved that this is the same work with that of the anonymous Greek writer, entitled HISTORIA SACRA aborbe condito ad Valentinianum et Valentem Imp. a Jo. Bap. Biancono, Gr. et Lat. fol. Bonon. 1779.

POLYENI Stratagemata, ab Isaac Casaubono, Gr. et Lat. ex versione Hermani Vulteii, 8vo. Lugd. 1589. Edit. princ.

Lat. 8vo. L. Bat. 1690.

Berol. 1756.

It is very much to be wished, says Dr. Harwood, that this entertaining writer, whose language is very easy and elegant, were introduced into our schools; or that those who begin to learn the Greek language, would read Polyænus. They would meet with few difficulties, and would be highly entertained and improved.

Polyanus was a Macedonian, and flourished under Antoninus and Verus, to whom he dedicated his book of stratagems, during their war with the Parthians.

POLYBII Historiarum libri v. a Vinc. Obsopao, Gr. et Lat. fol. Hagen. 1530.

usque ad xvii. ab Arnoldo Arlenio, Gr. et Lat. fol. Bas. 1549.

Libri qui supersunt, cum ENEA TAC-

rico, ab Isac. Cisambens, Gr. et. Lat. fol. Paris. 1609. According to De Bure, some copies of this edition are found dated Francof. Wechel, 1609.

POLYE. Hist. cum ÆNEO TACTICO, ab codem, Gr. et Lat. fol. Hanov. Wechel. 1619. A good and correct edition.

et. Lat. 8vo. Amst. 1670, 3 vol. An excellent edition. It is one of the rarest editions of the Variorum Classics.

nesto, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Lips. 1763-64, 3 vol. This has a better Index than that of Gronovius.

a Joan. Schweighaeuser, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Lips. 1789—93, 9 vol. 6l. 6s. This costly and elaborate work contains a complete apparatus to the history of Polybius. The six first volumes contain the text, and the three last are filled with notes—a geographical and historical index—the preface of Casaubon—and a very copious Lexicon Polybianum. Kett. This may be safely pronounced the Edit. opt. of Polybius.

POLYBIUS Megalopilitanus de Castris Romanis, Gr. et Lat. Amst. 1670. With Hyginus, and with Hyginus GROMATICUS.

POLYBII SELECTA de Legationibus et alia, a Fulvio Ursino, Gr. 4to. Ant. Plant. 1582.

POLYBII, DIOD. SICULI, et alior. excerpta, ab Henr. Valesio, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Par. 1634.

POLYBII APPIANI ALEXANDRINI et HERODIANT

loca selecta, 2-Mon. Benedictino. Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Rom. 1783.

A fragment of the sixth book of *Polibius*, Greek and English 8vo. was published by Edward Spelman, Esq. but without his name, London, 1743. It is a scarce tract, and does great honour to the learning and critical abilities of the editor.

POLYBII de primo Bello Punico libri iii. Latine reddita ab Aretino. With Plutarch's Lives, fol. Brixiæ, Jac. Britannicus, 1498.

Historiar. libri v. Latine a Perotte, 8vo. Florent. 1522.

Polybius was a famous Greek historian, born at Megapolis, in Arcadia, about 205 years before Christ. He learned politics from his father Lycortas, who was chief of the republic of the Achseans; and was trained to arms under Philopæmon, one of the most intrepid generals of antiquity. His history was originally written in forty books, five only of which remain, and a few fragments of others. Polybius is more accurate in matters of history and geography than most of the ancient historians. Titus Livius has borrowed whole books from this author, and yet only speaks of him haudquaquam spernendus auctor, as an author by no means despicable. Miserable acknowledgement of great obligations!

S. POLYCARPI Epistola ad Philippensis, Gr. et Lat. fol. Duaci, 1632. Edit. princ.

— With archbishop Usher's edition of the Epistles of Ignatius, 4to. Gr. et Lat. Oxon. 1644.

S. Polycarr. Epist. cura Aldrich, 8vo. Oxon. 1708.

tura Smith, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Oxon.

Smyrnensis Ecclesise de Polycappi Martyrio Epistola, ab Usserio, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Lond. 1647. The Epistle of Polycarp may be found in most collections of the early records of the primitive church.

Polycarp was a disciple of John the Evangelist, and afterwards bishop of Smyrna, and supposed to be the angel or messenger of the church of Smyrna, to whom Christ ordered St. John to send that epistle, Revel. ii. 8—11. He was found guilty of being a Christian by the Roman proconsul at Smyrna, and condemned to be burned alive. When he was going to the flames, the proconsul offered him his life if he would blaspheme Christ. To which the venerable prelate answered: Eighty and six years have I served him and he has ever treated me with kindness, how then can I blaspheme kim? He was then committed to the flames, where he expired A. D. 166, in the ninety-fifth year of his age.

POLYCRONIUS. See EUSEBIUS.

POLYPRILI Hypnerotomackia, Venet. Ald. 1499, A rare and curious work, written in Italian with an uncouth mixture of Greek and Latin words, See Columna.

Sextus Pompeius Festus De Interpretatione Linguæ Latinæ, a Pomponio Latio, fol. sine ulla

& 8vo. Florent. 1582,

nota. At the end are these words, Vale qui legeris H. G. (Herbipolensis Georgius) i. e. George Laver. It seems to have been printed about A. D. 1470.

De Verborum Significatione, fol. Mediol. Zarot. 1471. Edit. princ. with a date. Lib. rariss Some have mentioned an edition done at Milan, 1470, but it is probably the same as the above. C Down Foot fol Wonet Tonson

3. Pomp. Fest, 101. Vehet. Jenson, 1412.
4to. Venet. Joan. de Colonia, 1474.
This edition is sometimes found annexed to Varro.
a Manilio Romano, fol. Rom. Jo.
Reynard. de Enyngen, 1475. It has at the end
Collectanea Arrogantissimi Pompeii Festi, priscis-
que verbis promulgata, a Jo. Reynard de Enyngen
Constantiensi.
fol. sine loco, 1477.
fol. Venet. sine Typogr. nomine,
•
1478.
fol. Parmæ, 1480.
ex edit. Manilii ad Pomponium La-
tum, fol. Sexti iv. anno septimo (1483). Probably
printed at Rome.
fol. Venet. Aldus, 1513. Annexed
to Perotti Cornucopia.
<b>-</b>
ab Antonio Augustino, 8vo. Venet.
1559—60. To this and the following edition Ver-
rius Flaccus is annexed.
a Josepho Scaligero, 8vo. Paris. 1575
& 1584,
a Fulvio Ursino, 8vo. Rome, 1581.

- S. Pomp. Fest. ex edit. Scalig. & Ursini, 8vo. Heidelb. 1593.
- ab Andrea Dacerio, in usum Delph.
- a Jo. Clerico, 4to. Amst. Huguet. 1699. Edit. opt.
- Gothofredo, 4to. Genevæ, 1585, 1602, & 1622.

When Pompeius Festus flourished is uncertain; it was probably in the fourth or fifth century. His work is only an abridgment of that of Verrius Flaccus, which was written originally in twenty books. Whether the original was of more value than the epitome, we cannot at present judge.

POMPONIUS Mela. See MELA.

PONTANI (Joannis Joviani) opera Urania lib. v. Meteorum lib. i. De Hortis Hesperidum lib. ii. Lepidina sive Pastoralis pompæ vii. Item Meliseus. Mæon Acon. Hendecasyllaborum lib. ii. Tumulorum lib. i. Næniæ duodecim, Epigrammata duodecim, 8vo. Venet. Ald. 1513. This volume was printed before by Aldus in 1505.

Amorum lib. ii. De Amore conjugali iii. Tumulorum ii. qui in superiore aliorum poematon editione desyderabantur. Lyrici i. Eridanorum ii. Eclogæ duæ Coryle, et quinquenniis superioribus quatuor additæ. Calpurnii Siculi Eclogæ vii. Aurelii Nemesiani Eclogæ iii. Explicatio locorum omnium abstrusorum Pontani, authore Petro Summontio viro doctissimo Index re-

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rum, que in his *Pontani* lusibus contineantur, 8vo. Venet. Ald. 1518. This is the second volume of Pontanus's works, never printed but this onceby *Aldus*. It is a rare work, and sells for 2l. 12s. 6d. Reprinted under the name of Aldus without date, by some printer of Lyons or Venice.

PONTAN. (Joan. Joviani) 8vo. Basil. 1538 & 1540.

This author was born at Ceretto in 1426, and died in 1503 or 1505.

Porphyrius de Vita Pythagoræ, a Conr. Rittershusio, Gr. 8vo. Altd. 1601.

- Ent. 8vo. Rom. 1630.
- Amst. 1707. Annexed to the Life of Pythagoras, written by Jamblicus; and to Malcus Sophista.
- ——— Epistola ad Anebonem de Diis et Demonibus, Gr. et Lat. a Th. Gale, fol. Oxon. 1678. With Jamblicus.
- De Abstinentia ab Esu Animalium, libri iv. a Pet. Victorio, Gr. fol. Florent. Junta, 1548.
- 2 Franc. de Fogerolles, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Lugd. 1620.
- vers. Luc. Holstenii, 8vo. Cantab. 1655. A good edition.
  - a Jac. de Roer, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Traj.

ad Rh. 1767. Edit. opt. For other works of Porphyry, see Homer, and Greek COMMENTA-TORS.

Porphyry was a Platonic philosopher, born at Tyre, about A. D. 223. He studied eloquence under Longinus, at Athens, and philosophy under Plotinas, at Rome. He wrote a book against the Christians, which is now lost.

PORTE Baptistæ Physiognomia, Vici Acquensi, fol. 1586, & fol. Neapoli, 1601, cum multis figuris. 10s. 6d. The whole Lavaterian system seems to have been derived from this book.

- Villa, Domus, Sylva, Cædua, Sylva Glandaria, Cultus et Insitio, Pomarium, Olivetum, Vinea Arbustum, Hortus Coronarius, Hortus Olitorius, Seges, Pratum. 4to. Franc. 1592.
- ———— De occultis Litterarum notis, 8vo. Argent. 1606. In this the author gives 180 different methods of secret writing.
- ———— Phytognomonica, seu methodus cognoscendi ex inspectione vires abditas cujuscumque rei, fol. Neap. 1583.

John Baptist Porta was a Neapolitan gentleman, born in A. D. 1445, and died 1515. He wrote a treatise on Natural Magic—invented the Camera Obscura—and was the first who conceived the design of an Encyclopedia. Bruysset.

PORTI (Æmilii) Dictionarium Doricum, 8vo. 3 vol. Francof. 1603. Sold at Dr. Askew's sale for 3l. 10s.

VOL. V. Bb

Posidippi Fragmenta, Gr. et Lat. in Poet. minor. Græc. a Winterton, 8vo. Cantabr. 1635, 1653, &c.

PRAXILLA. See in vol. ii. p. 290.

PRIAPEIA, et alia Poematia, 8vo. Venet. Ald. sine an. And 8vo. 1517 & 1534.

cum not. var. 12mo. Francof. 1606.

cum not. Scaligeri, Lindenbrogii, & Casparis Scioppii, 8vo. Patav. (sed Amstel. 1664.)
See Virgil.

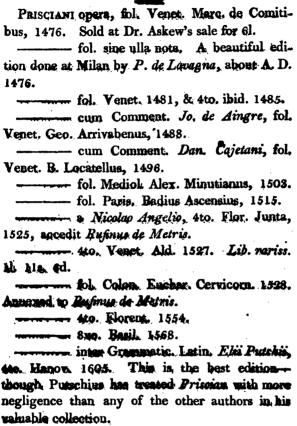
Some suppose that all the poets who frequented the table of *Mæcenas*, were obliged by him to make an epigram to *Priapus*, and that from a collection of these arose the PRIAPEIA.

- S. PRIMASII super Apocalypsim B. Joannis libri v. 8vo. Paris. 1544.
- Commentari in omnes *D. Pauli* Epistolas, 8vo. Paris. Jo. Roigny, 1543.

Primasius was bishop of Utica, about A. D. 553.

PRISCIANI opera, fol. absque loci et Typograph. nomine sed an. 1470. An edition of Vindelin de Spira. The date stands at the end of the Grammatica, before the other works.

- delin de Spira, about A. D. 1470. Probably it is the same as the former, but without the date. Sold at the Pinellian sale for 511. 9s.
- also to be the work of Vind. de Spira.
  - fol. Venet. Jo. de Colonia, 1476.



LIBER de ACCENTIBUS, &ve. Paris. Red. Steph. 1526.

Companieum de octo partires Oranoms, 8vo. Aug. Vindel. 1537.

De Præexencitamentis Rhetoricæ er Herm Mogene, fol. Venet. Ald. 1523. Annexed to the Rhetores Graci in Latinum compensi. De Præexer. Rhet. ex Hermog. 8vo. Paris: Colin. 1526.

----- 8vo. Argent. 1526.

LATINE LINGUE cum GRECA COLLECTIO ex PRISCIANO, a Carolo Stephano, 8vo. Par. 1554.

De FIGURIS et NOMINIBUS Numerorum, et de NUMERIS ac PONDERIBUS ad Symmachum, ab Elia Veneto, 8vo. Par. 1565, & ibid. 1585. Reprinted in Grævius's Thesaurus.

EXPOSITIO in Theophrastum de Sensu, Phantasia, et Intellectu, fol. Venet. Ald. 1497. Annexed to Iamblicus and others.

HERMOGENES de FABULA, PRISCIANO Interprete, fol. Venet. Ald. 1505. Annexed to Æsop.

Periegesis, ab Andria Papio, 8vo. Oxon. 1697. Annexed to Dionysius de Situ Orbis. The Latin translation of Dionysius among the Latin Geographers, is attributed to Priscian. See MECIANUS, Latin GRAMMARIANS, and Greek COLLECTIONS.

A Panegyric of this author on the Emperor Anastasius, in heroic verse, was discovered at Vienna in 1791, by Mr. Denis, and published with Augustini Sermones inediti, fol. Vindob. 1792.

Prician was a grammarian, rhetorician, and poet of Cæsarea, who flourished in the sixth century.

Theodori Prisciani Euporisticon, Logicus, Gynecion, De Physica Scientia, libri iv. ab Hermanno Comite Nuenario, Argent. 1532. An edition published under the name 2. Octavii Horatiani, full of errors and alterations of the text.

Theod. Passe. Euper. a Sigismunda Gelenio, 4to. Bas. 1532. Edit. opt. Corrected and amended on the authority of Mss. This work is also found among the Medici Antiqui, fol. Ven. Ald. 1547.

fol. Argent 1533 & 1544. Acced. Trotula, Physica Hildegardis et alia Scripta.

a Georgio Eberhardo Schweinere, 8vo. Hal. Sax. 1638.

Acced. alia brevia de Re Medica Scripta, Serenia Marcelli, Priscioni, Sexti Placiti, Constantini Africani.

Theodorus Priscian, the physician, flourished under Gratian and Valentinian II. about A. D. 370.

PRISCUS Valerianus. Among the Parenetici Veteres, a Goldasto, 4to. Insulæ, 1604.—With Theoph. Rainaud's collection of the Fathers, fol. Par. 1661. And annexed to S. Petri Chrysologi Archiep. Rauennatis Sermanes, a Seb. Pauli, fol. Aug. Vind. 1758.

PROBE Falconie. See FALCONIA.

PROBUS Titus. See ancient Latin GRAMMA-RIANS.

PROCLUS Diadocus. See Greek Collections, and Mathematicians.

S. PROCLI Analecta, a Vincentio Ricardo, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Rom. Zanetti, 1630.

opuscula, a Geverharto Elmenhorstio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. L. Bat. 1617.

Bb 3

Proclus was Patriarch of Constantinople, about A. D. 435.

PROCOPIUS. See BYZANTINE Writers.

PRODROMI (Cyri Theodori) Amicitia Exulansin Mr. Maittaire's Greek Miscellanies, 4to. Lond. 1722, p. 92.

PRODROMI Philosophi, Rhodantes et Dosiclis Amorum libri ix. Gr. et Lat. a Gaulmino, 8vo. Paris. 1625.

PROPERTII opera. See with Catullus, in vol. ii. p. 155.

S. PROSPERI opera, a Luca Urbano Mangeant, fol. Paris. 1711. A rare edition.

De VITA CONTEMPLATIVA et alia, 8vo. 1486, sine alia nota.

Prosper of Aquitain lived in the year 463, but when he died, or who he was, are not known. His poetical works are found among the PORTE Christiani, 4to. Venet. Ald. 1501—3. See PORTE.

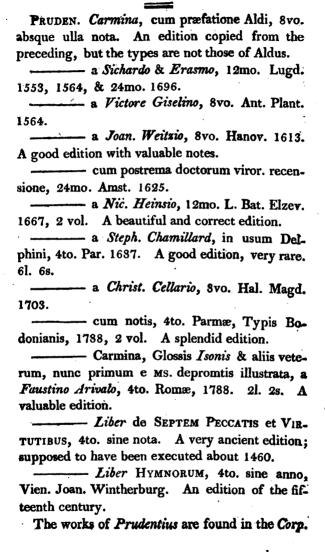
PROVERBIA Græca & PROVERBIOR. Collectio. See Greek Collections, in vol. ii. p. 295.

PRUDENTII Carmina, 4to. Daventriss, 1472. The existence of this edition is doubtful.

a Rodulpho Langio, 4to. Daventrise, 1495. Annexed to Hugubaldi Monaci de Laude Calvorum Carmen; and S. Prosperi Epigrammata de Virtutibus et Vitiis.

Hugubaldus was a writer of the tenth century.

4to. Venet. Ald. 1501. In the first volume of the Poetæ Christiani.



Poet. Lat. of Maittaire, fol. Lond. 1713, volume second, p. 1580. See POETÆ.

Clemens Aurelius Prudentius was born at Saragossa, in Spain, in 348. He was successively
advocate, magistrate, and soldier, and distinguished himself in all these professions. He was
highly esteemed by the Emperor Honorius, but
when he died is uncertain. Some of his poems
are allowed to possess a considerable portion of
the true poetic spirit. His hymn on the holy innocents is peculiarly happy.

Salvete, flores Martyrum, &c.

PSALTERIUM Latinum, fol. Mogunt. Jan. FUST & Petrus Schoffer de Gernszheim, 1457. This is one of the rarest of rare books, and the first that bears a date. The characters are the large missal kind, and very nearly similar to those of the Bible, mentioned vol. i. p. 185. The work is invaluable, because it serves as a guide to fix the epoch of the origin of printing, and to ascertain the first types employed by Guttenburg, the inventor of this most useful art. There are but a very few copies of this book extant; and next to the Bible mentioned above, it must be considered the most precious relic of typographic antiquity.

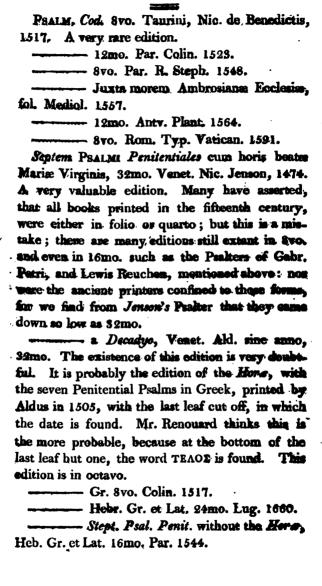
Joan. Fust & Petrum Scholffer de Gernszheim, an. 1459. This is a larger folio than the former, and though very similar on the whole, yet has some small differences, and some prayers which distinguish it from the preceding. The copies of this are even scarcer than those of the former.

PSALMORUM Codex, Editio antiqua, Moguntiæ, per Schoeffer, sine ulla nota. Printed on vellum.

There is no account of this scarce edition by any Bibliographer, it corresponds page for page with the edition of 1459, and ends with Canticum Ysaie, but the next page of the leaf is completely blank; it is executed with the large missal type employed in the Psalter of 1459, and the rubrics of the psalms, words of the chant, &c. are of the smaller missal type used for the Psalter of 1457, so that it is a specimen of the two first types to which the inventors of printing have affixed a positive date. This volume contains 158 leaves. On Edward's Catalogue, 1796, valued at 401.

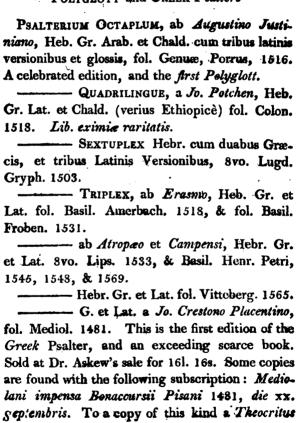
- fol. Moguntise, per Petrum Schoeffer de Gernsheym, 1490. There was another
  edition by Schoeffer in 1502, which was the last
  book he printed, all of which editions were done
  with the same, or very nearly the same types.

  4to. Norimbergæ, Frid. Creusner,
  sine anno. Creusner was one of the oldest prin-
- sine anno. Creusner was one of the oldest printers at Nuremberg, and one of the Moguntine school.
- Reprinted 8vo. 1486.
- Secundum Stylum Romanæ Curiæ, 4to, Neap, 1473.
  - 16mo. sine loc. Lud. Reuchen, 1484.
  - 4to. Lipsiæ, Conr. Kacheloven, 1485.
- ———— cum Hymnis secundum Curiam Romanam, 4to, Ven. Theod. de Ragazzonibus, 1488.



Votum Davidicum; Cor mundum area in me Deus: a 150 et amplius Metaphrastis expressum Carmine, Hebr. Gr. Lat. &c. a Jo. Alb. Fabricio, 4to. Hamb. 1729.

## POLYGLOTT and GREEK Psalters



has been found annexed, printed with the same characters. See THEOCRITUS.

PSALT. Gr. 4to. Venet. per Alexandr. ex Candace, 1486.

Ald. sine anno. A very scarce and well printed work. Certainly printed before 1498, as it is on Aldus's catalogue printed in this year; and not prior to the Aristotle printed in 1496, as the characters are the same, but appear worne in the Psalter, whereas they are new in the Aristotle. See Renoward. It is likely the work was printed in 1497.

PSALTERIUM, ex mandato Victoriosissimi Anglise Regis Henrici Septimi, Lond. per Guill. Facques Eximiæ raritatis Liber, 8vo. Reg. Impres. 1504. 11. 5s. A Lond. Catal.

- a Demetrio Zeno, Gr. 4to. Venet. Steph. de Sabio, 1524. A rare work.
- Gr. et Lat. 16mo. Paris. Carola Guillart, 1545.
- Juxta exemp. Vaticanum, Gr. 12mo. L. Bat. Elzev. 1653.
  - ---- Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Oxon. 1678.
- a Jos. Blanchinio, Gr. cum Ital. versione, fol. Rom. 1740. Annexed to the Canticles. For other PSALTERS, see under BIBLIA.

It is unnecessary to say that *David*, king of Israel, was the author of the book of Psalms. He flourished about 1050 years before Christ, of whose nature, sufferings, kingdom, and glory, he

clearly prophecied. The Psalms have been translated into most languages of the universe—but all translators fall far, far below the sublime original, where sense and sound are often coupled together in such a manner as no poet, Greek or Latin, has ever been able to equal.

Grammaticæ Latinæ auctores antiqui; opera et studio *Heliæ* PUTSCHII, Hanoviæ, Typis Wechelianis, 1605, 4to. This is a very valuable work: it contains a collection of thirty-three ancient grammarians, with notes by the learned editor.

Elias Putschius was born at Antwerp in 1580. When but twenty-one years of age, he edited Sallust with fragments, and learned notes. He had but just begun his very useful career of literature, when he died at Stade, March 9, 1606, in the twenty-sixth year of his age!

Mich. PSELLI Paraphrasis seu Comment. in Cantica Canticorum, a Joan. Meursio, 4to. Gr. Lug. Bat. 1617.

- ——— De Sanctissima Trinitate cum Cyrillo contra Nestorianos, a Wegelino, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Aug. Vind. 1611.
- Damonum, a Petro Morellio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Paris. 1577.
- Basil. 1544.
- Et Isagoge in Tantalum et in Circen; et Allegoria de Sphinge, Gr. 8vo. Bas. Oper. sine anno.

VOL. V.

Mich. PSEL. Sinopsis Legum Versibus Iambicis et Politicis, a Franc. Bosqueto, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Par. 1632.

Michael Psellus was preceptor and friend of Michael Ducas, Emperor of Constantinople. He flourished in 1070. See his Mathematical works among MATHEMATICIANS. See also MEDICI Graci PLUTARCH, and EUSEBIUS.

PTOLOMÆI (Hephæstionis) novæ ad vanam eruditionem historiæ libri vii. cum Scholiis Schotti et notis Hoeschelii, in Hist. Poet. Scriptor. antiquis cura T. Gale editis, 8vo. Par. 1675.

cura T. Gale editis, 8vo. Par. 1675. PTOLOMEI (Claudii) Geographia, ab Erasmo, Gr. 4to. Bas. Frob. 1533. ---- Gr. 4to. Par. 1559. a Petro Bertio, Gr. et Lat. fol. Amst. 1618. Edit. opt. 3l. 3s. ---- Magna constructio, cum Comment. Theonis, Gr. fol. Bas. 1538. ----- Harmonica, a Jo. Wallis, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Oxon. 1683. ——— De judiciis Astrologicis, seu Quadripartitum, a Joac. Camerario, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Nuremb. 1535. ab codem, Gr. 8vo. Basil. Oporin. sine anno. ---- ex vers. Anton. Gogavæ, 4to. Lovan. a Phil. Melanchthone, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Basil. Oporin. 1553. Edit. opt. De Hypotesibus Planetarum, et Canon Regnorum, a Jo. Bambridge, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Lond. 1620. With Procli Sphæra.

PTOL. (Claudii) De Judicandi facultate, ab Ismuel. Bullialdo, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Par. 1663.

## Curious Latin Editions of PTOLOMY'S Geography.

Claudii PTOLOMEI Cosmographia libri viii. a Jacobo Angelo, cum tabulis æneis, Bononiæ, per Dominicum de Lapis, fol. 1462. Sold at Dr. Askew's sale for 16l. 5s. 6d.

- mani, Ulmæ, per Leonard. Hol. fol. 1482. 21lon Mr. Edwards's catalogue.
- cum Tabulis Geographicis depictis, fol. Rom. arte ac impensis Petri de Turre, 1490.
- Joanne Costa, cum Tab. Geogr. depictis, fol. Rom. Evangel. Tosiands, 1508.
- ex Bilibaldi Pirckeymheri translatione, sed ad Græca et prisca exemplaria, a Mich. Villanovo (Serveto) recogniti adjectis Scholiis et Tabulis, fol. Lugd. 1535. 5l. 5s. A rare edition, and much esteemed on account of the notes of the celebrated and unfortunate Michael Servetus, who was burnt at the instigation of John Calvin, at Geneva, for his heretical opinions concerning the Trinity. Alas! alas!

Tantæne animis cælestibus iræ?

Claud. PTOL. Cosmog. ex ipsa Mich. Villanovani (Serveti) recognitione, fol. Lugd. 1541. This second edition of Servetus is also highly esteemed and very scarce. See Greek Collections and Mathematicians, and Servetus.

Claudius Ptolomy was born at Pelusium, and flourished under Adrian and Marcus Aurelius, about A. D. 170. Though his system of the world is far from being correct, yet his works abound with very valuable astronomical facts and observations.

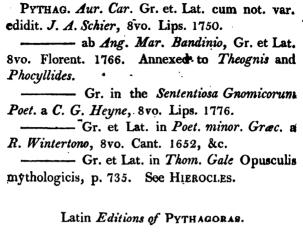
PUBLIUS SYRUS. See LABERIUS.

Pythagoræ Aurea Carmina, ab Aldo Manutio, Gr. et Lat. 4to. Venet. Ald. 1494. Edit. PRINC. Annexed to the Grammar of Lascaris, &c.

- Theocritus.
- a Vito Amerpachio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. Argent. Mylius, 1539. Basil. Oporin. 1554, & Lugd. 1556. With Phocyllides.
- Svo. Paris. Morel. 1555. A very valuable edition.

  a Mich. Neandro, Gr. et Lat. 4to.

  Bas. Oporin. 1559.
- a Dan. Heinsio, Gr. et Lat. 8vo. L. Bat. 1607. With Maximus Tyrius.
- a Jo. Elichmanno, Gr. Arab. et Lat. 4to. Lug. Bat. Maire, 1640. Annexed to the Tabulature of Cebes.
- Gr. et Lat. Barlæi Orationes, &c 8vo. Argent. 1720.



Hieroclis Philosophi in Aureos Versus PYTHA-GORÆ, interprete Aurispa, 4to. Patavii, Barth, Zocchus, 1474. Edit. princ.

ab eodem, 4to. Romæ, Arnold. Pannartz. in domo Petri de Maximis, 1475. Edit. 2da. Both very rare editions.

PYTHAGORÆ AUREA VERBA et SYMBOLA, fol. Venet. Ald. 1497. Annexed to Jamblicus, Proclus, Porphyry, Synesius, and others.

Symbola moraliter explicata, a Philippo Beroaldo, 4to. Bonon. 1500.

LUDUS. The work begins thus: Qui recreandi causa ludo in Pitagoreo se exercere voluerint—primum sibi querant questionem aliquam, &c. and ends, Finis operis 1482. Die 21, Augusti. (Patavii) Matth. Cerdon. de Windischgretz.

The golden verses attributed to Pythagoras are.

now generally allowed to be spurious. Chrysippus attributes them to the disciples of Pythagoras; others to Lysis the Tarentine: some to Philolaus.

St. Jerom says, they were the doctrines of Pythagoras, reduced to verse by Archippus and Lysides, his disciples: and others suppose they were compiled by Epicarmus. For other writings attributed to Pythagoras, see Stanley, "Lives of the Philosophers," p. 416, Lond. 1743.

Pythagoras was born at Samos, about 500. some say 592 years before the Christian æra. order to gain useful knowledge, he travelled over Phænicia, Egupt, Chaldea, and different parts of Asia Minor. He was institutor of the Italic sect of Philosophers. He set up a public school at Crotona, in the house of his friend Mylo, the famous wrestler, where he soon had between 4 and 500 disciples, though he obliged the most taciturne to observe a profound silence of two years; and those who where talkative, no less than five! Could all his wisdom and reputation procure him so many disciples, on these conditions, in any part of Europe, at this day? It is likely however, that this circumstance is misunderstood; and that all that is meant by it is: that he taught his disciples to restrain their tongues, to reflect deeply before they gave any opinion: and that he found it necessary to keep some two, others five years before he permitted them to dispute in the schools, or to teach publicly.

Of the real character of Pythagoras, it is diffi-

cult to judge. He certainly must have been a prodigy of learning in his time; and even in our day would rate high in the republic of letters. He was ardent in his pursuit of knowledge, and made use of all possible means to acquire it. By getting into the confidence of the priests in Egypt, he learned their sacred mysteries, theology, and the whole system of their symbolical learning. was no less successful when in India, having derived from the Brahmins a complete knowledge of the philosophy and literature of the east. appears to have been perfectly acquainted with the true Solar System, since called the Copernican, and now the Newtonian: and to have had a most profound knowledge of geometry. On his return from his travels he went to the Olympic games, and while pouring out torrents of political, physical, and divine science, his countrymen were so much astonished at the vast wisdom he had acquired, that they desired to know by what title they should address him? Your seven sages, said he, have taken the appellation of  $\Sigma \circ \Phi \circ \iota$  wise men, and they deserve it: but all that I dare lay claim to is ΦιλοσοΦος. (a lover of wisdom.) From this humble title thus applied, came our modern term Philosopher; a term which is now assumed by multitudes in the proudest acceptation, who are miserably destitute of the true Pythagorean spirit. It is not known exactly at what time, or by what means, this extraordinary man, allowed to be in his person, one of the most perfect forms in nature, died:-some

